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## Regulations

### TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

#### Chapter XI—War Food Administration

[FDO 40, Amdt. 3]

#### PART 1495—EGGS AND EGG PRODUCTS

##### RESTRICTIONS ON THE SALE AND STORAGE OF SHELL EGGS

Food Distribution Order No. 40 (8 F.R. 3563, 6397, 7211), issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on March 22, 1943, as amended, is further amended by deleting from § 1495.2 the provisions of (b) (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(4) No person owning shell eggs in storage which were placed in storage on or after March 25, 1943, shall retain such shell eggs in storage, or cause such shell eggs to be retained in storage, after June 15, 1943, unless such shell eggs are retained in storage, or caused to be retained in storage, pursuant to a contract executed prior to June 15, 1943, with a governmental agency for the furnishing of dried whole eggs to such governmental agency.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

CHESTER C. DAVIS,  
War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9399; Filed, June 10, 1943; 11:03 a. m.]

### TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

#### Chapter II—Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, Department of Commerce

[Part 601, Amdt. 31]

#### PART 601—DESIGNATION OF AIRWAY TRAFFIC CONTROL AREAS, CONTROL ZONES OF INTERSECTION, CONTROL AIRPORTS, AND RADIO FIXES

##### AMENDMENT OF RADIO FIX: GREEN CIVIL AIRWAY NO. 2

JUNE 5, 1943.

Acting pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 308 of the Civil

Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, and Special Regulation No. 197 of the Civil Aeronautics Board, I hereby amend Part 601 of the Regulations of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics as follows:

By striking the word "southwest" appearing in the following phrase in § 601.4002 *Green civil airway No. 2 (Seattle, Wash., to Boston, Mass.)*: "the intersection of the center lines of the on course signals of the southwest leg of the Westfield, Mass., radio range and the northeast leg of the Hartford, Conn., radio range;" and substituting in lieu thereof in that phrase the word "southeast".

This amendment shall become effective 0001 e. w. t., June 15, 1943.

C. I. STANTON,  
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9386; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:38 p. m.]

### TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

#### Chapter III—Bituminous Coal Division

[Docket No. A-2011]

#### PART 321—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, DISTRICT NO. 1

##### ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 1 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for rail and truck shipments and changes in shipping points for the coals of certain mines in District No. 1.

An original petition, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices and changes in the Freight Origin Group Numbers and the shipping points for the coals of certain mines in District No. 1; and

It appearing that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

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No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; and

The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

*It is ordered*, That pending final disposition of the above-entitled matter, temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, § 321.7 (*Alphabetical list of code members*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and § 321.24 (*General prices*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

*It is further ordered*, That pleadings in opposition to the original petition in the above-entitled matter and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this order, pursuant to the rules and regulations governing practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

*It is further ordered*, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this order, unless it shall otherwise be ordered.

Dated: May 29, 1943.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER,  
Director.

## TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT No. 1

NOTE: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 321, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 1 and supplements thereto.

## FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

§ 321.7 *Alphabetical list of code members—Supplement R*

[Alphabetical listing of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classifications by size group Nos.]

Mine index No.	Code member	Mine name	Sub-district No.	Seam	Shipping point	Railroad	Freight origin group No.	1	2	3	4	5
4026	Berlin, W. M.	W. M. Berlin (s).....	22	Pittsburgh.....	Iselin, Pa.....	B&O.....	112	(†)	(†)	E	(†)	(†)
3999	Brady, Watson & Son (Watson Brady).....	Brady.....	12	C'.....	Glen Campbell, Pa.....	PRR.....	50	(†)	(†)	G	(†)	(†)
3998	Gelnette, Glenn	Green Valley Coal Co.....	5	E.....	Knoxdale, Pa.....	P&S.....	119	(†)	(†)	G	(†)	(†)
3527	Grace, Wilday (Grace Coal Co.).....	Kelly-Slope.....	39	Kelly.....	Kearney, Pa.....	H&BTM.....	43	(†)	(†)	F	(†)	(†)
2433	Passmore, Joe A.	Passmore.....	7	E.....	Gramplan, Pa.....	PRR.....	45	(†)	(†)	F	(†)	(†)
3990	Randolph-Savan Coal Co. (J. E. Kuntz).....	Randolph #3 "B" (s).....	15	B.....	Savan, Pa.....	B&O.....	112	(†)	(†)	G	(†)	(†)
3991	Randolph-Savan Coal Co. (J. E. Kuntz).....	Randolph #3 "D" (s).....	15	D.....	Savan, Pa.....	B&O.....	112	(†)	(†)	F	(†)	(†)
3084	Swank's Sons, Inc., Hiram <sup>1</sup> .....	Swank #15 <sup>1</sup> .....	32	B.....	Jerome, Pa. <sup>1</sup> .....	B&O.....	100	(†)	(†)	E	(†)	(†)
4027	Wallwork Coal Co. (J. C. Wallwork).....	Sligo #11 (s).....	4	E.....	Sligo, Pa.....	PRR.....	90	(†)	(†)	G	(†)	(†)
4028	Wallwork Coal Co. (J. C. Wallwork).....	Sligo #21 (s).....	4	A.....	Sligo, Pa.....	PRR.....	90	(†)	(†)	G	(†)	(†)
4029	Weimer Run Coal Co. (Irvin Wolf).....	Statler.....	40	E.....	Rockwood, Pa.....	WM.....	102	(†)	(†)	H	(†)	(†)

<sup>1</sup> Indicates change in name.

<sup>2</sup> Indicates change in shipping point.

† Indicates no classifications for these size groups.

NOTE: The above classifications are applicable only via the respective freight origin groups, shipping points and railroads shown for these mines. Freight origin groups, shipping points and railroads heretofore shown are hereby deleted.



*It is ordered*, That pending final disposition of the above-entitled matter, temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith § 328.11 (*Alphabetical list of code members*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and § 328.34 (*General prices for high volatile coals in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

*It is further ordered*, That pleadings in opposition to the original petition in the above-entitled matter and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this order, pursuant to the rules and regulations governing practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

*It is further ordered*, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this order, unless it shall otherwise be ordered.

Dated: May 29, 1943.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Director.

[Docket No. A-2014]  
PART 328—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE,  
DISTRICT NO. 8

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 8 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 8.

An original petition, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines and the deletion of certain mine index numbers in District No. 8; and

It appearing that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; and

The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 8

NOTE: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 328, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 8 and supplements thereto.

FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

§ 328.11 Alphabetical list of code members—Supplement R

[Alphabetical list of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classifications by size groups for all uses except as separately shown]

Mine Index No.	Code member	Mine name	High volatile seam	Sub-district No.	Shipping point	Railroad	Freight or No.	Price classifications by size group Nos.															
								For destinations other than Great Lakes						For Great Lakes cargo only									
								1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
2295	Bond, Paul	Osborne	Jawbone	7	St. Paul, Va.	N&W & C&O	250	M	M	K	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
753	Dalton, A. J.	Low Ash Mines	Elkhorn No. 3	1	Pikeville, Ky.	C&O	61	M	M	K	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
4138	Hail, J. H.	Hail No. 1	Bon Air No. 2	6	Wilder, Tenn.	T.C.	210	P	O	M	L	K	H	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)
5983	King, J. D.	King Coal Co.	Glen Mary	6	Winfield, Tenn.	CNO&TP	70	P	O	M	L	K	H	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)
4040	No. 52 Coal Co.	No. 52 Coal Co.	No. 5 Block	1	Wayne, W. Va.	N&W	130	P	O	M	L	K	H	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)
4143	Pinson, Mose	Mose Pinson	Upper Elk-horn	1	Heller, Ky.	C&O	61	P	O	M	L	K	H	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)
4140	Raders Creek Coal Co. (Anthony Sizemore)	Raders Creek	Horse Creek	6	Weber, Ky.	L&N	111	M	M	K	J	F	C	E	C	D	K	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
4130	Welch & Witten Coal Co. (Charles Witten)	Welch & Witten	Millers Creek	1	Paintsville, Ky.	C&O	61	D	D	E	E	C	C	B	A	G	L	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)

1 Indicates deletion of mine index numbers, minimum prices and price classifications, heretofore established for the coals produced by these mines.

\* Indicates previously classified these size groups.

† Indicates no classification effective for these size groups.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

§ 321.24 General prices—Supplement T

[Prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas]

Code member index	Mine index No.	Mine	Sub-district No.	County	Seam	All lump coal, double screened, top size 2" and over	Double screened, top size 2" and under	Run of mine mod. and R/M	3" and under slack	2" and under slack	1" and under slack
Berlin, W. M.	4028	W. M. Berlin (s)	22	Indiana	Pittsburgh	(f)	(f)	245	(f)	(f)	(f)
Brady, W. M.	3998	Brady	12	Indiana	C'	(f)	(f)	235	(f)	(f)	(f)
Gennette, Glenn	3998	Green Valley Coal Co.	5	Jefferson	E	(f)	(f)	235	(f)	(f)	(f)
Randolph-Savan Coal Co.	3960	Randolph #3 "B"	15	Indiana	B	(f)	(f)	235	(f)	(f)	(f)
Randolph-Savan Coal Co.	3961	Randolph #3 "D"	15	Indiana	D	(f)	(f)	240	(f)	(f)	(f)
Swank's Sons, Inc. (J. E. Knute)	3984	Swank #15 1	32	Somerset	B	(f)	(f)	245	(f)	(f)	(f)
Wallwork Coal Co. (J. C. Wallwork)	4027	Sligo #1 (s)	4	Clarion	E	260	235	235	220	210	210
Wallwork Coal Co. (J. C. Wallwork)	4028	Sligo #21 (s)	4	Clarion	A'	260	235	235	220	210	210
Wetmore Run Coal Co. (Irvin Wolf)	4029	Starler	40	Somerset	E	(f)	(f)	230	(f)	(f)	(f)
Wells, J. L. & Sons (Wade C. Wells)	4004	J. L. Wells & Sons	22	Armstrong	E	(f)	(f)	235	(f)	(f)	(f)

1 Indicates change in name.

† Indicates no classifications or prices effective for these size groups.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9342; Filed, June 9, 1943; 11:01 a. m.]







of with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,  
Director.

JUNE 8, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9387; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
1:49 p. m.]

## Chapter IX—War Production Board

### Subchapter B—Executive Vice Chairman

**AUTHORITY:** Regulations in this subchapter issued under P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.

### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

[Revocation of Suspension Order S-228]

#### ORIENTAL TEA AND COFFEE CO.

Oriental Tea & Coffee Company of Boston, Massachusetts, has appealed from the provisions of Suspension Order S-228, issued January 30, 1943. After a review of the case it has been determined that Suspension Order S-228 should be modified so as to expire at an earlier date than now specified.

In view of the foregoing, *It is hereby ordered*, That § 1010.228 *Suspension Order S-228*, issued January 30, 1943 be revoked.

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9391; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
4:56 p. m.]

## PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Regulation 13, as Amended June 10, 1943]

### SPECIAL SALES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS

§ 944.34 *Priorities Regulation 13—(a) Purpose.* The purpose of this regulation is to provide uniform rules governing special sales of idle or excess industrial materials by persons who are not regularly engaged in the business of selling such materials, including distress and liquidation sales and sales by persons who, by reason of the effect of priority orders or for other reasons, cannot use such materials in the regular course of their business.

This regulation does not authorize receipt or use of any such materials by any person in violation of any inventory, quota or use restrictions imposed by any order or regulation.

This regulation applies only to special sales of industrial materials; other sales or transfers remain subject to the provisions of all applicable orders and regulations.

(b) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this regulation:

(1) "Sale" of an item includes any public or private sale, auction sale, sale upon foreclosure of any lien or mortgage, or delivery of such item in exchange for

money or for any other property and the sale of any warehouse receipt, bill of lading or other document evidencing an interest in such item but does not include the pledge or mortgage or other creation of any lien upon such item or the transfer of possession of such item without any transfer of title.

(2) "Special sale" means any sale of any item by any person who does not regularly in the course of his business sell such item in the same form, including a sale by any auctioneer, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, public official or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity (except when made in the course of carrying on the business of an insolvent or bankrupt person or other person whose business is in the hands of such fiduciary or representative), or any other sale made in the course of liquidating a business or the assets of a business.

(3) "Industrial material" means any commodity or unassembled part or product except the following, which are not included:

(i) Scrap;

(ii) Products which either are being rationed at the retail level by the Office of Price Administration or any other governmental agency, or are excluded from the effect of War Production Board orders and regulations because their distribution is being controlled by some other governmental agency, such as the Petroleum Administration for War in the case of certain petroleum products and the Department of Agriculture in the case of foods and fats and oils;

(iii) Medicines or other products for human or animal consumption;

(iv) Tools, machinery, assembled equipment or any other assembled product;

(v) Finished consumers' goods which are in the form in which they are used by ultimate consumers and which do not require, in order to be used, to be further processed or made part of a building, structure or assembly, or affixed to a building, structure or assembly.

(4) "Restricted industrial material" means any industrial material consisting in whole or substantial part of one or more materials listed on Schedule A attached.

(5) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(6) Any reference to any order, regulation or other action of the War Production Board includes any action heretofore taken by the Director General for Operations or the Director of Industry Operations of the War Production Board or the Director of Priorities of the Office of Production Management.

(c) *Permitted special sales.* Subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation, the following special sales are permitted:

(1) To enable the War Production Board to keep their inventory records current and make their listings of excess inventories more useful to industry a

special sale of any steel or iron which has been reported as idle or excess inventory to the War Production Board, care of Steel Recovery Corporation, Pittsburgh, Pa., may be made only if the seller receives specific written authorization to make the sale to a specified purchaser. An application for such authorization may be made by the seller, or by the prospective buyer in his behalf, to the regional office of the War Production Board for the region in which the item is located, or to the War Production Board, in care of Steel Recovery Corporation. The application shall specify the names of the buyer and seller, the lot number on the seller's recovery program report form, a description of the item involved, including weight, size, analysis, finish and form and any preference rating or CMP allotment number and symbol which will be applied to the purchase. Application may be made by letter, telegram or telephone.

(2) A special sale of any new or used restricted industrial material (other than such steel and iron as is subject to subparagraph (1)) may be made if the sale falls within one of the following categories and no such special sale of any restricted industrial material may be made unless it falls within one of the following categories:

(i) A sale to any of the following governmental agencies or to any person buying as agent for any such agency: Commodity Credit Corporation, Defense Supplies Corporation, Metals Reserve Company, Rubber Reserve Company and any other corporation (other than Defense Plant Corporation) organized under section 5 (d) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act as amended; or

(ii) A sale pursuant to a specific authorization of the War Production Board naming the seller and identifying the particular sale to be made; or

(iii) A sale of a single lot of restricted industrial materials of the same class and composition (other than materials listed in Schedule B attached) if the total value of the seller's holdings of those materials is less than \$100. This exception does not permit the dividing of a single lot having a value of over \$100 into smaller lots and selling such smaller lots for less than \$100 under this subparagraph.

(iv) A sale of any "controlled material" as defined in CMP Regulation 1, to fill an order endorsed with a CMP allotment number or symbol and bearing either the following certification or any standard optional certification prescribed in CMP Regulation 7:

The undersigned certifies that he is entitled under CMP regulations to place an authorized



controlled material order for the above material.

(v) A sale to any person falling within a class indicated on Schedule A attached as being a class to whom the particular restricted industrial material may be sold: *Provided*, That when any alloy, compound, mixture, or product is not listed as such on Schedule A and contains a significant amount of more than one material, the sale shall be made only to a person to whom all such contained materials may be sold. A sale of a plated item shall be governed by the basic material, disregarding the plating.

(3) In addition to the provisions of paragraph (c) (2) above, any person may make a special sale of any restricted industrial material (other than such steel or iron as is subject to subparagraph (1)) to another person engaged in the same type of business as the seller if an order or other action of the War Production Board applicable generally to persons engaged in such business expressly permits such a sale.

(4) A special sale of any new or used industrial material which is not a restricted industrial material may be made to any person without restriction.

NOTE: Paragraph (4) formerly paragraph (1).

(d) *Intra-company transfers.* Any person may transfer, otherwise than by sale, any industrial material to another department, branch, division or section of his business or to a wholly owned subsidiary or affiliate or to another person under common ownership or control, provided such transfer would have been a special sale permitted under this regulation had the transfer been made for money or other consideration.

(e) *Replacement of material sold.* No person making a special sale of industrial material may use, apply, or extend for the purpose of replacing the material sold, any preference rating, allocation, or allotment symbol or number used in connection with such sale. An order bearing an allotment number or symbol placed with the seller in connection with a special sale shall not constitute an allotment of controlled material to the seller.

(f) *Effect on other orders and regulations.* (1) Any sale which is not a special sale, and any transfer or disposition of anything other than industrial materials, shall remain subject to the provisions of all applicable orders and regulations.

(2) The provisions of this regulation shall control all special sales of industrial materials although inconsistent with any order or regulation of the War Production Board heretofore or hereafter issued unless such order or regulation expressly provides to the contrary and refers to this regulation. In the case of any special sale of industrial materials made

under the terms of this regulation, delivery of the material sold may be accepted by the buyer, despite any provision of any order or regulation which would otherwise forbid such acceptance except that:

(i) Nothing in this regulation shall affect any provision contained in any order or regulation of the War Production Board which imposes any quota or other limitation on the amount any buyer may purchase, receive or produce, or which imposes any limitations on the amount of inventory of any person or any restrictions upon the use of any material; and

(ii) This regulation shall not affect any provision of any applicable order or regulation of the War Production Board requiring a buyer to make any reports or to furnish any information in connection with a purchase; and

(iii) No seller shall make any special sale if he knows or has reason to believe that the purchase or acceptance of delivery by the buyer would violate any inventory or quota restrictions imposed on the buyer by any order or regulation or that the buyer is acquiring the material for a use which would be in violation of any order or regulation.

(g) *Records and reports.* (1) Any person making a special sale of any copper or copper base alloy which he has reported as idle or excess material to the War Production Board, care of Copper Recovery Corporation, New York, N. Y., shall promptly send to Copper Recovery Corporation a copy of the invoice of sale or other notice of the sale.

(2) Any person making any special sale of industrial materials must maintain at his regular place of business all documents, including purchase orders and preference rating orders and certificates, upon which he relies as entitling him to make such sale. Such records shall be kept segregated and available for inspection by representatives of the War Production Board, or filed in such manner that they can be readily segregated and made available for such inspection.

(h) *Listing of inventories.* Any person eligible to make a special sale, may list his idle, excess or frozen inventories of industrial materials with his regional office of the War Production Board, which office will assist him to dispose of them.

(i) *Communications.* All communications concerning this regulation shall be addressed to the War Production Board, Redistribution Division, Washington, D. C., Ref.: P. R. 13 or to a district or regional office of the War Production Board, attention Redistribution Manager.

NOTE: Paragraphs (e), (f), (g) and (h) redesignated (f), (g), (h) and (i), June 10, 1943.

(j) The reporting requirements in this regulation have been approved by the

Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 10th day of June, 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

#### SCHEDULE A

NOTE: Schedule A amended June 10, 1943.

*Explanatory note:* This schedule relates only to special sales made under paragraph (c) (2) (v) of this regulation. Any purchaser of material through a special sale must comply with all inventory, quota, use restrictions, reports and use certificates imposed or required by other orders and regulations.

When an alloyed material, or a physically or chemically compounded material, is shown in this table, the conditions that govern the special sale of the alloyed or compounded material are those shown for the alloy or compound and not those shown for the constituent elements or parts. For example, the conditions under which solder may be sold are those shown for the restricted industrial material "Solder" and not those shown for "Tin" or "Lead" or "Antimony". When any alloy, compound, mixture, or product is not listed as such on Schedule A and contains a significant amount of more than one restricted industrial material, the sale shall be made only to a person to whom all such contained restricted industrial materials may be sold. Plated items are governed by the basic material, disregarding the plating.

The word "No" appearing in any column in this schedule means that a holder may not sell the particular restricted industrial material to any person in the class to which that column applies unless the sale is otherwise permitted by this regulation. Specific authorization to make a sale not permitted by the provisions of this schedule, nor otherwise permitted under the regulation may be requested on Form PD-470 or by letter giving full details.

The letters "PR" mean Preference Rating, and wherever they appear in any column, mean that the holder may sell the particular restricted industrial material to any person in the class to which that column applies, but only provided that such person places with the holder an order for the material bearing a duly applied or extended preference rating equal to or higher than the rating shown immediately after the letters "PR". For example, "PR AA-5", which appears opposite the restricted industrial materials, "All other carbon and alloy steels" in the column headed "Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders" means that the holder may sell to any user who places an order for an unassembled product containing carbon or alloy steel (other than products specifically listed, such as rails) if that order bears a duly applied or extended preference rating of AA-5 or higher.

The letters "W. O. P." mean "Without Preference Rating, Allocation, or other Authorization" and wherever they appear in any column mean that the holder may sell the particular restricted industrial material to any person in the class to which that column applies without any preference rating, allocation, or other authorization.

The letter "X" means "Not applicable". Wherever an asterisk (\*) appears, refer to the note in the "Remarks" column.



Restricted industrial material	Classes of buyers to whom special sales of restricted industrial materials may be made in accordance with this schedule, subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation				Remarks
	Persons who produce material in the form in which it was purchased by holder	Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders	Reprocessors who are permitted to buy	Wholesale dealers who sell the material in the form held by holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART I—METALS AND METALLIC ORES</b>					
Alloy steel (see Steels).	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Alumina.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Aluminum:					
Aluminum*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.**.....	*Listed on Schedule B and is therefore excluded from paragraph (c) (2) (iii). **Only to approved reprocessors and wholesale dealers. Lists available at WPB offices.
Paint (see Part III).					
Powder as pigment*.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	*In form usable for paste or paint.
Antimony:					
Antimony*.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.....	*Includes ores and concentrates, metal, liquated antimony and any alloy containing 50% or more of antimony by weight. **A buyer may purchase not more than 2,240 lbs. of contained antimony in any one month.
Chemicals (see Chemicals).					
Antimonial lead (see Lead).					
Babbitt (see Tin).					
Bauxite.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Beryllium*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	No.....	W. O. P.....	*Includes ores, concentrates, and metal beryllium.
Bismuth.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	No.....	W. O. P.....	
Brass (see Copper).					
Brass mill and wire mill products (see Copper).					
Bronze (see Copper).					
Cadmium:					
Cadmium*.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	*Includes metallic cadmium in all forms, residues, dross, and other cadmium bearing material.
Chemicals (see Chemicals)					
Calcium:					
Calcium metal*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	*Includes any product containing 85% or more of calcium.
Chemicals (see Chemicals)					
Calcium-silicon*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	*Electric furnace product containing from 28 to 35% calcium and from 60 to 65% silicon.
Carbon steel (see Steels).					
Cast iron products (see Iron).					
Chromium*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	*Includes ores, concentrates, metal, chromium containing materials commercially suitable for alloying and chromium refractory products and materials.
Cobalt*.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	No.....	W. O. P.....	*Includes ores, concentrates, crudes, residues, and all material from which cobalt is commercially recoverable.
Copper:					
In the case of all sales made under this regulation of copper or copper base alloy items which have previously been reported to War Production Board, care of Copper Recovery Corporation, 200 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y., the seller must send a copy of the invoice or other notice of sale to that address.					
Copper ingots and refinery shapes.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	
Copper base alloy ingots (40% or more copper by weight).....	W. O. P.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	
Brass mill products.....	W. O. P.....	PR AA-5.....	No.....	No.....	
Wire mill products, bare or insulated.....	W. O. P.....	PR AA-5.....	No.....	No.....	
Copper and copper base alloy foundry products.....	No.....	PR AA-5.....	X.....	PR AA-5.....	
Copper Chemicals (see Chemicals)					
Cryolite.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Electrical resistance material*.....	No.....	No.....	W. O. P.**.....	No.....	*Material in form of ribbon or wire in which nickel or chromium or both are used to create electrical resistance for development of heat. This material listed on Schedule B and is therefore excluded from paragraph (c) (2) (iii). **Only used material. *May be sold as provided for principal non ferrous element. *Includes any alloy containing 48% or more of columbium. **Only in quantities of 500 lbs. or less may be sold to any one buyer in any month.
Ferroalloys* (other than ferrocolumbium).					
Ferrocolumbium*.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.**.....	X.....	X.....	
Inconel (see Nickel).					
Iridium.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Iron:					
These provisions apply only to iron which has not been reported to War Production Board, care Steel Recovery Corporation, 5835 Baum Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Pa. Iron so reported may only be sold pursuant to paragraph (c) (1) of this regulation.					
Alloy iron castings*.....	W. O. P.....	PR A-1-k.....	W. O. P.....	X.....	*Does not include materials commonly known as "ferro-alloys".
Malleable iron castings.....	W. O. P.....	PR A-9.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Pig iron.....	W. O. P.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Wrought iron.....	W. O. P.....	PR A-9.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Cast iron products.....	W. O. P.....	PR A-9.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Lead:					
Lead.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Antimonial lead.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	



Restricted industrial material	Classes of buyers to whom special sales of restricted industrial materials may be made in accordance with this schedule, subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation				Remarks
	Persons who produce material in the form in which it was purchased by holder	Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders	Reprocessors who are permitted to buy	Wholesale dealers who sell the material in the form held by holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART I—METALS AND METALLIC ORES—Continued</b>					
Lithium:					
Lithium ore.....	W. O. P.	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Lithium chemicals (see Chemicals).....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	No.....	*Only to approved reprocessors. Lists available at WPB offices.
Magnesium.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	No.....	
Mercury:					
Mercury.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Mercury chemicals (see Chemicals).....	W. O. P.	No.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Includes ores, concentrates, metal, ferro-molybdenum and material from which molybdenum is commercially recoverable.
Molybdenum*.....	W. O. P.	No.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Monel (see Nickel).					
Nickel:					
Nickel pig, ingot, cathode, pellet, shot and anode.....	W. O. P.	No.....	No.....	W. O. P.	
Other nickel* (including monel and inconel).....	W. O. P.	PR AA-5.	No.....	W. O. P.	*Includes any other alloyed or unalloyed metallic nickel, ferro nickel, matte and materials from which nickel is commercially recoverable.
Chem. cal's (see Chemicals).					
Nickel steel (see Steels).					
Osmium*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Can be used only in electrical contacts.
Pig iron (see Iron).					
Platinum:					
Platinum.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Cannot be used for jewelry.
Chemicals (see Chemicals).					
Rhodium:					
Rhodium.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Cannot be used for jewelry.
Chemicals (see Chemicals).					
Silver:					
Foreign silver.....	W. O. P.	PR A-1-a.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Domestic silver.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Solder.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Stainless steel (see Steels).					
Steels:					
These provisions apply only to steel which has not been reported to War Production Board, care of Steel Recovery Corporation, 5835 Baum Boulevard, Pittsburgh, Pa. Steel so reported may only be sold pursuant to paragraph (c) (1) of this regulation.					
Rails and track accessories*.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	*See L-88.
Tin plate,terne plate and tin mill black plate*.....	W. O. P.	PR A-10.	X.....	PR A-10.	*Subject to limitations of M-21-e.
All other carbon and alloy steels.....	W. O. P.*	PR AA-5.	PR AA-5.	PR AA-5.	*Also includes non-integrated steel producers who further process steel.
Tantalum*.....	No.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	*Includes ores, ferro-tantalum, concentrates and materials containing commercially recoverable tantalum.
Terne plate (see Steels).					
Tin:					
Tin.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Babbitt.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Tin solder (see Solder).					
Tin bearing alloys.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Foil.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Tin mill black plate (see Steels).					
Tin plate (see Steels).					
Tool steel (see Steels).					
Tungsten*.....	W. O. P.	No.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Includes ores, concentrates, powder, metal in all forms, ferro-tungsten, and other materials containing commercially recoverable tungsten.
Uranium*.....	W. O. P.	No.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Includes metal, crude ores, residues, matte and any alloy or mixture containing 1/10 of 1% or more uranium by weight.
Vanadium*.....	W. O. P.	No.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Includes ores, concentrates, metal, ferro-vanadium, and material containing commercially recoverable vanadium.
Welding rods and electrodes.....	W. O. P.	PR AA-5.	X.....	W. O. P.	
Wrought iron (see Iron).					
Zinc:					
Zinc.....	W. O. P.	PR AA-5.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Chemicals (see Chemicals).					
Dust.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Only for use on Military orders.
<b>PART II—CHEMICALS</b>					
Acetate, vinyl (and polymers of).....	W. O. P.	No.....	X.....	No.....	
Acetic anhydride*.....	W. O. P.	No.....	X.....	W. O. P.	*Also called ethanoic anhydride. acetyl oxide and acetic oxide.
Acids:					
Acetic.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.....	W. O. P.	
Adipic*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.....	W. O. P.	*Includes all derivatives except "Nylon."
Arsenious*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.....	W. O. P.	*Also called arsenic trioxide and white arsenic.
Naphthenic.....	W. O. P.	No.....	X.....	W. O. P.	
Sulfamic*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Including fire retardant derivatives.
Sulfuric.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Tannic U. S. P.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	X.....	W. O. P.	*Use certification required.
Acrylic monomer*.....	No.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	*Unpolymerized esters of acrylic and methacrylic acids.
Acrylic resins*.....	No.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	*Polymerized form of esters of acrylic and methacrylic acids in forms specified in M-260.
Acrylonitrile*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.....	W. O. P.	*Also called vinyl cyanide.
Agar.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.....	W. O. P.	



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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART II—CHEMICALS—Continued</b>					
Alcohols:					
Butyl*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Includes Isobutyl, secondary butyl, and tertiary butyl.
Capryl*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Also called methyl hexyl carbinol or 2-Octanol.
Ethyl.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Hexahydric*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-270.
Isopropyl*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Also called secondary propanol.
Methyl (methanol)	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Alkanolamines	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Aluminum hydrate	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Aluminum chloride, anhydrous	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Ammonia:					
By-product ammonia*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Includes salts and solutions.
Sulphate of ammonia*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Containing 20.5% nitrogen or less.
Synthetic ammonia*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Includes salts and solutions.
Ammonium sulfamate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Aniline, aniline oil, and aniline salts.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Antimony sulphide	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.	*A buyer may purchase in any one month not more than 2240 lbs. of contained antimony.
Antimony oxide.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.	*A buyer may purchase in any one month not more than 2240 lbs. of contained antimony.
Antimony chemicals, other	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Aromatic petroleum solvents* (excluding toluol and benzol).	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Includes solvents or naphthas of petroleum origin containing more than 30% of aromatic hydrocarbons and all grades of Xylol.
Barbasco root.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Benzene.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Benzene containing-oils.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Beryllium chemicals.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Butadiene.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
2-Butanol.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Butyl alcohol.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Cadmium chemicals.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Calcium carbide	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Calcium hypochlorite, high test*	W. O. P.	No.	X.	No.	*Available chlorine content 66% or more by weight.
Carbolates, containing 10% or more of phenols (see Phenols).					
Carbon black, furnace type.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Carbon tetrachloride.	W. O. P.	PR A-10.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Casein.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	No.	
Castor oil phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Cellulose acetate*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	X.	*In primary unfabricated forms.
Cellulose acetate butyrate*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	X.	*In primary unfabricated forms.
Cellulose ester flake*	W. O. P.	No.	No.	No.	*Including cellulose acetate flake, cellulose acetate butyrate flake, cellulose acetate propionate flake.
Cellulose nitrate, plasticized*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	X.	*In primary unfabricated forms, except that used in explosives and protective coatings.
Charcoal.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Chlorate and perchlorate chemicals*	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*Includes potassium, sodium and barium chlorates; potassium and ammonium perchlorates; perchloric acid; and any other chlorate or perchlorate chemical.
Chlorethylene.	W. O. P.	PR A-10.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Chloride of lime*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	*Calcium hypochlorite with available chlorine content of from 30 to 65% by weight.
Chlorine.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Chlorinated hydrocarbon refrigerants*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	*Methane and ethane refrigerants as specified in M-28.
Chlorinated hydrocarbon solvents.	W. O. P.	PR A-10.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Chlorinated rubber (see Rubber, Part III).					
Cobalt oxide.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Copper carbonate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Copper chloride.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Copper cyanide.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Copper nitrate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Copper oxide.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Copper sulphate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Cotton pulp, chemical.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Cresols: ortho, meta, and para.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Cube root.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Cyanamid.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Derris root.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Diamyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Di-butoxy ethyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Dibutyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Diapryl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Dichlorethyl ether.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	No.	
Dicyandiamide.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Di-cyclohexyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Diethanolamine.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	
Diethyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Di-2-ethyl hexyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Di-ethoxy ethyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Di-methyleyclohexyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Dimethyl phthalate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X.	W. O. P.	
Diphenylamine*.	W. O. P.	No.	X.	W. O. P.	*Also called phenylaniline.
Dyestuffs, organic.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Ethyl acetate.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Ethyl cellulose.	No.	No.	X.	No.	



Restricted industrial material	Classes of buyers to whom special sales of restricted industrial materials may be made in accordance with this schedule, subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation				Remarks
	Persons who produce material in the form in which it was purchased by holder	Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders	Reprocessors who are permitted to buy	Wholesale dealers who sell the material in the form held by holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART II—CHEMICALS—Continued</b>					
Ethyl chloride.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Ethylene dichloride.....	W. O. P.	PR A-10	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Ethyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Formaldehyde.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Furfural.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Glycols*.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	*Includes ethylene, diethylene, triethylene, and propylene.
Guanidine.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Hexamethylenetetramine.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Hydrogenated castor oil phthalate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Isobutyl castor oil phthalate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Isopropyl acetate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Lithopone.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Lithium chemicals*.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*Excluding crude lithium sodium phosphate.
Manitol.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Melamine.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Mercury chemicals.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Methacrylic acid (see acrylic monomer and acrylic resins).....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Methanol.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Methyl ethyl ketone.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Methyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Mineral oil polymers.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Monothanolamine.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Naphthalene.....	W. O. P.	No.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Naphthanes*.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	*Excluding crude or refined sodium naphthanate intended for manufacture of other naphthenates.
Naphthene acid.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Nickel chemicals*.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*Salts, oxides, and carbonates.
Nitrocellulose, soluble.....	No.	No.	X	No.	
Oleum.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Paraffin, chlorinated*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Chlorine derivatives of paraffin wax containing 20% or more of chlorine.
Paraformaldehyde.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Pentaerythritol.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Perchlorate chemicals.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Perchloroethylene.....	W. O. P.	PR A-10	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Perchloric acid.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Petroleum sulfonates*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-188. Includes products known variously to the trade as mahogany soap, mahogany sulfonate, sodium sulfonate, soap base, oil or water soluble sulfonates and their metallic salts whether in crude or refined form.
Phenols (tar acids)*.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*Includes: phenol, cresols and Xylenols and mixtures thereof.
Phosphorus (yellow and white).....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Phthalic anhydride.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Plasticizers:					
Phosphate*.....	No.	No.	X	No.	*Tricresyl and triphenyl.
Phthalate*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-203.
Plastics, cellulose*.....	W. O. P.	No.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*In primary unfabricated forms.
Plastics, other:					
Polymerized:					
Laminated or cast phenolic condensation products in sheet, tube or rod form.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Unpolymerized:					
Heat reactive synthetic resins and compounds in primary forms.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Platinum chemicals.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Polyvinyl acetate.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Polyvinyl butyral resin.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Polyvinyl formal.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Potash*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Includes muriate of potash, sulphate of potash, sulphate of potash-magnesia, and run-of-the-mine potash of the specifications given in M-291.
Potassium tantalum fluoride.....	No.	No.	X	No.	
Pyrethrum.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Pyridine.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Resin:					
Natural*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-56 (does not include shellac or pine resin or products made therefrom).
Para-phenyl-phenol.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Phenolic.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Phthalic alkyd.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Synthetic, other.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Rhodium chemicals.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Rotenone.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Rubber, synthetic (see Rubber, Part III).....					
Shellac.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Sodium nitrate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Sorbitol (d): (see Hexahydric alcohol).....					
Styrene*.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*In primary unfabricated forms.
Synthetic resins: (see Resins).....					
Synthetic rubber (see Rubber, Part III).....					
Tantalum chemicals*.....	No.	No.	X	No.	*Potassium tantalum fluoride, tantalum oxide, tantalum carbide.
Timbo root.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Toluene (toluol)*.....	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-34.
Tributyl glycerol triphthalate.....	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Triethanolamine.....	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	



Restricted industrial material	Classes of buyers to whom special sales of restricted industrial materials may be made in accordance with this schedule, subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation				Remarks
	Persons who produce material in the form in which it was purchased by holder	Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders	Reprocessors who are permitted to buy	Wholesale dealers who sell the material in the form held by holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART II—CHEMICALS—Continued</b>					
Tuba root	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Uranium chemicals	W. O. P.	No.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Vanadium chemicals*	W. O. P.	No.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-23-a.
Vat dyes (see Dyestuffs).					
Vinyl Polymers*	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	*Plasticised or unplasticised polymers and copolymers of vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride and polyvinyl alcohol and includes their condensation products.
Xylenols	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Xylol	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Zinc oxide	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Zinc sulphide pigments	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
<b>PART III—MISCELLANEOUS</b>					
Agave fibre:					
Suitable for cordage	No.	No.	X	No.	
Not suitable for cordage	No.	W. O. P.	X	No.	
Asbestos fibre	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Asbestos textiles	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Balsa	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Bristles, pigs*, and horse* (two inches and over)	W. O. P.	PR A-10	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*New or reclaimed.
Burlap*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-47, other Burlap same as jute products.
Cantala (see Agave fibre).					
Cattlehides, calf and kip skins (raw)	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Cattle tail hair*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*New or reclaimed.
Coke, petroleum	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Cork:					
Raw	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	
Manufactured and by-product	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	No.	No.	
Corundum*	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	*Emery, ruby, and sapphire not included.
Cotton duck (see Duck).					
Cotton, American extra staple, reserved*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-117.
Cotton, Egyptian, reserved*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-117. Use certification required.
Cotton linters*	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	*Produced after August 1, 1942.
Deerskins*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Suitable for military use.
Diamonds, industrial*	W. O. P.	PR A-1-j	PR A-1-j	PR A-1-j	*Report sales as required by M-109.
Diamond dies	W. O. P.	No.	No.	No.	
Duck, Cotton*	W. O. P.	PR A-1-k**	X	W. O. P.	*Width 15" to 87". **No rating required for those stocks released by Army or Navy.
Flax fibre and flax fibre products*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-284.
Goose and duck feathers*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Only new feathers.
Graphite, strategic grades*	No.	No.	No.	No.	*As defined in M-61.
Hemp seeds*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-82.
Hemp, Sunn*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-187.
Hennequen (see Agave fibre).					
Horsehide*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Suitable for military use.
Hull fibre*	W. O. P.	No.	X	W. O. P.	*Produced after August 1, 1942.
Istle, raw*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Unprocessed istle.
Jewel bearings	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Jewel bearing material (sapphire only)	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Jute:					
Raw jute	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Jute products*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-70.
Kapok* (new)	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Except that grown in South or Central America.
Kyanite, Indian crude and calcined*	No.	No.	No.	No.	*Includes andalusite and sillimanite.
Leather, sole*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	*Suitable for military use.
Logs (see Woods).					
Loofa sponges*	W. O. P.	PR A-1-a	X	W. O. P.	*Suitable for military use.
Maguey (see Agave fibre).					
Mahogany (see Woods).					
Manila fibre and cordage:					
Cordage*	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	No.	W. O. P.	*As defined in M-36.
Fibre*	No.	No.	No.	No.	*As defined in M-36. May be sold W. O. P. to the U. S. Navy.
Mica					
Strategic	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Splittings	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Nutgalls	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	*Use certification required.
OD wool clips, rags, and waste (see Wool).					
Paint, aluminum	W. O. P.	No.	No.	W. O. P.	
Phosphate rock	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	X	W. O. P.	
Plywood (see Woods).					
Quartz crystals	X	No.	No.	No.	
Rattan (see Woods).					
Rayon yarn, high tenacity*	W. O. P.	No.	No.	No.	*As defined in paragraph (d) of M-37-d.
Rayon yarn, reserved	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Rubber:					
Latex and crude	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Balata	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Compounded latex	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Chlorinated	W. O. P.	No.	No.	X	
Synthetic	W. O. P.	No.	No.	X	
Reclaimed	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.*	W. O. P.*	No.	*With approval of Rubber Reserve Company.
Rubber products:					
Cement	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	
Elastic thread	No.	No.	X	No.	
Elastic fabrics	No.	No.	X	No.	
Yarn	No.	No.	X	No.	
Other products	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	W. O. P.	



Restricted industrial material	Classes of buyers to whom special sales of restricted industrial materials may be made in accordance with this schedule, subject to paragraph (f) (2) of this regulation				Remarks
	Persons who produce material in the form in which it was purchased by holder	Users permitted to buy and use under existing WPB Orders	Reprocessors who are permitted to buy	Wholesale dealers who sell the material in the form held by holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART III—MISCELLANEOUS—Continued</b>					
Silk:					
Raw.....	X.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	*As defined in M-26. **Use certification required.
Waste, noils, etc.*.....	No.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.....	
Used Hosiery.....	No.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.**.....	W. O. P.....	*As defined in M-26. **Use certification required.
Sisal (see Agave fibre).					
Exotic leather (see Leather).					
Wood pulp.....	No.....	No.....	X.....	No.....	
Woods:					
Balsa.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Logs:					
Douglas Fir.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	
Noble Fir.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Sitka Spruce.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
Western Hemlock, aircraft.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	No.....	
White Oak.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	
Mahogany:					
Firsts, Seconds, Selects.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Wormy grades (pattern stock).....	W. O. P.....	PR AA-1.....	PR AA-1.....	W. O. P.....	
No. 1, common and poorer.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Plywood:					
Softwood.....	W. O. P.....	PR AA-5.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	
Hardwood.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	X.....	W. O. P.....	
Rattan, round.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Rattan, slab.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
Wool:					
Wool.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
OD Clips.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	
OD Rags and waste.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	W. O. P.....	

## SCHEDULE B

This schedule lists those war materials which are excluded from paragraph (c) (2) (iii). Sales may be made only in accordance with paragraphs (c) (2) (i), (ii), (iv), (v), and (c) (3).

(1) Electrical resistance material (material in form of ribbon or wire in which nickel or chromium or both are used to create electrical resistance for development of heat).

(2) Aluminum.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9393; Filed, June 10, 1943; 10:56 a. m.]

## PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Regulation 19, as Amended June 8, 1943<sup>1</sup>]

## FARM SUPPLIES

§ 944.40 *Priorities Regulation No. 19*—(a) *What this regulation does.* This regulation tells how a farmer gets a priority to buy farm supplies from a dealer and how a dealer gets a priority to maintain his stock of farm supplies. The kinds of farm supplies which are covered by this regulation are only those listed in paragraph (j) of this regulation.

(b) *How a farmer gets farm supplies from his dealer.* Whenever a farmer orders farm supplies on the list from a dealer who has them in stock, the dealer must fill the order if the farmer gives him a signed certificate as follows:

<sup>1</sup>This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 to Priorities Regulation 19, which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of June 9, 1943, page 7644, and reflects the order in its completed form as of June 8, 1943.

I certify to the War Production Board that I am a farmer and that the supplies covered by this order are needed now and will be used for the operation of a farm.

The dealer may sell the supplies to the farmer without a certificate, but the dealer must get a certificate at the time he sells if he wants to use it to get a priority for replacing the supplies in his inventory, as explained in paragraph (d) below.

(c) *Farmers' certificates must be approved by rationing committees in the case of large purchases.* If a farmer wants to use a certificate to buy more than \$25 worth at one time of any item on the list, he must first get his certificate approved in writing by the County Farm Rationing Committee.

(d) *How the dealer gets his stock of farm supplies.* (1) A dealer can use the farmers' certificates which he has received to get priority on his own orders for listed farm supplies. For each dollar's worth of supplies sold against certificates at retail prices, the dealer can get a priority on 75 cents' worth of replacement supplies ordered by him at wholesale prices. He does not have to use the certificates to get the same kind of supplies as those he has sold, but can use them to get any kind of farm supplies on the list, except the special items mentioned in paragraph (e) below.

(2) To get the priority, the dealer signs the following statement on the purchase order which he places with his supplier:

I certify, subject to criminal penalties for misrepresentation, that the dollar amount of this order is not more than 75% of the sales price of farm supplies which I have sold under Priorities Regulation No. 19 against farmers' certificates now in my pos-

session, and that I have not used the same certificates as the basis for getting a priority on any other order.

(3) Each dealer must keep for at least two years all farmers' certificates which he receives, and whenever he uses a certificate as a basis for a priority he must mark the certificate to show which of his own orders he has used it for.

(4) Up to July 1, 1943, a dealer who expects to receive farmers' certificates but has not yet received enough of them to place an order with his supplier, may get priority on farm supplies on the list in an amount which will bring his inventory up to a normal one month's supply by signing the following written statement on his purchase order to his supplier:

I certify, subject to criminal penalties for misrepresentation, that I expect to sell the goods covered by this order as farm supplies under Priorities Regulation No. 19. The receipt of these goods, together with others on hand or on order, will not give me more than a one month's supply.

(5) Orders placed by dealers bearing either of the above certifications are rated AA-5, and the suppliers with whom they are placed must fill them accordingly.

(e) *Dealers use different methods in getting certain items.* (1) A dealer cannot use farmers' certificates as a basis for getting the following steel mill or wire mill products: bale ties, cable, corrugated roofing, fencing, nails, netting, pipe, poultry flooring, staples and wire; and he cannot use certificates received for these items as a basis for getting any other farm supplies on the list. He will get his supply of these items under other War Production Board regulations or or-



ders, which his supplier should explain to him. Since a certificate for one of these items cannot be used by the dealer to replace his stock, he should not ask the farmer to sign a certificate for them unless he is not willing to sell because he thinks the farmer's order calls for too large a part of his stock. In that case, he can refuse to sell unless the farmer gives him a certificate and, if the sale covers more than \$25 worth of one of these items, the farmer must get the certificate approved as explained in paragraph (c) above.

(2) The War Production Board may issue orders or regulations making priorities inapplicable to certain items. If any items on the list become subject to these special rules, the dealer's supplier cannot recognize the dealer's certificate as giving him a priority on them. Farmers' certificates can still be used to buy such items from the dealer and the dealer can use the certificates as a basis for a priority for buying other items on the list under paragraph (d) above.

(f) *Penalty for violations.* Any farmer or dealer who makes a false statement in a certificate to get a priority on farm supplies is guilty of a crime and may be punished by a fine or imprisonment.

(g) *What is meant by "farmer".* As used in this regulation, "farmer" means a person who engages in farming as a business, by raising crops, livestock, bees or poultry. It also includes a custom operator who uses farm supplies in performing services for farmers. It does not include a person who just has a "victory garden" or raises food or other agricultural products entirely for his own use.

(h) *What is meant by "dealer".* "Dealer" means any person engaged in the business of selling farm supplies directly to farmers, including a mail order house.

(i) *Effective date.* This regulation becomes effective June 7, 1943. It does not apply to purchases and sales made before that date.

(j) *What farm supplies are covered.* This regulation covers only the following farm supplies and does not include second hand items:

NOTE: "Copper wire" and "Pipe of the following kinds" amended; "Drawn wire" and "Poultry flooring" added, June 8, 1943.

Auger bits.  
Axes.  
Bale ties.  
Barbed wire.  
Baskets.  
Batteries for the following purposes:  
Flashlights.  
Radios.  
Fences.  
Telephones.  
Ignition.  
Belt fasteners, metal.  
Bit braces.  
Blacksmith's pincers.  
Blacksmith's hoof knives.  
Blow torches.  
Blowers and forges.  
Bolts and nuts.  
Boxes.  
Brooder thermometers.  
Brushes for motor repair.

Bull rings.  
Burlap bags.  
BX or non-metallic sheath cable up to 75 ft. in length.  
Calf weaners.  
Cans, five gallon kerosene and gasoline.  
Chains of the following kinds:  
Halter and cow tie chains.  
Tie out chains.  
Harness chains.  
Log chains.  
Tractor tire chains.  
Welded coil under ½".  
Repair links.  
Clevises and swivels.  
Cold chisels, standard.  
Copper wire, insulated, up to 75 ft. in length, but not for household use.  
Crates.  
Curry combs.  
Drawn wire  
Drills of the following kinds:  
Breast drills.  
Hand drills.  
Post drills.  
Carbon steel blacksmith drills.  
Carbon steel bit stock drills.  
Carbon steel straight shank drills.  
Eave troughs and conductors.  
Egg cases.  
Feed troughs.  
Fencing.  
Files.  
Food choppers.  
Forks, agricultural.  
Grain scoops.  
Grease fittings and oil cups.  
Grease guns, hand operated, including hose and adapter.  
Grind stones, mounted.  
Grinders for sharpening tools.  
Hacksaw blades.  
Hacksaw frames.  
Hammers.  
Hampers.  
Hand cultivators.  
Hand sprayers.  
Handles for small tools.  
Handles for steel goods.  
Harness, leather.  
Harness, hardware.  
Hoes.  
Hog rings.  
Hoof rasps.  
Hoof snippers.  
Horsecollars.  
Horseshoe nails and calks.  
Horseshoes.  
Horseshoe tongs.  
Husking pins and hooks.  
Jacks for farm tractors.  
Knives of the following kinds:  
Butcher knives.  
Corn knives.  
Grafting knives.  
Hay knives.  
Hoof knives.  
Stockmen's knives.  
Lanterns.  
Mattocks.  
Mauls.  
Meat choppers.  
Milk pails.  
Milk strainers.  
Motors, fractional under 1 HP.  
Motor starters under 1 HP.  
Mule shoes.  
Nails.  
Oilers.  
Padlocks.  
Pails, galvanized.  
Picks.  
Pipe of the following kinds:  
Standard black or galvanized merchant pipe, 3½" O. D. and under  
Well casing  
Pipe fittings.

Pliers of the following kinds:  
Fence pliers.  
Slip joint pliers.  
Plow bolts.  
Plow shares.  
Post hole diggers.  
Potato forks.  
Potato hooks.  
Poultry flooring.  
Poultry hardware.  
Poultry netting.  
Pump cylinders.  
Pump rods and couplings.  
Punches of the following kinds:  
Machine punches.  
Pin punches.  
Rakes, hand.  
Ridge roll.  
Rivets and burrs.  
Roofing, corrugated.  
Rope (1" and under).  
Safety switches.  
Saws and saw blades.  
Screw drivers.  
Shovels.  
Staples.  
Stock watering tanks.  
Tackle blocks, wood.  
Tin snips.  
Tire gauges, low pressure.  
Tire pumps, hand operated.  
Tubs, galvanized.  
Valley tin.  
Valves.  
Vises.  
Wagon hardware.  
Wagon wood stock.  
Wedges.  
Welding rods and electrodes.  
Well points.  
Wheelbarrows.  
Wire screen.  
Wiring fittings.  
Wrenches.

Issued this 8th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9394; Filed, June 10, 1943;  
10:56 a. m.]

#### PART 1042—IMPORTS OF STRATEGIC MATERIALS

[Amdt. 1 to General Imports Order M-63 as Amended May 14, 1943]

Section 1042.1 *General Imports Order M-63* (8 F.R. 6333) is hereby amended by making the following additions to List II (governing date June 10, 1943):

Material	Commerce import class number
Jute and manufactures:	
Waste bagging and waste sugar sack cloth.....	3243.000
Jute yarns or roving, single.....	3244.000
	3244.100
	3244.200
	3244.300
Jute cordage, twine and twist of 2 or more yarns twisted together, size of single yarn or roving:	
Not bleached, dyed or otherwise treated .....	3245.200
	3245.300
	3245.400
	3245.500
Bleached, dyed or otherwise treated .....	3245.220
	3245.320
	3245.420
	3245.520



Material	Commerce import class number
Jute and manufactures—Con.	
Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth, etc., of single yarns, not bleached, colored, or printed, not exceeding 16 threads in warp and filling to the square inch, of jute or other vegetable fiber	3246.000 3246.100
Burlaps and other woven fabrics wholly of jute, n. s. p. f.	3247.000 3247.200
Plain woven fabrics of jute, weighing less than 4 ounces per square yard	3248.000
Woven fabrics of jute for pad- dings or interlinings exceeding 80 threads in warp and filling to the square inch, weighing from 4½ to 12 ounces, inclu- sive, per square yard	3248.100
Woven fabrics, n. s. p. f. in chief value but not wholly of jute	3248.200
Jute silver	3250.000
Jute webbing, not exceeding 12 inches in width	3250.700
Jute manufactures n. s. p. f.	3250.900

Issued this 10th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9395; Filed, June 10, 1943;  
10:56 a. m.]

#### PART 1046—SUPPLIERS

[Limitation Order L-63, as Amended June 10,  
1943]

§ 1046.1 *Suppliers' Inventory Limita-  
tion Order L-63—(a) Definitions.* (1)  
"Supplies" means all the supplies listed  
below:

- (i) Automotive supplies.
- (ii) Aviation supplies.
- (iii) Builders' supplies.
- (iv) Construction supplies.
- (v) Dairy supplies.
- (vi) Electrical supplies.
- (vii) Farm supplies.
- (viii) Foundry supplies.
- (ix) Grain elevator supplies.
- (x) Hardware supplies.
- (xi) Industrial supplies.
- (xii) Plumbing & heating supplies.
- (xiii) Refrigeration supplies.
- (xiv) Restaurant supplies.
- (xv) Textile mill supplies.
- (xvi) Transmission supplies.
- (xvii) Welding & cutting supplies.

even though such items or materials  
may be "consumers' goods" within the  
meaning of that term as used in Limita-  
tion Order L-219; but supplies shall not  
be deemed to include any of the items  
or materials set forth in List A.

(2) "Supplier" means any person  
(other than a producer) located in the  
48 states or the District of Columbia,  
whose business consists, in whole or in  
part, of the sale from stock or inventory  
of supplies. "Supplier" includes whole-  
salers, distributors, jobbers, dealers, re-  
tailers, branch warehouses of producers  
and other persons performing a similar  
function.

(3) "Producer" means any person in-  
cluding any branch, division or section of  
any enterprise, which manufactures,  
processes, fabricates, assembles or other-  
wise physically changes any material.

(4) "Sales" means sales from stock,  
including consigned stocks and exclud-  
ing direct shipments (i. e., excluding  
sales made by a supplier of supplies  
which such supplier has never received  
delivery of but has ordered from the pro-  
ducer thereof with instructions that they  
be shipped directly to the supplier's  
customer).

(5) "Seasonal lines" means any line of  
supplies in which a minimum of 40% of  
the supplier's total annual sales are made  
during a period of 90 days, or less.

(6) "Maximum permissible inventory"  
means

(i) In the case of a supplier located  
in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho,  
Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon,  
Utah, Washington, Wyoming, North  
Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kan-  
sas, Oklahoma and Texas, an inventory  
(owned or consigned to him) of supplies  
of a total dollar value at cost (by physi-  
cal or book inventory, at the option of  
the supplier) equal to the sales of such  
supplies at net sales figures, shipped  
from his inventory, during the four pre-  
ceding calendar months.

(ii) In the case of a supplier located  
in the District of Columbia or any of the  
forty-eight states not enumerated in  
paragraph (a) (6) (i) above, an inven-  
tory (owned or consigned to him) of  
supplies of a total dollar value at cost  
(by physical or book inventory, at the  
option of the supplier) equal to sales of  
such supplies at net sales figures shipped  
from his inventory during the three  
preceding calendar months.

(b) *Limitation of supplier's inven-  
tories.* (1) Except as provided in para-  
graph (b) (3), (4), (5), and (6), no sup-  
plier shall accept any delivery of supplies  
from any person which will effect an in-  
crease in the inventories of the supplier  
above his maximum permissible inven-  
tory; and

(2) Except as provided in paragraphs  
(b) (3), (4), (5) and (6), no person shall  
make to any supplier any delivery of  
supplies which such person knows or  
has reason to believe will effect an in-  
crease in such supplier's inventory of  
supplies above the supplier's maximum  
permissible inventory.

(3) Any supplier, regardless of where  
located, shall be permitted to purchase  
and store an amount of seasonal lines  
equal to those which he purchased in  
the peak period of a comparable period  
of the previous year, but this peak pe-  
riod shall not exceed 120 days.

(4) A supplier may accept delivery of  
supplies which will increase his stock  
above the maximum permissible inven-

tory, if such supplier's inventory of sup-  
plies is at the time of delivery less than  
his maximum permissible inventory and  
the delivery is of the minimum quantity  
of such supplies that can be commercially  
procured.

(5) A supplier may accept delivery of  
specific items of supplies when his stock  
of all items in the aggregate exceeds, or  
will by virtue of such acceptance exceed,  
his maximum permissible inventory, but  
only to the extent necessary to bring  
such supplier's inventory of those specific  
items (owned or consigned to him) up to  
a total dollar value equal to the sales  
of such items shipped from such sup-  
plier's inventories during the preceding  
month.

(6) The War Production Board may,  
from time to time, exempt specified sup-  
pliers or classes of suppliers from the  
provisions of this order, subject to such  
restrictions as the War Production Board  
may impose.

(7) The provisions of this order shall  
not apply to any supplier whose total  
inventory at cost, including consigned  
stocks, of all supplies is less than \$35,000.

(c) *Provisions of other orders.* No pro-  
vision of this order shall be construed to  
permit the accumulation of inventories of  
any item of material in contravention of  
the provisions of any other applicable or-  
der or orders issued by the War Produc-  
tion Board or heretofore issued by the  
Office of Production Management.

(d) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the  
provisions of this order shall be made  
by filing a letter in triplicate, referring  
to the particular provision appealed  
from and stating fully the grounds of  
the appeal.

(e) *Records and reports.*

(1) Each supplier (other than those  
suppliers who are exempt from the pro-  
visions of this order pursuant to para-  
graph (b) (6) or (7)) shall, on or before  
the twentieth day of each month make  
proper entry of inventory (book or  
physical at cost), sales of direct ship-  
ments, sales from stock, and total sales  
of each type of supplies as set forth in  
paragraph (a) (1) of this order, during  
the previous calendar month on Form  
WPB-825 (formerly PD-336). This form  
must be retained for a period of at least  
two years for inspection by representa-  
tives of the War Production Board.

(2) The War Production Board may  
at any time call for the submission of  
these reports.

(f) *Applicability of priorities regula-  
tions.* This order and all transactions  
affected thereby are subject to all ap-  
plicable provisions of the priorities regu-  
lations of the War Production Board, as  
amended from time to time.

(g) *Communications.* All communi-  
cations concerning this order shall be  
addressed to War Production Board,  
Wholesale and Retail Trade Division,



Industrial and Hardware Supplies  
Branch, Washington, D. C., Ref.: L-63.

Issued this 10th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

LIST A

NOTE: Paragraphs (1), (2), (3) amended June 10, 1943.

The types of material set forth below are not deemed to be supplies within the meaning of paragraph (a) (1). Accordingly, these materials may be excluded from the monthly report required by paragraph (e), and are not subject to the inventory restrictions required by paragraph (b), provided that sales of such materials are not included in computing maximum permissible inventory as defined in paragraph (a) (6).

(1) All General Steel Products listed in Schedule A of General Preference Order M-21-b-1 and all Merchant Trade Products listed in Schedule I of General Preference Order M-21-b-2.

(2) Materials made of aluminum, provided such materials were acquired by the supplier pursuant to allocation or other specific authorization of the War Production Board.

(3) Automotive replacement parts as defined in Limitation Order L-158, and Automotive replacement batteries as defined in Limitation Order L-180.

(4) Functional replacement parts for machinery and equipment: *Provided*, That in no event shall the supplier accept delivery of any such parts where his inventory thereof is, or will by virtue of such delivery become in excess of six times his sales of such parts during the second preceding calendar month;

(5) Machinery or equipment which is purchased by the supplier at a cost per unit in excess of \$500;

(6) Any material which is subject to rationing by the Office of Price Administration;

(7) The following building materials: Portland and natural cement, lime, gypsum and gypsum products, bituminous roofing materials, concrete pipe, cut stone, sand and gravel, crushed stone, clay products, insulation board, acoustical materials, mineral wool, paving materials, concrete products, glass, lumber, wooden mill work.

(8) Domestic mechanical refrigerators, as defined in Limitation Order L-5-d.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9396; Filed, June 10, 1943; 10:56 a. m.]

PART 1119—METAL PLASTERING BASES AND  
METAL PLASTERING ACCESSORIES

[Revocation of Limitation Order L-59]

Section 1119.1 *General Limitation Order No. L-59* is hereby revoked, the subject matter of said order now being covered by § 1119.3 *Supplementary Limitation Order L-59-b*.

Issued this 10th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9397; Filed, June 10, 1943; 10:56 a. m.]

PART 1226—GENERAL INDUSTRIAL  
EQUIPMENT

[Limitation Order L-123 as Amended June 7, 1943<sup>1</sup>]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of certain critical materials used in the manufacture of general industrial equipment for defense, for private account and export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1226.1 *General Limitation Order L-123—(a) Definitions.* For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(2) "General industrial equipment" means new equipment of the kinds listed, from time to time, in list A. General industrial equipment shall be deemed to be new when it has not been delivered to any person acquiring it for use.

(3) "Manufacturer" means any person producing general industrial equipment.

(4) "Distributor" means any person in the business of distributing general industrial equipment.

(5) "Order" means any commitment or other arrangement for the delivery of general industrial equipment, whether by purchase, lease, rental, or otherwise.

(6) "Approved order" means:

(i) Any order for general industrial equipment bearing a preference rating of A-1-c or higher.

(ii) Any order for general industrial equipment for the Army, the Navy, the Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, and the Office of Scientific Research and Development.

(iii) [Revoked June 7, 1943.]

(b) *Restrictions on acceptance of orders for, and production and distribution of general industrial equipment—(1)*

*General restrictions.* (i) No person shall accept any order for general industrial equipment or commence production of any general industrial equipment in fulfillment of any order, whether accepted or not; unless such order is an approved order.

(ii) No person shall deliver, and no person shall accept delivery of, any general industrial equipment, except pursuant to an approved order.

(iii) The restrictions and limitations of this paragraph (b) (1) shall not apply to:

<sup>1</sup> This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of L-123 as amended February 27, 1943 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of June 8, 1943, page 7552, and reflects the order in its completed form as of June 7, 1943.

(a) the delivery of general industrial equipment by any manufacturer to any distributor to fill approved orders actually received by such distributor or to replace general industrial equipment delivered by such distributor to fill an approved order.

(b) the extension by any manufacturer of any preference rating certificate to secure materials for the production of general industrial equipment, or

(c) the delivery, prior to September 1, 1943, by any person of any general industrial equipment to a farmer, in accordance with Priorities Regulation 19.

(c) *Non-applicability to repair or maintenance.* (1) The provisions of paragraph (b) shall not apply to any order for, or delivery of, maintenance or repair parts, (i) in an amount not exceeding \$1,000 for any single piece of general industrial equipment to be repaired or maintained; or (ii) in any amount for the repair of general industrial equipment when there is an actual breakdown or suspension of operations of such piece of equipment because of damage, wear and tear, destruction or failure of parts, or the like, and the essential repair or maintenance parts are not otherwise available.

(2) [Revoked February 27, 1943]

(d) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this order shall govern.

(e) *Applicability of other orders.* Nothing in this order shall be construed to permit any person to sell, deliver, or otherwise transfer, or any manufacturer to purchase, receive delivery of, acquire, fabricate or process in any manner, any raw materials, semi-fabricated parts, or finished parts in contravention of terms of any regulation of the War Production Board, effective at the date of any of the transactions specified in this paragraph.

(f) *Existing contracts.* Fulfillment of contracts in violation of this order is prohibited regardless of whether such contracts are entered into before or after May 26, 1942. No person shall be held liable for damages or penalties for default under any contract or order which shall result directly or indirectly from his compliance with the terms of this order.

(g) *Appeals.* Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him may appeal to the War Production Board setting forth the pertinent facts and the reason he considers he is entitled to relief. The War Production Board may thereupon take such action as it deems appropriate.

(h) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless other-



wise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: L-123.

(i) *Records and reports.* All manufacturers and distributors affected by this order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning production, deliveries, and orders for general industrial equipment. All persons affected by this order shall execute and file with the War Production Board, such reports and questionnaires as the War Production Board shall from time to time request.

(j) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who wilfully furnishes false information to the War Production Board in connection with this order is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance by the War Production Board.

Issued this 7th day of June 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,  
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,  
Recording Secretary.

#### LIST A

1. Conveying machinery (and any important component part thereof) used for the mechanical handling of materials; except (i) farm elevators included within the provisions of Order L-26, as amended, (ii) machinery or parts used on board ship in the operation of any vessel, or used in the operation of aircraft, tanks, ordnance, or similar combat equipment, (iii) power and hand lift trucks, (iv) cranes, hoists and platform elevators, (v) construction mixers, pavers, graders, drag lines and power shovels, and similar construction machinery, (vi) cars and car dumpers, (vii) steel mill tables, (viii), sintering conveyors, (ix) metal pig conveyors, (x) underground mining machinery (other than slope conveyors); and (xi) conveying machinery covered by any order authorized by the War Production Board under Order L-193.

2. Mechanical power transmission equipment (and any important component part thereof) of the following kinds (except (i) equipment or parts used in the operation of any vessel, or in the operation of aircraft, tanks, ordnance or similar combat equipment or (ii) equipment covered by any order authorized by the War Production Board under Order L-193:

(a) Open and enclosed gearing for transmitting more than  $\frac{1}{4}$  horse power; except marine propulsion gears, gears used as an integral part of a machine, gears built into a turbine, and gears used on household manually powered, automotive, or farm machinery;

(b) Mechanical drives and parts thereof for transmitting more than  $\frac{1}{4}$  horse power; except belting, drives used as an integral part of a machine and drives used on household, manually powered, automotive, or farm machinery.

3. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

4. Turbo blowers, except turbo blowers covered by the provisions of Limitation Order L-163.

5. Industrial compressors and vacuum pumps, mechanically operated, all types; except "Critical Compressors" as defined in General Limitation Order L-100, and units having a displacement of less than one cubic foot per minute.

6. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

7. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

8. Stationary steam engines, except marine engines and steam engine generator sets.

9. Air washers.

10. Heat exchangers; except (i) heat exchangers for domestic use, (ii) heat exchangers covered by the provisions of Limitation Order L-172, (iii) surface condensers, (iv) unit heaters, (v) unit ventilators, (vi) blast heating surfaces not enclosed in a pressure vessel, and (vii) convectors designed and used solely for comfort heating of building spaces or for processes requiring heat. "Surface Condenser" means any device consisting of a shell and bare tubes, including auxiliary air removal equipment when such auxiliary equipment is purchased with and used on said device, which condenses exhaust steam from a steam driven prime mover for the purpose of maintaining a minimum absolute exhaust pressure.

11. Industrial dust collectors.

12. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

13. Portable (platform type) elevators and steel platforms. "Portable (platform type) elevator" means any device mounted on wheels or casters with either power operated or hand operated lift, used primarily to elevate and lower material for the purpose of tiering or stacking; and "steel platform" means any steel platform or skid, with or without box tops or enclosures, standing on legs or legs and wheels, designed for use in handling material in conjunction with hand or power operated lift trucks, portable (platform type) elevators, lift jacks or other similar devices.

14. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

15. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

16. [Revoked Feb. 27, 1943]

17. Safety switches and knife switches, single and double throw, two, three and four pole, rated 60 amperes and higher, 600 volts and below.

18. Circuit breakers, thermal and magnetic trip, manually and electrically operated, rated 50 to 575 amperes, inclusive, 600 volts and below.

19. Lifting magnets, circular type, 18 inches in diameter and larger; and lifting magnet controllers.

20. Dynamometers, electric type; and rotary converters.

21. Electric motors, rated less than one horsepower; except motors used in the operation of passenger automobiles, trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers and off-the-highway motor vehicles, as defined in Order L-158, or in the operation of stationary automotive type engines.

#### INTERPRETATION 1

General industrial equipment shall be considered to be delivered, within the meaning of this order, prior to May 26, 1942, when the machinery or equipment has been placed in the hands of a common or contract carrier for shipment to the purchaser prior to May 26, 1942. (Issued June 13, 1942.)

#### INTERPRETATION 2

Paragraph (a) (2) defines "general industrial equipment" to mean new equipment of the kinds listed, from time to time, in List A to the order. Such equipment is deemed to be new when it has not been delivered to any person acquiring it for use. Paragraph (b) imposes restrictions on the acceptance of orders for, and commencement of production and deliveries of, general industrial equipment.

Paragraph (c) provides an exemption from the restrictions of paragraph (b) for any order or delivery of maintenance and repair parts in an amount not exceeding \$1,000 for any single piece of general industrial equipment to be repaired or maintained; or in any

amount for the repair of general industrial equipment when there is an actual breakdown or suspension of operations of such piece of equipment. The exemption provided in paragraph (c) is intended for such repair or maintenance parts to be used to repair or maintain any existing equipment, i. e., equipment which has been delivered for use to a user and requires repair or maintenance. The exemption is not intended to apply to spare parts for new equipment nor is it limited to the repair or maintenance of equipment delivered after the date of the order. (Issued December 14, 1942.)

[F. R. Doc. 43-9398; Filed, June 10, 1943; 10:56 a. m.]

### Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

#### PART 1315—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

[MPR 149,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 10]

#### MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation 149 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1315.30a is added to read as follows:

§ 1315.30a *Adjustments*—(a) *Application by a manufacturer*—(1) *Who may receive an adjustment.* The manufacturer's maximum price for mechanical rubber goods established by this regulation may be adjusted only in the case of an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good. An "essential mechanical rubber good" is one which contributes to the effective prosecution of the war. An "essential producer" is one whose output of mechanical rubber goods cannot be reasonably expected to be replaced at prices lower than the proposed adjusted maximum price. In addition, any person who has entered into or proposes to enter into a war contract (as defined in subparagraph (5)) or a subcontract thereunder, is an essential producer of mechanical rubber goods.

(2) *When adjustment may be granted*—(i) *In general.* The Office of Price Administration, any regional office, or such other offices as may be authorized by order issued by the appropriate regional office, may adjust the maximum price in the case of an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good upon the basis of information submitted by the manufacturer or of other information. It may make that adjustment whenever it finds that the maximum price of a commodity is at such a level that, taking into account the costs thereof, the profits position of the manufacturer and the nature of his business, production of the commodity is impeded or

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 3889, 7173, 8899, 8942, 10103, 10143, 10993; 8 F.R. 1312, 4130, 3942.



threatened and that the adjustment would not cause an increase in the cost of living.

(ii) *Factors which may be considered.*

(a) The following factors are relevant to consideration of whether production of the commodity is impeded or threatened:

(1) Whether, and by what amount, the maximum price is below or above (i) the current manufacturing costs plus freight out, installation charges cash discounts and sales and service commissions paid to independent dealers, and (ii) the current total unit costs, of the commodity.

(2) Whether, and by what amount, the manufacturer's current over-all profits, before income and excess profit taxes, are greater or less than his average over-all profits during the normal base period, increased by 7% of the additional capital investment contributed entirely by the manufacturer, or its stockholders, since the normal base period. Capital investment will be construed as including accumulated profits.

(3) Whether the proposed price is higher than the price prevailing in the industry.

(4) Whether the manufacturer's sales of the commodity represent only a very small part of his total sales.

(5) Whether the manufacturer previously sold the commodity at a price which is below its total unit costs.

(b) The following factors are relevant to consideration of whether the adjustment would cause an increase in the cost of living:

(1) Whether the mechanical rubber good or a commodity in the production of which it is used is of a type sold to civilian consumers other than industrial consumers.

(2) If such is the case, whether the increase in price allowed by adjustment would be absorbed prior to sale to a non-industrial consumer.

(3) Whether, if the applicant did not produce the mechanical rubber good, his output would be replaced by the same or a substitute commodity at prices equal to or higher than the proposed adjusted maximum price.

(3) *How the manufacturer proceeds in applying for an adjustment—(i) In general.* An application for adjustment under this paragraph (a) shall be filed in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 and shall be made on Form OPA 696-167a set out in Appendix E, incorporated as § 1315.38 of this regulation. Copies of this amendment which contains this form and the instructions for completing it may be obtained from any district, State or regional office of the Office of Price Administration. If the manufacturer's total sales in the calendar year 1942, or in the fiscal year ending in 1942, exceeded \$500,000, the application shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration in Washington, D. C. If the manufacturer's total sales during that period did not exceed \$500,000, the application shall be filed with the regional office of the Office of Price Administration located in the same

region that the manufacturer's business is located.

(ii) *Application based on proposed wage or salary increase to be authorized by the National War Labor Board.* A manufacturer who believes that the conditions for an adjustment set forth in this paragraph (a) would exist if the National War Labor Board should grant a pending application for wage or salary increase may file an application for adjustment under this paragraph. Applications for adjustment of maximum prices based on wage or salary increases requiring the approval of the National War Labor Board must also comply with Supplementary Order No. 28, which requires, among other things, that an application for adjustment in such case be filed within 15 days after an application for a wage or salary adjustment has been filed with the National War Labor Board, or, in a disputed wage proceeding, within 15 days after the employer receives notification that the National War Labor Board has taken jurisdiction of the dispute.

(4) *Prices for deliveries made pending disposition of the application.* A manufacturer who has filed an application under this paragraph (a) may contract or agree that deliveries made during the pendency of the application shall be at a specific price which is higher than the existing maximum price which the manufacturer wants to have adjusted. But no payment in excess of that existing maximum price may be received until the application is finally disposed of, and at that time the price received may not exceed the maximum price as determined by the Office of Price Administration.

A manufacturer who wishes to enter into such an arrangement must specifically state to the buyer the following:

(i) The maximum price for the commodity;

(ii) The fact that an appropriate application for an adjustment of that maximum price has been filed with the Office of Price Administration;

(iii) The fact that the specific price quoted by the manufacturer is subject to the approval of the Office of Price Administration.

(5) *Definitions—(i) Normal base period.* The term "normal base period" means the period 1936-1939. If the applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Office of Price Administration either (a) that his entire industry was operating during the greater part of such period at an unusually depressed level or (b) that because of unusual conditions prevailing during that period, the manufacturer's plant was operating during that period at an unusually depressed level in comparison to other plants in the industry, and in addition that some other period prior to January 1, 1941, represents a proper "normal base period", such other period may be considered. The mere fact that the rate of production has increased since 1936-1939 will not be deemed evidence that production during that period was at an "unusually depressed level". If the manufacturer was not in business prior to

January 1, 1941, he shall state that fact in his application.

(ii) *Over-all profits.* The term "over-all profits" means net profit resulting from the operation of all divisions of the manufacturer, before the creation of any reserves, except ordinary reserves for depreciation and bad debts, and before income and excess profit taxes. In the case of a subsidiary wholly owned by a parent corporation, the term "over-all profits" means the consolidated net profit before the creation of any reserves, except ordinary reserves for depreciation and bad debts, and before income and excess profit taxes.

(iii) *Subcontract.* The term "subcontract" means any purchase, order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish any commodity, required for the performance of another contract or subcontract.

(iv) *Total unit costs.* The term "total unit costs" means the direct unit cost of labor, materials, and subcontracted services, plus a proportion of factory overhead, administrative and other expenses, based on actual operating experience, properly allocable to the production of the commodity, but does not include provisions for income or excess profit taxes. In evaluating total unit costs, the Office of Price Administration will determine whether the allocation of factory overhead, administrative and other expenses is based on a representative period of continuous, normal production.

(v) *War contract.* The term "war contract" means any contract with the United States, or any agency thereof, or with the government, or any agency thereof, of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, under the terms of the Lend-Lease Act, for the sale of mechanical rubber goods purchased (a) for the ultimate use of the armed forces of the United States or for lend-lease purposes, or (b) by any government (or agency thereof) of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States under the terms of the Lend-Lease Act, or (c) for use in the production or manufacture of any commodity described in (a) or (b).

(b) *Application by a manufacturer based upon an appropriate decrease of other prices—(1) Who may receive an adjustment under this paragraph.* Adjustments under this paragraph will be granted only in the case of an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good. The meaning of these terms is explained in paragraph (a) (1) of this section.

(2) *When adjustment may be granted.* The Office of Price Administration, any regional office, or such other offices as may be authorized by order issued by the appropriate regional office, may make an adjustment of the maximum price in any case in which the manufacturer agrees to make and (simultaneously with any increase in the maximum price that may be authorized under this paragraph (b)) makes a reduction in the selling price of other commodities which will equal or exceed the total dol-



lar amount of the adjustment granted under this paragraph.

(3) *What an application under this paragraph must show.* An application for price adjustment under this paragraph (b) shall contain information indicating that the manufacturer is an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good, and that if the proposed adjustment is granted, the gross dollar amount of sales of the commodities affected by the adjustment will not be greater than it would have been in the absence of the adjustment. In any case where such an adjustment is granted, the Office of Price Administration will require appropriate reports relating to the commodities affected.

(4) *How the manufacturer proceeds in applying for an adjustment.* An application for adjustment under this paragraph (b) shall be filed in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1. If the manufacturer's total sales for the calendar year 1942, or for the fiscal year ending in 1942, exceeded \$500,000, the application shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration in Washington, D. C. If the manufacturer's total sales during that period did not exceed \$500,000, the application shall be filed with the regional office of the Office of Price Administration located in the same region that the applicant's business is located.

(c) *Application by a manufacturer under a combination of both paragraphs (a) and (b).* A manufacturer who desires to apply for an adjustment under paragraph (b) may, at the time he applies under that paragraph, also apply under paragraph (a), if the facts of his case entitle him to do so. In such case, the office considering his application will give the adjustment available under paragraph (a) before applying paragraph (b).

(d) No application for adjustment filed under Procedural Regulation No. 6 by a manufacturer after June 14, 1943, with respect to mechanical rubber goods will be granted.

(e) The maximum price for sales of mechanical rubber goods by persons, other than manufacturers, may be adjusted in an order issued under this section.

2. Section 1315.38 is added to read as follows:

§ 1315.38 *Appendix E: Form for application for adjustment of maximum manufacturers' prices of mechanical rubber goods—(a) Form.*

Form OPA 696-167a

Form Approved  
Budget Bureau  
No. 03-R347

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION  
Washington, D. C.

APPLICATION FOR ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM  
PRICES FOR MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS UNDER  
MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 149

Company name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

(Street) (City) (State)

The following facts are furnished to the Office of Price Administration in support of this Application:

#### SCHEDULE A

1. General description of the company's business.

2. Designate and describe the mechanical rubber goods for which price increase is requested.

3. Present the following information for each product listed in 2 above.

NOTE: If more than one product is being reported, present the required information on another sheet.

(a) Dollar volume of unfilled orders \$\_\_\_\_\_  
(b) Unit volume of unfilled orders \_\_\_\_\_  
(Indicate unit used) \_\_\_\_\_

4. Present evidence that the company is an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good.

(a) For each product designated in Item 2 above, fill in the following if you have entered into, or propose to enter into a war contract or subcontract for the sale of that product.

NOTE: If more than one product is being reported, present the required information on another sheet.

(1) Identification of contract \_\_\_\_\_  
(2) Name of purchaser \_\_\_\_\_  
(3) Address of purchaser \_\_\_\_\_  
(Street) (City) (State)

(b) Present any other information which demonstrates that the manufacturer is an essential producer of an essential mechanical rubber good.

NOTE: The terms "essential producer", "essential mechanical rubber good", "war contract" and "subcontract" are defined in the adjustment provision under which this report is filed (§ 1315.30a of Maximum Price Regulation 149.)

5. Are similar products manufactured by competitors in your region? \_\_\_\_\_  
(Yes or No)

If yes, give names and addresses of competitors and their prices for such products.

#### SCHEDULE B

Important: If you have submitted any of the following information on Office of Price Administration Financial Report Forms A and B for certain periods or have furnished same on a previous application for adjustment of a maximum price, you may omit those periods in your present report. In the case of a subsidiary wholly owned by a parent corporation, consolidated statements as well

(a) *Net realized price:*

	Ceiling price _____, 194__	Current price	Requested price
1. (List) (gross) price _____			
2. Less: Dealer's commissions _____			
3. Less: Trade discounts _____			
4. Net realized price _____			
5. Net realized price at maximum discount and/or commissions _____			

(b) *Analysis of Sales of the Above Designated Item:*  
Sales for \_\_\_\_\_ month period ending \_\_\_\_\_, 1943.  
(Number of months) (Month and day)

	Percentage amount of commission or discounts	Dollar value of sales after discounts
Sales subject to commission of _____	(1) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales subject to commission of _____	(2) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales not subject to commission _____	XXXX	
Sales subject to discount of _____	(1) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales subject to discount of _____	(2) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales subject to discount of _____	(3) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales subject to discount of _____	(4) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales subject to discount of _____	(5) _____ %	\$ _____
Sales not subject to discount _____	XXXX	
Total sales of above designated item _____	XXXX	\$ _____

as statements for the subsidiary should be submitted.

1. Submit balance sheets and profit and loss statements for the years 1941 and 1942, and for the most recent accounting period in 1943.

(NOTE: Each profit and loss statement must contain a detailed breakdown of cost of goods sold, administrative expense, selling expenses, the total amount of officers' salaries and the number of officers.)

2. Financial data 1936-1940.

(NOTE: The filing of the financial data designated in this item is optional. Should the applicant prefer, this information will be obtained by the Office of Price Administration directly from the Bureau of Internal Revenue.)

Either submit balance sheets and profit and loss statements for the years 1936-1940, or fill in the following condensed table.

	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
Net sales _____					
Cost of goods sold _____					
Gross profit _____					
Administrative expense _____					
Selling expenses _____					
Net operating profit _____					
Other income less other expenses _____					
Net profit before income taxes _____					
Debt (except current) at end of year _____					
Net worth at end of year _____					
Total assets _____					

3. Are the salaries and wages of all your employees in compliance with the maximum established by the Office for Economic Stabilization? \_\_\_\_\_

(Yes or No)

If no, state exceptions.

#### SCHEDULE C

*Unit Price and Unit Cost Information*

*Designation of the mechanical rubber good:*

NOTE: If more than one product is involved, prepare and file separate reports on this schedule for each product that you consider necessary to convey an adequate understanding of the situation which gave rise to this application.

1. *Price data:*



(c) Total sales for the above designated item only:

	1940	1941	1942 ..... months ending ..... 1943
Total unit volume of sales.....			
Total dollar volume of sales (net).....	\$.....	\$.....	\$.....

(d) Is the price currently charged for the product the same as the maximum price filed with OPA? (Yes or no)

(If answer is "No", state date when increased price was first charged.)

Date: ....., 194...  
Month

(e) Indicate whether the current maximum price is a list or established price or a formula price (Check one).

Price used since ....., 194...  
Month

(f) State on a separate sheet the reasons for the need of the requested price increase.

## 2. Unit cost data:

	Ceiling date costs ..... 194...	Costs October 1942	Current date costs ..... 1943
(a) Direct material.....	\$.....	\$.....	\$.....
(b) Direct labor.....			
(c) Factory overhead.....			
(d) Selling expense (do not include discounts and commissions deducted under Price Data above).....			
(e) Administrative expense.....			
(f) Freight out, if any.....			
(g) Installation expense, if any.....			
(h) Other expense, specify.....			
(i) Total cost per unit.....			

(j) What method is used in allocating factory overhead?

1. Standard ( ) ; Actual ( ) ; Other ( ) ; (Check one).

2. Direct labor cost ( ) ; Direct labor hours ( ) ; Machine hours ( ) ; Other ( ) .

(Explain separately if "other" or combination.)

-----  
(Applicant)By -----  
-----  
(Title)

## AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF ----- } ss:  
COUNTY OF ----- }The undersigned -----  
being first duly sworn according to law, on oath deposes and says:

That he is the person whose name appears subscribed to the above Application for Adjustment; and that he has read the same and knows to his own knowledge that the facts contained therein are true and correct.

-----  
(Signature)Subscribed and sworn to before me this -----  
day of ----- 1943.

Officer Administering Oath

## (b) Instructions for completing form:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE USE OF ADJUSTMENT APPLICATION FORM FOR MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS

Schedule C entitled "Unit Price and Cost Information" is subject to the following explanation:

## 1. Price data:

(a) 1. (List) (gross) price:

Please indicate whether the price is a list price or a gross price by crossing out the term that does not apply.

(a) 2. Dealer's commissions:

Where all dealers receive the same commission, use the full commission rate even if some sales are not subject to any commission. If several different rates affect the product covered by the application, use the rate that applies to the largest amount of sales.

(a) 3. Trade discounts:

Deduct trade discounts at the average rate of discounts prevailing in your company for the product covered by the application.

(b) Use a sufficient number of months prior to the date of the application to give an

adequate understanding of the situation. Name the period in the allotted space and fill in commission rates or discounts.

## 2. Unit cost data:

In presenting unit cost data be sure to include only actual cost.

Material cost must represent actual cost. State separately any charges added to costs of materials.

Where standard costs are used, adjust costs for over- and under-absorption during the period to which the costs apply.

The cost data for the ceiling date may be recomputed if the product covered by the application was not manufactured on or about that date. In the recomputation apply the wage rates prevailing in your plant on the ceiling date and material cost of the same date.

Under items (f), (g) and (h) include only costs borne by the manufacturer and not billed separately to the buyer.

This amendment shall become effective June 15, 1943.

NOTE: All report and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.[F. R. Doc. 43-9376; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
12:17 p. m.]

## PART 1347—PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, RAW MATERIALS FOR PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

[MPR 30, Correction to Amdt. 4]

## WASTEPAPER

In the second sentence of footnote 28 of § 1347.14 (a) the word "indicating" is corrected to read "stating",

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.[F. R. Doc. 43-9377; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
12:17 p. m.]

## PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 255, Amdt. 9]

## PERMITTED INCREASES FOR WHOLESALERS OF CERTAIN FOODS

Cold-packed fruits, berries and vegetables.  
Canned boned chicken and turkey.  
Tamales.  
Tortillas.  
Potato chips.  
Raisin filled or topped biscuits and crackers.  
Fig bars.  
Bakers' fillings for fruit pie and pastry.  
Peanut candy.  
Canned chili con carne.  
Shoestring potatoes.  
Julienne potatoes.  
Pretzels.  
Canned chicken and noodle dinner.  
Canned chicken a la king.  
Canned homestyle chicken.

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of amendment 9 to Maximum Price Regulation 255 has been issued and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation 255 is amended in the following respects:

1. Sections 1351.703 (d) (1), (3), (4), (7), (8), (9), (14), and (29) are hereby revoked.

2. Section 1351.703 (d) (2) is amended by striking out the word "frozen" and substituting the word "cold-packed".

This amendment shall become effective as of May 17, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.[F. R. Doc. 43-9379; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
12:18 p. m.]

## PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Rev. MPR 256, Amdt. 6]

## PERMITTED INCREASES FOR RETAILERS OF CERTAIN FOODS

Cold-packed fruits, berries and vegetables.  
Canned boned chicken and turkey.  
Tamales.  
Tortillas.  
Potato chips.  
Raisin filled or topped biscuits and crackers.  
Fig bars.  
Peanut candy.  
Canned chili con carne.  
Shoestring potatoes.  
Julienne potatoes.  
Pretzels.  
Canned chicken and noodle dinner.  
Canned chicken a la king.  
Canned homestyle chicken.

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

\* 8 F.R. 2988, 3946, 5164.

\* 7 F.R. 8893, 10473; 8 F.R. 1266, 2106, 2678, 3946, 5164.



A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of Amendment 6 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 256 has been issued and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 256 is amended in the following respects:

1. Sections 1351.203 (b) (1), (3), (4), (7), (8), (9), (14), and (28) are hereby revoked.

2. Section 1351.203 (b) (2) is amended by striking out the word "frozen" and substituting the word "cold-packed."

This amendment shall become effective as of May 17, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9378; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
12:17 p. m.]

#### PART 1400—TEXTILE FABRICS: COTTON, WOOL, SILK, SYNTHETICS AND ADMIXTURES

[MPR 39,<sup>2</sup> incl. Amdt. 4]

##### WOVEN DECORATIVE FABRICS

Sections 1400.156 (a), 1400.161 (a) (6), 1400.163 (b) (3), and footnote to § 1400.164 (b) (3) are amended by Amendment 4, effective June 15, 1943, so that Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 shall read as follows:

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this maximum price regulation has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

In the judgment of the Price Administrator, the prices of woven decorative fabrics have risen to an extent and in a manner inconsistent with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942. The Price Administrator has ascertained and given due consideration to the prices of these fabrics prevailing between October 1 and October 15, 1941, and has made adjustments for such relevant changes as he has determined and deemed to be of general applicability. So far as practicable, the Price Administrator has advised and consulted with representative members of the woven decorative fabric industry, which will be affected by this regulation. In the judgment of the Price Administrator, the maximum prices established by this regulation are, and will be, generally fair and equitable, and will effectuate the purposes of said Act.

Therefore, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, and in accordance with Procedural Regulation No. 1<sup>3</sup> issued by the Office of Price Adminis-

tration, Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 is hereby issued.

##### Sec.

- 1400.151 Prohibition against dealing in woven decorative fabrics at prices above the maximum.
- 1400.152 Less than the maximum prices.
- 1400.153 Adjustable pricing.
- 1400.154 Export sales.
- 1400.155 Exempt sales.
- 1400.156 Limitation of new constructions sold, transferred or delivered by manufacturers.
- 1400.157 Reports and records.
- 1400.158 Evasion.
- 1400.159 Enforcement.
- 1400.160 Petitions for amendment and adjustment.
- 1400.161 Definitions.
- 1400.162 Effective date.
- 1400.162a Effective dates of amendments.
- 1400.163 Appendix A: Maximum prices for sales by manufacturers.
- 1400.164 Appendix B: Maximum prices for sales by persons other than manufacturers.

[Table of contents added by Amendment 2, 7 F.R. 6774; effective 8-31-42]

AUTHORITY: §§ 1400.151 to 1400.164, inclusive, issued under Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871.

§ 1400.151 *Prohibition against dealing in woven decorative fabrics at prices above the maximum.* On and after July 13, 1942, regardless of any contract or obligation:

(a) No person shall sell or deliver any woven decorative fabric at a price higher than the maximum prices set forth in Appendices A and B, incorporated herein as §§ 1400.163 and 1400.164.

(b) No person shall agree, offer, solicit or attempt to do any of the foregoing:

*Provided*, That contracts entered into prior to July 13, 1942, at prices in compliance with Maximum Price Regulation No. 127<sup>4</sup> may be carried out at the contract price.

(c) This Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 shall apply and the General Maximum Price Regulation<sup>5</sup> shall not apply to sales of woven decorative fabrics for which maximum prices are established by this regulation.

[NOTE: Supplementary Order No. 34 (7 F.R. 10779) permits special packing expenses to be added to maximum prices on sales to procurement agencies of the United States.]

[NOTE: Supplementary Order No. 31 (7 F.R. 9894; 8 F.R. 1312, 3702) provides that: "Notwithstanding the provisions of any price regulation, the tax on transportation of all property (excepting coal) imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942 shall, for purposes of determining the applicable maximum price of any commodity or service, be treated as though it were an increase of 3% in the amount charged by every person engaged in the business of transporting property for hire. It shall not be treated under any provision of any price regulation or any interpretation thereof, as a tax for which a charge may be made in addition to the maximum price."]

§ 1400.152 *Less than the maximum prices.* Prices lower than the maximum prices established by this Maximum

Price Regulation No. 39, may be charged, demanded, paid or offered.

§ 1400.153 *Adjustable pricing.* No seller of woven decorative fabrics shall enter into an agreement permitting the adjustment of prices to prices which may be higher than the maximum prices established herein in the event that this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 is amended or upon any other contingency: *Provided*, That in an appropriate situation, when a petition for amendment or for adjustment or exception requires extended consideration, the Price Administrator, may upon application grant permission to the seller to agree with the buyer to adjust prices upon deliveries made during the pendency of the petition in accordance with the disposition of the petition.

§ 1400.154 *Export sales.* The maximum price at which a person may sell or deliver woven decorative fabrics for export shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Maximum Export Price Regulation<sup>6</sup> issued by the Office of Price Administration on April 25, 1942.

§ 1400.155 *Exempt sales.* The provisions of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 shall not apply to:

(a) Sales at retail.

(b) Sales and deliveries of printed woven decorative fabrics when such sales or deliveries are made by a person whose principal business with respect to such fabrics during the period between January 1, 1941 and March 31, 1942 was in fabrics selling at a price of less than 35 cents per yard.

[Paragraph (b) as amended by Amendment 2, 7 F.R. 6774; effective 8-31-42]

§ 1400.156 *Limitation of new constructions sold, transferred or delivered by manufacturers.* (a) During the year commencing July 13, 1942, and during each succeeding year, regardless of the terms of any contract of sale, or purchase, or other commitment, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, no manufacturer shall sell, transfer or deliver more than his quota of new constructions of woven decorative fabrics (exclusive of altered constructions described in paragraph (b) below.) This quota shall be 10% of the total number of constructions of woven decorative fabrics sold or delivered by the manufacturer during the period from January 1, 1941 to December 31, 1941, inclusive, but in no event shall be less than five constructions. No manufacturer shall transfer or deliver any such new construction of a woven decorative fabric after August 27, 1942, until (1) he has filed a report with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., in accordance with paragraph (a) (3) of § 1400.157 containing his interpretation of his new construction quota and (2) the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., has approved this interpretation in writing. As used in this regulation, the term

\* Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration. Statements of considerations are also issued simultaneously with the issuance of amendments.

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 5243.

<sup>2</sup> Revised, 7 F.R. 8961; 8 F.R. 3313, 3533.

<sup>3</sup> 7 F.R. 3119, 3242, 4180, 4454, 4587, 4762.

<sup>4</sup> 8 F.R. 3096, 3849, 4347, 4486, 4724, 4978, 4848, 6047, 6962.

<sup>6</sup> Second Revision, 8 F.R. 4132.



"new construction" means any construction of a woven decorative fabric not sold, offered for sale, transferred or delivered by the same manufacturer between July 11, 1941 and July 13, 1942, inclusive.

(b) Any manufacturer may alter an existing construction of a woven decorative fabric which may be sold, transferred or delivered without being counted as falling within his new construction quota: *Provided*, That he submits to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., an application containing his interpretation supported by sufficient evidence under the standards set forth in this paragraph (b) and that the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., approves his interpretation in writing. These standards are (1) that the construction to be replaced was within the six months immediately prior to the date on which the application is filed an active number in the manufacturer's line, (2) material previously used in its manufacture is unavailable or is so restricted by a government regulation as to make production of the original fabric impractical and (3) that the proposed altered construction will closely resemble the construction it will replace with no substantial change in quality or appearance.

(c) Any manufacturer who can show that his new construction quota is so low as to cause or appear likely to cause serious financial hardship may file a petition for adjustment of his quota in accordance with §§ 1300.38 to 1300.41, inclusive, of Procedural Regulation No. 1.<sup>\*</sup> In such a case the petitioner should submit (1) a complete statement of the facts upon which he relies and (2) the new construction quota for which he seeks approval.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the number of patterns of any specific construction of a woven decorative fabric which may be sold, offered for sale, transferred, or delivered.

§ 1400.157 *Reports and records*—(a) *Reports by manufacturers*. (1) On or before August 13, 1942, each manufacturer shall submit to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a report in the detail required by Revised Form No. 139:1 for each pattern sold, offered for sale, transferred or delivered during the period from July 11, 1941 to July 13, 1942, inclusive.

(2) For each pattern not covered by paragraph (a) (1) of this section, each manufacturer shall submit to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a report on Revised Form No. 139:1 which shall contain in addition to the other data required therein the maximum price proposed by the manufacturer in accordance with paragraph (b) (3) of § 1400.163.

(3) On or before August 13, 1942, each manufacturer shall submit to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a report containing (i) the total num-

ber of constructions which he sold or delivered during the period from January 1 to December 31, 1941, inclusive, (ii) the specifications of each in the manner required by section IV of Revised Form No. 139:1, and (iii) his interpretation of his proper new construction quota determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of § 1400.156.

(b) *Reports by sellers other than manufacturers*. On or before August 13, 1942, every seller of woven decorative fabrics other than a manufacturer shall submit to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a complete list of all of the woven decorative fabric patterns which he sold, offered for sale, transferred or delivered during the period from September 11, 1941, to July 13, 1942, inclusive, showing with respect to each (1) the quality or style number, (2) the date on which it was first offered for sale, (3) the maximum price therefor and the manner in which it was determined. This list shall be supplemented as soon as possible thereafter by reports containing the data indicated above for each pattern first offered for sale after July 13, 1942.

(c) *Reports already submitted*. Persons who have already submitted on Revised Form 139:1 any information required by this section need not duplicate such information but shall refer the Office of Price Administration in writing to the reports already submitted.

(d) *Records*. Every person making any sale of a woven decorative fabric after July 13, 1942, shall keep for inspection by the Office of Price Administration complete and accurate records of each such sale, showing the date thereof, the name and address of the buyer, the price received, the name or number of each pattern and the quantity of each woven decorative fabric sold.

§ 1400.158 *Evasion*. The price limitations set forth in this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 shall not be evaded, whether by direct or indirect methods, in connection with an offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of or relating to woven decorative fabrics alone or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of commission, service, transportation or other charge, or discount, premium or other privilege, or by tying agreement or other trade understanding, or otherwise.

§ 1400.159 *Enforcement*. (a) Persons violating any provision of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions and suits for treble damages as provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(b) Persons who have evidence of any violation of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39, or any price schedule, regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration or of any acts or practices which constitute such a violation are urged to communicate with the nearest district, State or regional office of the Office of Price Administration, or its principal office in Washington, D. C.

[NOTE: The provisions of Supplementary Order No. 36 (8 F.R. 1798), licensing sellers

of yarns, textiles, textile products and services relating thereto, are applicable to sellers whose sales are subject to Maximum Price Regulation No. 39.]

§ 1400.160 *Petitions for amendment and adjustment*. (a) Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1.

[Paragraph (a) as amended by Supplementary Order 26, 7 F.R. 8948, effective 11-4-42]

(b) The Office of Price Administration may by order adjust the maximum price established under this regulation for any seller of a woven decorative fabric in any case in which such seller shows:

(1) That such maximum price causes him hardship and is abnormally low in relation to the maximum prices established for competitive sellers of the same or similar commodities, and

(2) That establishing for him a maximum price bearing a normal relation to the maximum prices established for competitive sellers of the same or similar commodities will not cause or threaten to cause an increase in retail prices.

On and after July 13, 1942, all petitions for adjustment under this paragraph (b) shall be filed in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1: *Provided*, That no petition for adjustment filed under this paragraph (b) after November 15, 1942, will be granted.

[Paragraph (b) as amended by Amendment 3, 7 F.R. 8946; effective 11-4-42]

(c) A manufacturer who is prepared to show that:

(1) He has maintained prior to July 13, 1942 a cut length sales department separate from his manufacturing business, and

(2) That his maximum prices for sales of woven decorative fabrics by this department as determined in accordance with § 1400.163 subject the department to substantial hardship, may file a petition for the adjustment of his maximum prices for sales by such department. Such a petition shall be filed in accordance with Procedural Regulation No. 1<sup>\*</sup> and shall contain, in addition to the evidence required above, a statement of the reasons why the petitioner believes that the granting of relief in his case will not defeat or impair the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 and of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39.

[Paragraph (c) added by Amendment 2, 7 F.R. 6774; effective 8-31-42]

[NOTE: Procedural Regulation No. 6 (7 F.R. 5087, 5065) provides for the filing of applications for adjustment of maximum prices for commodities or services under Government contracts or subcontracts. Supplementary Order No. 9 (7 F.R. 5444) makes the provisions of Procedural Regulation No. 6 applicable to all price regulations, with the exception of those on scrap, waste, and salvage materials.]

[NOTE: Supplementary Order No. 28 (7 F.R. 9619) provides for the filing of applications for adjustment or petitions for amendment based on a pending wage or salary increase

<sup>\*</sup> *Supra*, note 2.

<sup>\*</sup> *Supra*, Note 2.



requiring the approval of the National War Labor Board.]

§ 1400.161 *Definitions.* (a) When used in this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39, the term:

(1) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other organized group of persons or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions or any agency of the foregoing;

(2) "Manufacturer" means any person who owns, operates or controls a factory, plant or mill in which woven decorative fabrics are manufactured and includes any person who supplies yarn to a factory, plant or mill for weaving and finishing into a woven decorative fabric on a commission basis;

(3) "Converter" means a person who purchases woven decorative fabrics in an unfinished or partially finished state and who resells them after finishing such goods or after causing them to be finished for his account;

(4) "Woven decorative fabrics" means any finished textile fabric (i) woven on a loom (ii) composed of such fibers as cotton, silk, wool, mohair, synthetic fibers or any mixtures of the foregoing fibers, and (iii) customarily used for furniture coverings, draperies, furniture or automobile slip covers or bedspreads: *Provided*, That the term shall not include bedspread fabrics for which maximum prices are established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 118.\*

[Paragraph (4) as amended by Amendment 2, 7 F.R. 6774; effective 8-31-42]

(5) "Pattern" means any design of a woven decorative fabric, irrespective of color, of a specific construction;

(6) "Construction" means the following specifications of a fabric: the finished width; the thread count; the number of ends and picks and the size, ply and twist of each yarn used in the fabric; the type of loom most efficient for weaving the fabric; and, in the case of pile fabrics, the weight of the pile yarn per linear yard;

(7) "In line with" means having a justifiable relationship to the maximum price of a pattern of the nearest related construction of a woven decorative fabric with commensurate decreases or increases reflecting actual decreases or increases in the costs of the yarns used and of the weaving due to differences in (i) the number of picks, (ii) the number of ends, (iii) the finished width of the fabric, (iv) the type of the weave, and (v) the specifications of the yarns used;

\* 7 F.R. 3038, 3211, 3522, 3578, 3824, 3905, 4405, 5224, 5405, 5567, 5836, 6005, 6484, 7451, 8217, 8941, 9002, 8948, 9969; 8 F.R. 274, 2338.

\* For the purposes of this definition, no distinction shall be made between a plain loom and a dobby loom. However, a fabric most efficiently woven on a dobby loom will, under this definition, be a different construction from a fabric otherwise the same except as to pattern but most efficiently woven on a Jacquard loom.

(8) "Price list in effect" includes all of the prices quoted by the seller on the designated date, whether in a formal price list or otherwise.

(9) "Cut length sales department" means a department or branch operated by a woven decorative fabric manufacturer, the principal business of which consists of selling woven decorative fabrics in cut lengths of specified yardage to interior decorators.

[Paragraph (9) added by Amendment 2, 7 F.R. 6774; effective 8-31-42]

(10) "Sales at retail" means sales to the ultimate consumer: *Provided*, That no manufacturer, purchaser for resale or other commercial user, shall be considered to be an ultimate consumer.

[Paragraph (10) as added by Amendment 3, 7 F.R. 8946; effective 11-4-42]

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used herein.

§ 1400.162 *Effective date.* This Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 (§§ 1400.151 to 1400.164, inclusive) shall become effective July 13, 1942.

[Issued July 8, 1942]

§ 1400.162a *Effective dates of amendments.*

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following parts affected]

§ 1400.163 *Appendix A: Maximum prices for sales by manufacturers.*<sup>10</sup> (a)

(1) The maximum prices established herein are prices f. o. b. seller's point of shipment. In any case in which a price relied upon by a seller in determining a maximum price in accordance with this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 includes any transportation charges, such price shall be appropriately adjusted by the subtraction therefrom of all such transportation charges.

(2) No seller shall discontinue or alter to the prejudice of a purchaser any discount, differential or service granted or rendered to purchasers of the same general class during the base period. "Base period" means the period from July 11 to September 10, 1941, inclusive, when used in connection with sales by manufacturers and the period from September 11 to November 10, 1941, inclusive, when used in connection with sales by persons other than manufacturers.

(b) The maximum price for a pattern of any specific construction of a woven decorative fabric sold by a manufacturer shall be:

(1) 105% of the price quoted for the same pattern of the same construction in the manufacturer's price list in effect on September 10, 1941, to a purchaser of the same general class, or,

(2) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraph (b) (1) of

<sup>10</sup> In the event that a manufacturer sells a woven decorative fabric not produced by or for him as a manufacturer, he shall be governed with respect to such sales by the provisions of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 applicable to persons other than manufacturers.

this section, 105% of the highest price at which such pattern of the same construction was sold or offered for sale during the period from July 11 to September 10, 1941, inclusive, to a purchaser of the same general class, or,

(3) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraph (b) (1) or (2) of this section, the price determined by applying the following formula: The manufacturer shall (i) select the most nearly comparable pattern and construction for which a maximum price is established under paragraphs (b) (1) or (2) of this section; (ii) divide the maximum price for this comparable fabric by its costs (which for this purpose shall be limited to the cost of materials and of direct and indirect labor); and (iii) multiply the percentage so obtained by the cost (determined on the same basis) of the fabric being priced.

In applying this formula the manufacturer shall compute his costs for both fabrics as of the same date. In selecting the "most nearly comparable pattern and construction" the manufacturer shall choose a fabric which, as compared with the fabric to be priced, would normally be sold by him (i) in the same general classification and price range, (ii) to the same classes of purchasers, (iii) for the same general purposes, and (iv) for approximately the same margin over its direct cost.

No manufacturer shall transfer or deliver a woven decorative fabric which was not sold, offered for sale, transferred or delivered during the period between July 11, 1941 and July 13, 1942, inclusive, until he has submitted a report to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., in accordance with paragraph (a) (2) of § 1400.157, containing his interpretation of a proper maximum price as determined under this subparagraph.

(4) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraphs (b) (1), (2) or (3) of this section, the price approved in writing by the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C.

§ 1400.164 *Appendix B: Maximum prices for sales by persons other than manufacturers.* (a) The provisions of paragraph (a) of § 1400.163 shall apply to the maximum prices established herein.

(b) The maximum price for a pattern of any specific construction of a woven decorative fabric sold by a person other than a manufacturer shall be:

(1) 105% of the price quoted for the same pattern of the same construction in the seller's price list in effect on November 10, 1941 to a purchaser of the same general class, or,

[Paragraph (1) as amended by Amendment 1, 7 F.R. 5512; effective 7-16-42]

(2) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraph (b) (1) of this section, 105% of the highest price at which such pattern of the same con-



struction was sold or offered for sale during the period from September 11 to November 10, 1941, inclusive, to a purchaser of the same general class, or,

(3) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraphs (b) (1) or (2) of this section, the price determined by the applications of the following formula: The seller shall (i) select from the same general classification and price range as the pattern being priced under this paragraph (b) (3), the pattern of the most nearly comparable construction for which a maximum price is established under paragraphs (b) (1) or (2) of this section and of which the seller sold or delivered the largest number of units during the period from September 11, to November 10, 1941, inclusive; (ii) divide his maximum price for that pattern by his supplier's present maximum price<sup>11</sup> for such pattern; and (iii) multiply the percentage so obtained by the maximum price of the supplier for the pattern being priced under this subparagraph, or,

(4) If the maximum price cannot be determined under paragraphs (b) (1), (2) or (3), the price approved in writing by the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C.:

*Provided*, That until October 13, 1942, in the event that a seller other than a manufacturer has in his inventory on July 13, 1942, a pattern of a woven decorative fabric, the cost price of which to him exceeds by more than 5% his supplier's present maximum price established by this Maximum Price Regulation No. 39 or by any other price regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration, the maximum price for the pattern shall be determined in accordance with the General Maximum Price Regulation, and the provisions of this section shall not be applicable. For each such pattern the seller shall keep records showing with respect to it: (i) the name or number; (ii) the name and address of the supplier; (iii) the cost price to the seller; (iv) the maximum price of the supplier; (v) the quantity of the pattern in the seller's inventory on July 13, 1942; and (vi) the maximum price as determined in accordance with the General Maximum Price Regulation.

Issued this 9th day of June, 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9380; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:20 p. m.]

<sup>11</sup> In determining his supplier's maximum price for the purpose of this subparagraph, the seller shall be permitted to rely upon the written representation of the supplier.

A converter in applying this formula should use as the supplier's maximum price the aggregate of the maximum price for the unfinished fabric plus the maximum price for the finishing operations established by regulations or orders of the Office of Price Administration.

For the purposes of this formula a converter who does his own finishing shall use as his supplier's maximum price the maximum price which would be applicable under Maximum Price Regulation No. 128—Processing Piece Goods—if the converter were selling the same operation. [Paragraph added June 9, 1943.]

#### PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 12, Amdt. 42<sup>1</sup>]

##### COFFEE

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 1407.1092 is amended by adding a new item as follows:

Period:	Percentage of base
July 1, 1943, to August 31, 1943, inclusive	80

This amendment shall become effective June 16, 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 507, 421, and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10129; WPB Dir. No. 1, Supp. Dir. No. 1-R; Food Dir. 3, 8 F.R. 2005)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9381; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:18 p. m.]

#### PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 16,<sup>2</sup> Correction of Amdt. 6 to Supp. 1]

##### MEAT, FATS, FISH AND CHEESES; PERIOD OF RED STAMP USE

Section 1407.3027 (f) is corrected to read as follows:

(f) The following are the periods referred to in sections 2.3 (b) and 10.4 (g) of Ration Order 16, during which red stamps may be used by consumers:

Stamps lettered:	Time when they may be used (inclusive)
E.....	April 25, 1943 to May 31, 1943.
F.....	May 2, 1943 to May 31, 1943.
G.....	May 9, 1943 to May 31, 1943.
H.....	May 16, 1943 to May 31, 1943.
J.....	May 23, 1943 to June 30, 1943.
K.....	May 30, 1943 to June 30, 1943.
L.....	June 6, 1943 to June 30, 1943.
M.....	June 13, 1943 to June 30, 1943.
N.....	June 20, 1943 to June 30, 1943.

This correction shall become effective June 15, 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; and Supp. Dir. 1-M, 7 F.R. 7234; Food Dir. 1, 8 F.R. 827; Food Dir. 3, 8 F.R. 2005; Food Dir. 5, 8 F.R. 2251; Food Dir. 6, 8 F.R. 3471; Food Dir. 7, 8 F.R. 3471)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9382; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:17 p. m.]

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 3400, 3843, 4486, 4519, 4977, 4892, 5318, 5480, 5486, 5846, 7198, 7267.  
<sup>2</sup> 8 F.R. 3591, 3715, 3949, 4137, 4350, 4423, 4721, 4784, 4893, 4967, 5172, 5318, 5679, 5667, 5739, 5819, 6046, 6138, 6181, 6446, 6614, 6620, 6687, 6840, 6960, 6961, 7115, 7268, 7281.

#### PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[SR 14 to GMPR, Amdt. 180]

##### TEA BAGS AND PACKAGED TEA

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Supplementary Regulation No. 14 is amended in the following respects:

1. The head-note of § 1499.73 (a) (88) is amended to read as follows:

(88) *Tea packers' maximum prices for tea bags and packaged tea changed to weights and sizes required by Food Distribution Order No. 18.*

2. The head-note of § 1499.73 (a) (88) (i) is amended to read as follows:

(i) *For tea bags changed to 200 and 250 to the pound.*

3. Sections 1499.73 (a) (88) (ii), (88) (iii), (88) (iv) are redesignated §§ 1499.73 (a) (88) (iii) (88) (iv) and (88) (v), respectively.

4. Section 1499.73 (a) (88) (ii) is added to read as follows:

(ii) *For tea bags changed to 200 to the pound in packages containing 8, 16, and 48 tea bags; one ounce tea bags in packages containing multiples of 16 tea bags and packaged tea in 4 ounce and 1 3/8 ounce packages. Tea packers who formerly packed tea in weights and sizes other than (1) tea bags 200 to the pound in packages containing 8, 16 and 48 tea bags, (2) one ounce tea bags in packages containing multiples of 16 tea bags or (3) packaged tea in 4 ounce or 1 3/8 ounce packages, and now change to such new weights or sizes shall determine their maximum prices for such new weights or sizes by calculating as follows:*

(a) *Tea bags.* (1) Calculate the present (GMPR) maximum price per tea bag in old weight or size.

(2) Add to or subtract from the maximum price per tea bag in old weight or size result of (1) the differential for this new weight or size as shown in Table No. 1.

(3) For maximum price per case or other unit multiply maximum price per new size tea bag result of (2) by number of tea bags to be used in new size case or unit.

##### Example

Old size pack: 36/10's, 250 tea bags to the pound. Maximum price \$2.55.

New size pack: 36/8's, 200 tea bags to the pound.

1.  $36 \times 10 = 360$  tea bags in old size unit pack,  $\$2.55 \div 360 = \$0.00708$ , maximum price per tea bag.

2.  $\$0.00708 + \$0.00070$  (the differential from Table 1) =  $\$0.00778$ .

3.  $\$0.00778 \times 288$  (number of bags in new size case) =  $\$2.24$  maximum price per new case.

(b) *Packaged tea—1 3/8 oz. size.* (1) Calculate the present (GMPR) maximum price of the old size per dozen packages.

(2) Add to or subtract from this maximum price of the old size per dozen packages (result of 1) the differential as shown for the new size in Table No. 1.



(3) For a maximum price per case or other unit multiply (result of 2) maximum price per dozen of the new size by number of dozen packages to be used in new case or unit.

*Example*

Old size pack: 36/1½ oz. packages, maximum price, \$2.50.

New size pack: 36/1½ oz. packages.

1.  $\$2.50 \div 3$  (number of dozen in old size pack) = \$.83⅓ per doz.

2. \$.83⅓ - \$.06 (the differential from Table 1) = \$.77⅓.

3. \$.77⅓ × 3 (the number of dozen in new size pack) = \$2.32, new maximum price per case.

(c) *Packaged tea—4 oz. size.* (1) Calculate the present (GMPR) maximum price of the old size for one pound.

(2) Subtract from maximum price per pound of old size packages (result of 1) the differential shown for the new size in Table No. 1.

(3) For a maximum price per case or other unit multiply the maximum price per pound of the new size package (result of 2) by the number of pounds to be used in the new size case or unit.

*Example*

Old size pack: 24/3 oz. package, maximum price, \$3.70.

New size pack: 24/4 oz. packages.

1.  $24 \times 3 \text{ oz.} = 72 \text{ oz. or } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ pounds.}$

$\$3.70 \div 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ pounds} = \$.8222 \text{ per pound.}$

2. \$.8222 - \$.01 (the differential from Table 1) = \$.8122.

3.  $24 \times 4 \text{ oz. (the new size)} = 96 \text{ oz. or } 6 \text{ pounds.}$

$\$.8122 \times 6 \text{ pounds} = \$4.87 \text{ maximum price per new pack.}$

(d) In calculating new maximum prices of the tea bags or tea packages as provided herein, all calculations shall be carried to the fifth decimal place of a dollar. Where the maximum price resulting from the calculations for the unit to be sold contains a fraction of one-half cent or more it shall be raised to the next higher cent. Where it results in a fraction of less than one-half cent, it shall be lowered to the next lower cent.

(e) If the maximum price for any size and weight of tea cannot be determined under this section, the tea packer's maximum prices for such weight and size shall be as specifically authorized by order of the Price Administrator after application. A packer who seeks such authorization shall file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., an application for adjustment in the manner prescribed by the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, setting forth: (1) all his old sizes of the brand of packaged tea and tea bags and their maximum prices, (2) the new size.

TABLE I

If the new size is 8's (200 to the pound) tea bags:

Add the following amount per tea bag:	
If the old size is 8's packed 250 to the pound	.0005
If the old size is 9's packed 200 to the pound	.0001
If the old size is 9's packed 250 to the pound	.0006

If the old size is 10's packed 200 to the pound	.0002
If the old size is 10's packed 250 to the pound	.0007
If the old size is 12's packed 200 to the pound	.0003
If the old size is 12's packed 250 to the pound	.0008
If the new size is 16's (200 to the pound) tea bags:	
Add the following amount per tea bag:	
If the old size is 15's packed 200 to the pound	.0000
If the old size is 15's packed 250 to the pound	.0005
If the old size is 16's packed 250 to the pound	.0005
If the old size is 18's packed 200 to the pound	.0001
If the old size is 18's packed 250 to the pound	.0006
If the old size is 20's packed 200 to the pound	.0002
If the old size is 20's packed 250 to the pound	.0007
If the old size is 25's packed 200 to the pound	.00025
If the old size is 25's packed 250 to the pound	.00075
If new size is 48's (200 to the pound) tea bags:	
Add the following amount per tea bag:	
If old size is 40's packed 200 to the pound	.0000
If old size is 40's packed 250 to the pound	.0005
If old size is 50's packed 200 to the pound	.0000
If old size is 50's packed 250 to the pound	.0005
If new size is 1 oz. tea bags:	
Add the following amount per tea bag:	
If old size is ¾ oz.	.01
Subtract the following amount per tea bag.	
If old size is 1½ oz.	.0125
If new size is 1½ oz. packaged tea:	
Add the following amount per dozen packages:	
If old size is 1½ oz.	.10
If old size is 1¼ oz.	.05
Subtract the following amount per dozen packages:	
If old size is 1½ oz.	.03
If old size is 1½ oz.	.06
If old size is 1¼ oz.	.10
If old size is 1¼ oz.	.13
If old size is 2 oz.	.16
If old size is 2½ oz.	.30
If new size is 4 oz. packaged tea:	
Subtract the following amount per pound:	
If old size is 2½ oz.	.02
If old size is 3 oz.	.01
If old size is 3½ oz.	.00

This amendment shall become effective June 15, 1943.	
(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)	
NOTE: The reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.	
Issued this 9th day of June 1943.	
GEORGE J. BURKE,	
Acting Administrator.	

(F. R. Doc. 43-9383; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:10 p. m.)

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES  
[Order 137 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR,<sup>1</sup> Amdt. 1]

HAFLEIGH AND COMPANY

An opinion accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Section 1499.1038 (f) is amended to read as follows:

(f) This Order No. 137 (§ 1499.1038) shall be effective as of September 25, 1942.

This amendment shall become effective June 9, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9390; Filed, June 9, 1943; 4:22 p. m.]

PART 1364—FRESH, CURED AND CANNED  
MEAT AND FISH

[Rev. MPR 148,<sup>2</sup> Amdt. 6]

DRESSED HOGS AND WHOLESALE PORK CUTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 148 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1364.22a is added to read as follows:

§ 1364.22a *Limitation on volume of sales to purveyors of meals; records and reports.* (a) No hotel supply house, packing or slaughtering plant, packer's branch house, wholesaler's or other selling establishment shall sell and deliver to purveyors of meals, at prices that include all or any part of the permissible addition authorized by Schedule III (e) of § 1364.35, during any three month period beginning June 1, September 1, December 1, or March 1, a volume of fabricated meat cuts of all kinds in excess of 70 percent of the total volume by weight of all kinds (e. g. lamb, mutton, pork, beef, veal, sausage, hamburger, etc.) and types (e. g. fresh, frozen, cured, smoked, cooked, canned, dried, etc.) of meats, variety meats (e. g. liver, tongue, kidney, etc.) edible by-products, and all other processed meat items not specifically set forth herein, sold and delivered to purveyors of meals by such selling establishment from September 15, 1942 through December 15, 1942. As used in this § 1364.22 (a) the term "fabricated

\* Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup> 8 F.R. 3096, 3849, 4347, 4486, 4724, 4978, 6047, 6962.

<sup>2</sup> 7 F.R. 8609, 9005, 8948; 8 F.R. 544, 2922, 3867, 4785, 7322.



meat cut" shall include all wholesale pork cuts.

(b) Not later than the 10th day following each three month period ending August 31, November 30, February 28 or 29, or May 31, each separate selling establishment making sales to purveyors of meals at prices which include all or a part of the permissible addition authorized by Schedule III (f) of § 1364.35 shall file with the nearest district or state office of the Office of Price Administration a statement showing, for such three month period, the total volume by weight of all kinds of fabricated meat cuts (e. g. lamb, mutton, beef, veal, and pork) sold and delivered during such period to purveyors of meals at prices including part or all of such permissible addition: *Provided*, That no such report need be filed under this paragraph if the similar report required by § 1364.415 (b) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 169—Beef and Veal Carcasses and Wholesale Cuts—is filed in lieu thereof.

(c) Any person who violates any provision of this section may, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, be prohibited by administrative suspension order from receiving, selling, using, or otherwise disposing of any rationed meats or other rationed products. Such suspension order shall be issued for such period as in the judgment of the Administrator or such person as he may designate for that purpose, is necessary and appropriate in the public interest or to promote the national security.

(d) This section is issued under the authority vested in the Administrator by Executive Order No. 9125 issued by the President on April 3, 1942; Directive No. 1 and Supplementary Directive No. 1M of the War Production Board issued on January 24, 1942 and September 12, 1942, respectively; Executive Order No. 9280, issued by the President on December 5, 1942; and Food Directives No. 1, No. 3, No. 5, No. 6 and No. 7 issued by the Secretary of Agriculture.

2. Paragraph (15) of § 1364.32 (a) is added to read as follows:

(15) "Purveyor of meals" means:

(i) Any restaurant, hotel, cafe, cafeteria or establishment which purchases meats and where meals, food portions or refreshments are served for a consideration;

(ii) the War Shipping Administration of the U. S. Government;

(iii) Any person operating an ocean going vessel, engaged in the transportation of cargo or passengers in foreign, coastwise or intercoastal trade, to the extent that meat is delivered to him as ship's stores for consumption aboard such vessel;

(iv) Any hospital, asylum, orphanage, prison or other similar institution, which is operated by any federal, state or local government or agency thereof.

3. Section 1364.34 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) The maximum prices established for regular pork trimmings and for cynamon tushonka by Amendment No. 4 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 148, issued on May 31, 1943, shall not take effect, as to deliveries to war pro-

curement agencies under contracts entered into prior to May 31, 1943 until June 20, 1943.

4. Schedule III (e) of § 1364.35 is amended to read as follows:

(e) For all wholesale pork cuts sold to a purveyor of meals otherwise than by peddler truck sale, \$2.00 per cwt.

This amendment shall become effective June 9, 1943.

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting provisions of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget according to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 9th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9390; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
4:22 p. m.]

#### PART 1364—FRESH CURED AND CANNED MEAT AND FISH PRODUCTS

[MPR 355, Amendment 5]

##### RETAIL CEILING PRICES FOR BEEF, VEAL, LAMB AND MUTTON CUTS AND ALL VARIETY MEATS AND EDIBLE BY-PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 355 is amended in the following respects:

1. The title of Maximum Price Regulation No. 355 is amended to read "Retail Ceiling Prices of Beef, Veal, Lamb and Mutton Cuts and all Variety Meats and Edible By-Products" as set forth above.

2. Section 1364.1154 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1364.1154 *Maximum prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts and all variety meats and edible by-products at retail.* Under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders No. 9250 and No. 9328, Maximum Price Regulation No. 355—Retail Ceiling Prices for Beef, Veal, Lamb and Mutton Cuts and all Variety Meats and Edible By-Products, which is annexed hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby issued.

3. The head-note of section 4 in Article I of the Table of Contents is amended to read as follows:

4. What beef, veal, lamb or mutton cuts or variety meats and edible by-products you may sell.

4. The head-note of section 6 of Article I of the Table of Contents is amended to read as follows:

6. Grades and marking.

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

† 8 F.R. 4423, 4922, 6214, 6428, 7199.

5. The following section and head-note are added to Article III of the Table of Contents:

28. Office of Price Administration List of Ceiling Prices for Variety Meats and Edible By-Products.

6. Sections 1 through 12, inclusive of Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, are amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1 *What this regulation does.* This regulation fixes dollar-and-cents ceiling prices on all retail sales of beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts made on and after June 21, 1943, and on all retail sales of variety meats and edible by-products made on and after June 21, 1943. The only retail beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts which may be sold are those described in section 20 of this regulation. The United States is divided into zones. Different ceiling prices depend on the zone where your store is, its class, and the grade of meat you are selling. A store includes any place where beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts or variety meats and edible by-products are sold at retail.

Sec. 2 *Your ceiling prices.* (a) You will find your ceiling prices for each grade of beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts on your "OPA List of Ceiling Prices for Beef, Veal, Lamb and Mutton—Fresh, Frozen or Cured" (Article III, section 22) and for variety meats and edible by-products on your "OPA List of Ceiling Prices for Variety Meats and Edible By-Products" (Article III, section 28). A copy of the list for each kind of meat, variety meat and edible by-product for your zone and class may be obtained from your local War Price and Rationing Board or from your district Office of Price Administration Office. If any store had a 1942 total sales volume of \$250,000 or more, and is one of a "chain store" group which had a combined total sales volume for all stores of \$40,000,000 or more during 1942, the ceiling prices for each grade of beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts applicable to such store shall be 10% lower, adjusted to the nearest cent, than the ceiling prices established herein for Class 3 and 4 stores.

(b) *Your zone.* You can find out from your local War Price and Rationing Board or your Office of Price Administration office what zone your store is in. After each list of prices in section 22, Article III, there is a description of the zone in which that list of prices applies. The zones are the same for variety meats and edible byproducts except that Zone 4-A, which is described at the end of section 28, Article III, is taken out of Zone 4 and made into a separate zone.

(c) *Your class.* Your store is in "Class 1 and 2" if it had a 1942 total sales volume of less than \$250,000 and if it is not a "chain store". Otherwise, it is in "Class 3 and 4".

(d) *Chain stores.* Your store is a "chain store" if it is one of a group of four or more stores owned by one person which had a combined total sales volume for all stores of \$500,000 or more during 1942. If you are in doubt whether your store is in "Class 1 and 2", consult the directions given in sections 13, 14 and 15.



(e) The appropriate regional office of the Office of Price Administration and such other offices as may be authorized by the appropriate regional office may, upon a finding by the Regional Administrator that any price or prices established in this regulation for zone 2, 3 or 5 will increase the level of prices prevailing in a specific area within the Region, issue an order designating such area, and suspending the effectiveness of any price or prices herein established.

**SEC. 3 When the new ceiling prices take effect.** (a) On June 21, 1943, the dollar-and-cents ceiling prices fixed by this regulation take the place of all previous ceiling prices fixed by the Office of Price Administration upon retail sales of beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts. On and after June 21, 1943, you must not sell any cut other than described in this regulation and you must not sell such cut at a price higher than the ceiling price fixed for the grade by this regulation.

(b) On June 21, 1943, the dollar-and-cents ceiling prices fixed by this regulation take the place of all previous ceiling prices fixed by the Office of Price Administration upon retail sales of pork, beef, veal, lamb and mutton variety meats and edible by-products. On and after June 21, 1943, you must not sell any variety meat or edible by-product other than those for which dollar-and-cents prices are fixed by this regulation and which are clean, sound and free from foreign material, including blood clots, mucus, hair and wool.

**SEC. 4 What beef, veal, lamb or mutton cuts or variety meats and edible by-products you may sell.** On and after June 21, 1943, the only beef, veal, lamb and mutton items you may sell are (a) those cuts, fresh, frozen or cured, which are described and given dollar-and-cents ceiling prices under this regulation, (b) frankfurters, bologna, fresh or smoked sausage and dried beef which are given dollar-and-cents prices in Maximum Price Regulation No. 336 and (c) all other sausage and canned meat for which your ceiling prices are to remain as fixed under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

**SEC. 5 Sales to eating places.** Your ceiling prices for sales to hotels, restaurants, institutions, and other eating places selling or furnishing meals are the ceiling prices fixed by Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 169 for beef and veal, Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 239, for lamb and mutton and by Maximum Price Regulation No. 398 for variety meats and edible by-products. Nevertheless, you may, during any month, use the ceiling prices fixed by this regulation in selling to eating places if 80% or more of your total sales of meat during the previous calendar month were retail sales to consumers, that is, to persons who buy the meat to be eaten by themselves or their families off your premises.

**SEC. 6 Grades and marking—(a) (1) Beef, veal, lamb and mutton must be graded and marked.** All carcasses and wholesale cuts of beef, veal, lamb and mutton, must be graded and must have a

mark showing the grade on them. The grades, and the mark for each grade, are these:

Beef, veal and lamb grades	Grade mark	Grade mark, when graded by an official grader of the U. S. Department of Agriculture
Choice.....	AA	U. S. choice or choice.
Good.....	A	U. S. good or good.
Commercial.....	B	U. S. commercial or commercial.
Utility.....	C	U. S. utility or utility.
Cutter and canner..	D	U. S. cut or cut (lamb). U. S. cutter or cutter (beef). U. S. canner or canner (beef). U. S. cut or cut (veal).
<b>Mutton grades</b>		
Good.....	S	U. S. choice or choice.
Commercial.....	M	U. S. good or good.
Utility.....	R	U. S. commercial or commercial.
		U. S. utility or utility.
		U. S. cut or cut.

You may not have in your store refrigerator or cooler any meat which does not have the grade name or mark stamped on each wholesale cut.

(2) If you slaughter the animal yourself, you must have it graded and marked before you break the carcass. You must follow the rules for grading which are in Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 169, § 1364.411, for beef and veal, and Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 239, § 1364.167 for lamb and mutton. These rules may be obtained from your local Office of Price Administration office.

(3) You must leave the grade mark on retail cuts, and you must not put different grades of meat together in your showcase.

(b) Variety meats and edible by-products. You must not put either different types of variety meats or edible by-products, or variety meats or edible by-products coming from different kinds of animals together in your showcase.

**SEC. 7 How you make retail cuts.** Section 20 of this regulation describes the different cuts of beef, veal, lamb and mutton which you may sell, and how they are to be cut. If you buy a carcass, or side or quarter or combination cut of meat, you must first cut it into the standard OPA wholesale cuts described in section 23 before you make the retail cuts. If you buy live animals and have them slaughtered for you, you must first break the carcass into the standard wholesale cuts, and the person who slaughters for you must comply with the rules set for custom slaughterers by the wholesale beef and veal regulation, § 1364.401 (c).

**SEC. 8 Post your ceiling prices.** Not later than June 21, 1943, you must post at your store your "Official O. P. A. List of Retail Meat Prices". You may use an exact copy of the OPA List as long as the printing is just as legible and at least as large. Put it on or at the counter of the meat department in your store in one or more places where your customers can easily see and read it. You must have at least one of each list posted for each 20 feet of meat counter space. You must get your official copies of the price lists for posting or copying

from your war price and rationing board or from your district OPA office. If you display any cut of beef, veal, lamb or mutton, or any variety meat or edible by-product, as in your show case, you must put on it your selling price for that cut. Each grade of meat and each type of variety meat or edible by-products which you have separated in your show case as required by section 6 must be designated by the appropriate official grade or type, so that your customers can see and read it.

**SEC. 9 Records, sales slips, and receipts.** After May 17, 1943, you shall keep the same kind of records you have customarily kept, showing the prices you charge for beef, veal, lamb and mutton cuts, variety meats and edible by-products. You shall show the records to any representative of the Office of Price Administration upon request. If you have customarily given a customer a sales slip, receipt or similar evidence of purchase, you shall continue to do so. Furthermore, regardless of your previous custom, you shall, upon request by any customer, give a receipt showing the date, your name and address, the name, weight and grade of each cut, variety meat item or edible by-product sold and the price you received for it.

**SEC. 10 Licensing and registration.** The licensing and registration provisions of sections 15 and 16 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to every person making sales subject to this regulation. Sections 15 and 16 provide, in brief, that a license is required of all persons selling at retail commodities for which maximum prices are established. A license is automatically granted. It is not necessary to apply for the license, but all sellers may later be required to register. The license may be suspended for violations in connection with the sale of any commodity for which maximum prices are established. No person whose license is suspended may sell any such commodity during the period of suspension.

**SEC. 11 Indirect price increases.** (a) The price limitations set forth in this regulation shall not be evaded directly or indirectly by you; and you shall not require the purchaser to buy at any price other food products as a condition of selling beef, veal, lamb or mutton cuts, or variety meats and edible by-products.

(b) You must not charge or receive any consideration for or in connection with any service which has not been provided for in this regulation and for which a price has not been fixed.

**SEC. 12 Prohibitions and penalties.** On and after May 17, 1943, the date this regulation takes effect, if you sell or deliver any meat cut, variety meats or edible by-products, specified in this regulation at a price higher than your ceiling price for the grade or type, or if you otherwise violate any provision of this regulation, you are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, license suspension proceedings, and suits for treble damages provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. Also, any person,



who in the course of trade or business, buys from you at a price higher than your ceiling price for the grade is subject to the criminal penalties and civil enforcement actions provided for by that Act.

7. Section 22 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 22. (a) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 1.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	56	52	44	38	34
2. T-bone.....	56	52	44	38	34
3. Chub.....	56	52	44	38	34
4. Rib—10-inch cut.....	36	34	31	28	24
5. Rib—7-inch cut.....	39	37	34	29	25
6. Sirloin.....	47	44	36	31	27
7. Pin bone.....	47	44	36	31	27
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	58	55	45	38	34
9. Round (bone-in—full cut).....	45	43	38	32	28
10. Round (boneless—top and bottom).....	48	45	39	33	29
11. Round tip.....	48	45	39	33	29
12. Chuck Blade (bone-in).....	32	30	28	25	21
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	32	30	28	25	21
14. Flank.....	41	41	40	40	36
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 10-inch cut).....	36	34	31	28	24
2. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 7-inch cut).....	39	37	34	29	25
3. Round Tip.....	48	45	39	33	29
4. Rump (Bone-in).....	30	28	25	21	17
5. Rump (Boneless).....	48	45	39	33	29
6. Chuck Blade Pot Roast.....	32	30	28	25	21
7. Chuck Arm Pot Roast.....	32	30	28	25	21
8. Chuck or Shoulder (Boneless).....	41	39	36	32	28
9. English Cut.....	32	30	28	25	21
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	23	23	21	21	17
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	23	23	21	21	17
3. Plate (boneless) (Fresh or cured).....	28	28	26	26	22
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	28	28	24	24	20
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh or cured).....	36	36	31	31	27
6. Flank meat.....	30	30	30	30	26
7. Neck (bone-in).....	28	28	24	24	20
8. Neck (boneless).....	34	32	30	27	23
9. Heel of Round (boneless).....	34	32	28	24	20
10. Shank (bone-in—hind and fore).....	21	21	21	21	17
11. Shank (boneless—hind and fore).....	29	29	28	28	24
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground Beef.....</b>	30	30	30	30	30
<b>V. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:</b>					
1. Round Beef—Whole.....	27	25	23	19	15
2. Sirloin Beef—Whole.....	32	31	25	22	18
3. Short Loin Beef—Whole.....	39	36	31	26	22
4. Flank Beef—Whole.....	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib Beef—Whole.....	29	27	25	22	18
6. Regular Chuck—Whole.....	24	23	21	19	15
7. Short Plate—Whole.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket—Whole.....	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank—Whole.....	15	15	15	15	11

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and Chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	49	46	41	36	32
2. Rib chops.....	43	42	39	36	29
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	33	31	28	24	22
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	51	48	43	38	34
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	41	39	35	32	29
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and Sirloin (bone-in).....	38	36	32	29	26
2. Rump and Sirloin (boneless).....	54	50	45	40	36
3. Leg.....	38	36	32	29	26
4. Leg—rump-off.....	38	36	32	29	26
5. Leg—shank-half.....	38	36	32	29	26
6. Leg—rump-half.....	38	36	32	29	26
7. Loin.....	49	46	41	36	32
8. Rib.....	43	42	39	36	29
9. Blade and arm.....	33	31	28	24	22
10. Round.....	51	48	43	38	34
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	32	31	29	26	21
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	39	38	36	33	26



## SEC. 22 (a)—Continued.

[For Stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades					
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull	
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	
VII. Roasts—Continued.							
13. Boneless Veal Leg or Round						33	
14. Boneless Veal Sirloin or Strip						33	
15. Veal Tenderloin						33	
16. Boneless Veal regular rib roll						32	
17. Boneless Veal Shoulder Clod						31	
18. Boned, Rolled and Tied Veal Roll							
VIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast (bone-in)		24	23	22	20	16	
2. Breast (boneless)		33	31	28	24	22	
3. Flank meat		33	31	28	24	22	
4. Neck (bone-in)		24	23	22	20	16	
5. Neck (boneless)		33	31	28	24	22	
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)		24	23	22	20	16	
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)		33	31	28	24	22	
8. Ground veal patties		34	34	34	34	34	
9. Neckbones						10	
IX. Kidneys		34	34	34	34	34	
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Hindquarters		29	28	25	22	20	
2. Forequarters		24	23	22	20	16	
Lamb and Mutton		Lamb				Mutton	
		Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops		63	60	54	48	34	32
2. Rib chops		50	47	44	40	23	20
3. Leg or sirloin chops		50	47	44	40	23	20
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops		43	41	38	35	20	18
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)		43	41	37	33	24	22
2. Sirloin Roast (bone-in)		50	47	44	40	23	20
3. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (bone-in)		29	28	26	26	14	13
4. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (boneless)		44	43	41	39	21	18
5. Chuck or Shoulder (square cut) (bone-in)		37	37	37	35	18	17
6. Chuck or Shoulder (cross cut) (bone-in)		30	30	29	27	15	14
7. Loin		63	60	54	48	34	32
8. Rib		50	47	44	40	23	20
9. Boneless Lamb Shoulder Roll					38		
XIII. Stews and Other Cuts:							
1. Breast and Flank		22	21	19	18	11	10
2. Neck (bone-in)		22	21	19	18	11	10
3. Neck (boneless)		34	34	34	34	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in)		22	21	19	18	11	10
5. Patties (ground meat)		34	34	34	34	20	20
6. Neckbones					8		
XIV. Kidneys		30	30	30	30	17	17
XV. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:							
1. Leg		35	33	31	28	20	19
2. Loin		35	32	27	23	17	15
3. Hotel Rack		38	36	31	26	18	16
4. Yoke		23	22	22	20	11	10

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 1.

Zone 1 includes the following area:

Washington, all counties.

Oregon, all counties.

California, all counties.

Nevada, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (b) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 1.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse.....	53	50	43	36	32
2. T-Bone.....	53	50	43	36	32
3. Club.....	53	50	43	36	32
4. Rib—10-inch cut.....	33	31	29	25	21
5. Rib—7-inch cut.....	36	33	31	26	22
6. Sirloin.....	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin Bone.....	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (Boneless).....	55	52	42	36	32
9. Round (Bone-in—full cut).....	43	40	35	30	26
10. Round (Boneless—Top and Bottom).....	45	42	37	31	27
11. Round Tip.....	45	42	37	31	27
12. Chuck Blade (Bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
13. Chuck Arm (Bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
14. Flank.....	39	39	39	39	35
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 10-inch cut).....	33	31	29	25	21
2. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 7-inch cut).....	36	33	31	26	22
3. Round Tip.....	45	42	37	31	27
4. Rump (Bone-in).....	28	27	23	20	16
5. Rump (Boneless).....	45	42	37	31	27
6. Chuck Blade Pot Roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
7. Chuck Arm Pot Roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
8. Chuck or Shoulder (Boneless).....	30	36	34	30	26
9. English Cut.....	30	28	26	23	19
III. Stews and Other Cuts:					
1. Short Ribs.....	21	21	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) (Fresh or Cured).....	21	21	20	20	16
3. Plate (boneless) (Fresh or Cured).....	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) (Fresh or Cured).....	27	27	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (Fresh or Cured).....	34	34	30	30	26
6. Flank Meat.....	29	29	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in).....	27	27	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless).....	32	30	27	23	21
9. Heel of Round (boneless).....	32	30	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in—hind and fore).....	20	20	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless—hind and fore).....	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup Bone.....	5	5	5	5	3
13. Stet.....	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground Beef.....	29	29	29	29	29
V. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:					
1. Round Beef—Whole.....	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin Beef—Whole.....	32	30	25	21	17
3. Short Loin Beef—Whole.....	38	36	30	26	22
4. Flank Beef—Whole.....	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib Beef—Whole.....	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular Chuck—Whole.....	24	22	21	18	14
7. Short Plate—Whole.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket—Whole.....	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank—Whole.....	15	15	14	14	10

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops.....	47	44	39	33	30
2. Rib chops.....	41	40	37	34	27
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	31	29	26	23	21
4. Round steak (outlets).....	48	46	41	36	32
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	39	37	34	30	28
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	36	34	31	27	25
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	51	48	43	37	34
3. Leg.....	36	34	31	27	25
4. Leg—rump-off.....	36	34	31	27	25
5. Leg—shank-half.....	36	34	31	27	25
6. Leg—rump-half.....	36	34	31	27	25
7. Loin.....	47	44	39	33	30
8. Rib.....	41	40	37	34	27
9. Blade and arm.....	31	29	26	23	21
10. Round.....	48	46	41	36	32
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	30	29	27	25	20
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	37	36	34	31	25
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip.....					32
15. Veal tenderloin.....					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					29



## (b) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades						
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull		
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound		
VIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast (bone-in).....	22	22	20	19	15		
2. Breast (boneless).....	31	29	26	23	21		
3. Flank meat.....	31	29	26	23	21		
4. Neck (bone-in).....	22	22	20	19	15		
5. Neck (boneless).....	31	29	26	23	21		
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	22	22	20	19	15		
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	31	29	26	23	21		
8. Ground veal patties.....	32	32	32	32	32		
9. Neckbones.....					9		
IX. Kidneys.....	32	32	32	32	32		
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Hindquarters.....	29	27	24	22	20		
2. Forequarters.....	24	23	21	20	16		
Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
2. Rib chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	41	39	36	33	19	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	41	39	35	31	22	21	19
2. Sirloin Roast (bone-in).....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (bone-in).....	27	27	26	24	13	12	10
4. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (boneless).....	41	40	39	36	19	17	14
5. Chuck or Shoulder, Square cut (bone-in).....	36	35	35	33	17	15	13
6. Chuck or Shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	29	28	28	26	14	13	11
7. Loin.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
8. Rib.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				36			
XIII. Stews and Other Cuts:							
1. Breast and Flank.....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
6. Neckbones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	33	31	28	20	19	17
2. Loin.....	35	31	26	22	16	15	13
3. Hotel Rack.....	38	35	30	25	18	16	14
4. Yoke.....	22	22	21	20	11	10	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 1.

Zone 1 includes the following area:

Washington, all counties.

Oregon, all counties.

California, all counties.

Nevada, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (c) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 2.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	54	51	43	37	33
2. T-bone	54	51	43	37	33
3. Club	54	51	43	37	33
4. Rib—10-inch cut	34	33	30	26	22
5. Rib—7-inch cut	38	36	33	28	24
6. Sirloin	45	43	35	30	26
7. Pin bone	45	43	35	30	26
8. Sirloin (boneless)	56	53	43	37	33
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	44	42	36	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top & bottom)	46	43	38	32	28
11. Round tip	46	43	38	32	28
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	31	29	27	24	20
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	31	29	27	24	20
14. Flank	39	39	39	39	35
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut)	34	33	30	26	22
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch cut)	38	36	33	28	24
3. Round tip	46	43	38	32	28
4. Rump, (bone-in)	29	27	24	20	16
5. Rump, (boneless)	46	43	38	32	28
6. Chuck blade pot roast	31	29	27	24	20
7. Chuck arm, pot roast	31	29	27	24	20
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	40	37	35	31	27
9. English cut	31	29	27	24	20
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	21	21	20	20	16
2. Plate, (bone-in) (fresh or cured)	21	21	20	20	16
3. Plate, (boneless) (fresh or cured)	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket, (bone-in) (fresh or cured)	26	26	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh or cured)	34	34	29	29	25
6. Flank meat	28	28	28	28	24
7. Neck, (bone-in)	26	26	23	23	19
8. Neck, (boneless)	33	31	29	26	21
9. Heel of round (boneless)	3	31	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	29	29	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	28	28	28	28	28
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole	26	25	22	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole	31	30	24	21*	17
3. Short loin beef—whole	38	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef—whole	15	15	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole	28	27	25	21	17
6. Regular chuck—whole	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate	17	17	15	15	11
8. Brisket—whole	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole	14	14	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	47	44	39	34	30
2. Rib chops	42	41	37	34	27
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	31	29	26	23	21
4. Round steak (cutlets)	49	46	41	36	32
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	39	37	33	30	27
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	36	34	30	27	24
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	42	48	43	38	34
3. Leg	36	34	30	27	24
4. Leg—Rump-off	36	34	30	27	24
5. Leg—Shank-half	36	34	30	27	24
6. Leg—Rump-half	36	34	30	27	24
7. Loin	47	44	39	34	30
8. Rib	42	41	37	34	27
9. Blade and arm	31	29	26	23	21
10. Round	49	46	41	36	32
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	30	29	27	25	20
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	38	37	34	31	25
13. Boneless veal leg or round					32
14. Boneless veal, sirloin strip					32
15. Veal tenderloin					32
16. Boneless veal, regular rib roll					32
17. Boneless veal, shoulder clod					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					30



## (c) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in)	22	22	20	18	15
2. Breast (boneless)	31	29	26	23	21
3. Flank meat	31	29	26	23	21
4. Neck (bone-in)	22	22	20	18	15
5. Neck (boneless)	31	29	26	23	21
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	22	22	20	18	15
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless)	31	29	26	23	21
8. Ground veal patties	32	32	32	32	32
9. Neckbones					9
IX. Kidneys	32	32	32	32	32
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters	28	27	24	21	19
2. Forequarters	23	22	20	19	15

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
2. Rib chops	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Leg or sirloin chops	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	41	38	36	32	18	15	13
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	41	38	35	31	21	19	18
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)	27	26	25	23	12	11	9
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)	41	40	39	36	18	16	13
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	35	35	35	33	16	14	12
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)	28	27	27	25	13	11	10
7. Loin	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
8. Rib	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in)	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless)	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in)	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat)	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
6. Neckbones				6			6
XIV. Kidneys	27	27	27	27	14	14	14
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	33	32	30	27	19	17	16
2. Loin	33	30	25	21	15	13	12
3. Hotel rack	37	34	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke	21	20	20	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 2.

Zone 2 includes the following area:

Idaho, all counties.

Montana, all counties.

Wyoming, all counties.

Utah, all counties.

Arizona, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (d) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 2.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse.....	52	49	41	35	31
2. T-Bone.....	52	49	41	35	31
3. Club.....	52	49	41	35	31
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	32	30	28	24	20
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	34	32	30	25	21
6. Sirloin.....	43	41	33	28	24
7. Pin bone.....	43	41	33	28	24
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	53	51	41	35	31
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	42	39	34	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top & bottom).....	43	41	36	30	26
11. Round tip.....	43	41	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
13. Chuck Arm (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
14. Flank.....	37	37	37	37	33
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in 10 inch cut).....	32	30	28	24	20
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in 7 inch cut).....	34	32	30	25	21
3. Round tip.....	43	41	36	30	26
4. Rump, (bone-in).....	27	25	22	18	14
5. Rump, (boneless).....	43	41	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	37	35	32	28	24
9. English cut.....	29	27	25	22	18
III. Stews & other cuts:					
1. Short ribs.....	20	20	18	18	14
2. Plate, (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	20	20	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh or cured).....	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket, (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	25	25	22	22	18
5. Brisket, (boneless) (fresh or cured).....	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat.....	27	27	27	27	23
7. Neck, (bone-in).....	25	25	22	22	18
8. Neck, (boneless).....	31	29	26	23	19
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	31	29	25	21	17
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	19	19	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	25	25	25	25	21
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef.....	27	27	27	27	27
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	31	30	24	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	37	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef—whole.....	15	13	15	13	11
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck—whole.....	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate.....	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket—whole.....	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole.....	14	14	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and Chops:					
1. Loin Chops.....	45	42	37	32	28
2. Rib Chops.....	39	38	35	32	28
3. Shoulder Chops (arm and blade).....	30	28	24	22	19
4. Round Steak (cutlets).....	47	44	39	34	30
5. Sirloin Steaks or Chops.....	37	35	32	28	26
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and Sirloin (bone-in).....	34	32	29	25	23
2. Rump and Sirloin (boneless).....	40	46	41	35	32
3. Leg.....	34	32	29	25	23
4. Leg—Rump-off.....	34	32	29	25	23
5. Leg—Shank-half.....	34	32	29	25	23
6. Leg—Rump-half.....	34	32	29	25	23
7. Loin.....	45	42	37	32	28
8. Rib.....	39	38	35	32	28
9. Blade and Arm.....	30	28	24	22	19
10. Round.....	47	44	39	34	30
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	28	28	25	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	36	35	32	29	23
13. Boneless Veal, Leg or Round.....					30
14. Boneless Veal, Sirloin Strip.....					30
15. Veal Tenderloin.....					30
16. Boneless Veal, Regular Rib Roll.....					30
17. Boneless Veal, Shoulder Clod.....					29
18. Boned, Rolled and Tied Veal Roll.....					28



## (d) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and Other Cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	30	28	24	22	19
3. Flank meat.....	30	28	24	22	19
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	30	28	24	22	19
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	21	20	19	17	14
7. Shank and Heel Meat (boneless).....	30	28	24	22	19
8. Ground Veal Patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neckbones.....					8
IX. Kidneys.....	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of Wholesale Cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	28	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	22	20	18	15

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
2. Rib chops.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	39	36	34	30	16	14	12
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	39	36	33	29	20	18	16
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	25	24	24	22	11	10	8
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless).....	39	38	37	34	17	14	12
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	33	33	33	31	15	13	11
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	27	26	25	24	12	10	9
7. Loin.....	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
8. Rib.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				34			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in).....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless).....	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
4. Shank (bone-in).....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat).....	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
6. Neckbones.....				5			5
XIV. Kidneys.....	26	26	26	26	13	13	13
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	33	31	29	26	18	17	15
2. Loin.....	33	30	25	21	15	13	11
3. Hotel rack.....	36	33	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke.....	21	20	19	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 2.

Zone 2 includes the following area:

Idaho, all counties.

Montana, all counties.

Wyoming, all counties.

Utah, all counties.

Arizona, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (e) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 3.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse	63	49	42	35	31
2. T-Bone	63	49	42	35	31
3. Club	63	49	42	35	31
4. Rib 10-inch cut	33	32	29	25	21
5. Rib 7-inch cut	37	34	32	27	23
6. Sirloin (bone-in)	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin Bone	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless)	54	52	42	35	31
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	43	40	35	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	45	42	36	30	26
11. Round Tip	45	42	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	30	28	26	22	18
13. Chuck Arm (bone-in)	30	28	26	22	18
14. Flank	37	37	37	37	33
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib-standing (chine bone-in—10-inch cut)	33	32	29	25	21
2. Rib-standing (chine bone-in—7-inch cut)	37	34	32	27	23
3. Round Tip	45	42	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in)	27	26	22	19	15
5. Rump (boneless)	45	42	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade—Pot roast	30	28	26	22	18
7. Chuck arm—Pot roast	30	28	26	22	18
8. Chuck or Shoulder (boneless)	38	36	33	29	25
9. English Cut	30	28	26	22	18
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short Ribs	20	20	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh or cured)	20	20	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh or cured)	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh or cured)	25	25	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh or cured)	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank Meat	26	26	26	26	22
7. Neck (bone-in)	25	25	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless)	32	30	27	24	20
9. Heel of Round (boneless)	31	29	25	21	17
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	18	18	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	25	25	25	25	21
12. Soup Bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground Beef</b>	26	26	26	26	26
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round Beef (whole)	25	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin Beef (whole)	31	29	23	20	16
3. Short Loin Beef (whole)	37	34	29	24	20
4. Flank Beef (whole)	15	15	14	14	10
5. Rib Beef (whole)	27	26	24	20	16
6. Regular Chuck (whole)	23	21	19	17	13
7. Short Plate (whole)	16	16	14	14	10
8. Brisket (whole)	18	18	16	16	12
9. Shank (whole)	13	13	13	13	9

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops	46	43	37	32	28
2. Rib chops	40	39	36	33	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	30	28	25	22	19
4. Round steak (cutlets)	48	44	39	34	31
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	38	36	32	28	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	35	32	29	25	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	50	47	42	36	32
3. Leg	35	32	29	25	23
4. Leg—rump-off	35	32	29	25	23
5. Leg—shank-half	35	32	29	25	23
6. Leg—rump-half	35	32	29	25	23
7. Loin	46	43	37	32	28
8. Rib	40	39	36	33	26
9. Blade and arm	30	28	25	22	19
10. Round	48	44	39	34	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	29	28	26	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	37	35	33	30	23
13. Boneless veal, leg or round					31
14. Boneless veal (sirloin strip)					31
15. Veal tenderloin					31
16. Boneless veal, regular rib roll					30
17. Boneless veal, shoulder clod					30
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					29



## (e) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in)	21	20	19	17	14
2. Breast (boneless)	30	28	25	22	19
3. Flank meat	30	28	25	22	19
4. Neck (bone-in)	21	20	19	17	14
5. Neck (boneless)	30	28	25	22	19
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	21	20	19	17	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)	30	28	25	22	19
8. Ground veal and patties	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neckbones					8
IX. Kidneys	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters	27	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters	22	21	20	18	14

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
2. Rib chops	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Leg or sirloin chops	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	41	38	36	32	18	15	13
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	41	38	35	31	21	19	18
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)	27	26	25	23	12	11	9
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)	41	40	39	36	18	16	13
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	35	35	35	33	16	14	12
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)	28	27	27	25	13	11	10
7. Loin	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
8. Rib	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in)	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless)	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in)	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat)	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
6. Neckbones				6			6
XIV. Kidneys	27	27	27	27	14	14	14
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	33	32	30	27	19	17	16
2. Loin	33	30	25	21	15	13	12
3. Hotel rack	37	34	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke	21	20	20	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 3.

Zone 3 includes the following area:

Colorado, all counties.

New Mexico, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (f) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 3.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse.....	51	47	40	34	30
2. T-bone.....	51	47	40	34	30
3. Club.....	51	47	40	34	30
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	30	29	26	23	19
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	33	31	29	24	20
6. Sirloin (bone-in).....	42	40	32	27	23
7. Pin bone.....	42	40	32	27	23
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	32	30	27	23	19
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	40	38	33	27	23
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	42	39	34	28	24
11. Round tip.....	42	39	34	28	24
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	28	26	24	21	17
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	28	26	24	21	17
14. Flank.....	36	36	36	36	32
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone—10" cut).....	30	29	26	23	19
2. Rib standing (chine bone—7" cut).....	33	31	29	24	20
3. Round tip.....	42	39	34	28	24
4. Rump (bone-in).....	26	24	21	17	13
5. Rump (boneless).....	42	39	34	28	24
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	28	26	24	21	17
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	28	26	24	21	17
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	36	33	31	27	23
9. English cut.....	28	26	24	21	17
III. Stews & other cuts:					
1. Short ribs.....	18	18	17	17	13
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	18	18	17	17	13
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured.....	23	23	21	21	17
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	24	24	20	20	16
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured.....	31	31	26	26	22
6. Flank meat.....	25	25	25	25	21
7. Neck (bone-in).....	24	24	20	20	16
8. Neck (boneless).....	29	28	25	22	18
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	29	27	24	20	16
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind & fore).....	17	17	17	17	13
11. Shank (boneless) (hind & fore).....	24	24	23	23	19
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef.....	25	25	25	25	25
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef, whole.....	25	23	20	17	13
2. Sirloin beef, whole.....	30	29	23	20	16
3. Short loin beef, whole.....	37	34	29	24	20
4. Flank beef, whole.....	14	14	14	14	10
5. Rib beef, whole.....	27	25	23	20	16
6. Regular chuck, whole.....	22	21	19	17	13
7. Short plate, whole.....	15	15	14	14	10
8. Brisket, whole.....	18	18	15	15	11
9. Shank, whole.....	13	13	13	13	9
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops.....	44	40	35	30	27
2. Rib chops.....	38	37	34	31	24
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	28	27	23	20	18
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	45	42	37	32	29
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	36	34	30	27	24
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	33	31	27	24	21
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	48	40	39	34	30
3. Leg.....	33	31	27	24	21
4. Leg—Rump-off.....	33	31	27	24	21
5. Leg—Shank-half.....	33	31	27	24	21
6. Leg—Rump-half.....	33	31	27	24	21
7. Loin.....	44	40	35	30	27
8. Rib.....	38	37	34	31	24
9. Blade and arm.....	28	27	23	20	18
10. Round.....	45	42	37	32	29
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	27	26	24	22	17
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	35	34	31	28	22
13. Boneless veal, leg or round.....					29
14. Boneless veal, sirloin strip.....					29
15. Veal tenderloin.....					29
16. Boneless veal, regular rib roll.....					29
17. Boneless veal, shoulder clod.....					28
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					27



## (f) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and Other Cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	20	19	18	16	13
2. Breast (boneless).....	28	27	23	20	18
3. Flank meat.....	28	27	23	20	18
4. Neck (bone-in).....	20	19	18	16	13
5. Neck (boneless).....	28	27	23	20	18
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	20	19	18	16	13
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	28	27	23	20	18
8. Ground veal and patties.....	30	30	30	30	30
9. Neckbones.....	29	29	29	29	29
IX. Kidneys.....					
X. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	27	25	22	19	17
2. Forequarters.....	22	21	19	17	14

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
2. Rib chops.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	39	36	34	30	16	14	12
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	39	36	33	29	20	18	16
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	25	24	24	22	11	10	8
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless).....	39	38	37	34	17	14	12
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	33	33	33	31	15	13	11
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	27	26	25	24	12	10	9
7. Loin.....	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
8. Rib.....	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				34			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in).....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless).....	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
4. Shank (bone-in).....	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat).....	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
6. Neckbones.....				5			5
XIV. Kidneys.....	26	26	26	26	13	13	12
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	33	31	29	26	18	17	15
2. Loin.....	33	30	25	21	15	13	11
3. Hotel rack.....	36	33	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke.....	21	20	19	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 3.

Zone 3 includes the following area:

Colorado, all counties.

New Mexico, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1.—*Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2.—*Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3.—*Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (g) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 4.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	53	49	42	35	31
2. T-bone	53	49	42	35	31
3. Club	53	49	42	35	31
4. Rib 10-inch cut	33	32	29	25	21
5. Rib 7-inch cut	37	34	32	27	23
6. Sirloin (Bone-in)	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin Bone	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (Boneless)	54	52	42	35	31
9. Round (Bone-in) (Full cut)	43	40	35	29	25
10. Round (Boneless) (Top & bottom)	45	42	36	30	26
11. Round Tip	45	42	36	30	26
12. Chuck Blade (Bone-in)	30	28	26	22	18
13. Chuck Arm (Bone-in)	30	28	26	22	18
14. Flank	37	37	37	37	33
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (Chine bone—10" cut)	33	32	29	25	21
2. Rib standing (Chine bone—7" cut)	37	34	32	27	23
3. Round Tip	45	42	36	30	26
4. Rump (Bone-in)	17	26	22	19	15
5. Rump (Boneless)	45	42	36	30	26
6. Chuck—Pot Roast	30	28	26	22	18
7. Chuck Arm Pot Roast	30	28	26	22	18
8. Chuck or Shoulder (Boneless)	38	36	33	29	25
9. English Cut	30	28	26	22	18
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	20	20	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured	20	20	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured	25	25	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat	26	26	26	26	22
7. Neck (bone-in)	25	25	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless)	32	30	27	24	20
9. Heel of Round (boneless)	31	29	25	21	17
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	18	18	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	25	25	25	25	21
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	26	26	26	26	26
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole	25	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole	31	29	23	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole	37	34	29	24	20
4. Flank beef—whole	15	15	14	14	10
5. Rib beef—whole	27	26	24	20	16
6. Regular chuck—whole	23	21	19	17	13
7. Short plate—whole	16	16	14	14	10
8. Brisket—whole	18	18	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole	13	13	13	13	9
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	45	42	36	31	27
2. Rib chops	40	39	35	32	25
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	29	27	24	21	18
4. Round steaks (entails)	47	44	38	33	30
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	37	34	31	27	25
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	34	32	28	24	22
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	49	46	40	35	31
3. Leg	34	32	28	24	22
4. Leg—rump—off	34	32	28	24	22
5. Leg—shank—half	34	32	28	24	22
6. Leg—rump—half	34	32	28	24	22
7. Loin	45	42	36	31	27
8. Rib	40	39	35	32	25
9. Blade and arm	29	27	24	21	18
10. Round	47	44	38	33	30
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	28	27	25	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	36	35	32	29	22
13. Boneless veal leg or round					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip					30
15. Veal tenderloin					30
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					30
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					28



## (g) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	20	20	18	16	13
2. Breast (boneless).....	29	27	24	21	18
3. Flank meat.....	29	27	24	21	18
4. Neck (bone-in).....	20	20	18	16	13
5. Neck (boneless).....	29	27	24	21	18
6. Shank (bone-in) (hinds and fore).....	20	20	18	16	13
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	29	27	24	21	18
8. Ground veal and patties.....	30	30	30	30	3
9. Neckbones.....	29	29	29	29	7
IX. Kidneys.....	29	29	29	29	29
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	27	25	22	19	17
2. Forequarters.....	21	20	19	17	13

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
2. Rib chops.....	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	41	38	36	32	18	15	13
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	41	38	35	31	21	19	18
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	27	26	25	23	12	11	9
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless).....	41	40	39	36	18	16	13
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	35	35	35	33	16	14	12
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	28	27	27	25	13	11	10
7. Loin.....	61	57	52	46	32	29	26
8. Rib.....	47	45	41	37	20	18	15
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in).....	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless).....	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in).....	20	18	17	15	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat).....	32	32	32	32	18	18	18
6. Neckbones.....				6			6
XIV. Kidneys.....	27	27	27	27	14	14	14
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	33	32	30	27	19	17	16
2. Loin.....	33	30	25	21	15	13	12
3. Hotel rack.....	37	34	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke.....	21	20	20	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 4.

Zone 4 includes the following area:

North Dakota, all counties.  
South Dakota, all counties.  
Minnesota, all counties.  
Nebraska, all counties.  
Kansas, all counties.  
Oklahoma, all counties.  
Texas, all counties.

Wisconsin, all that portion of Wisconsin west of and including the counties of Iron, Price, Taylor, Clark, Jackson, Monroe, Vernon, and Crawford.

Iowa, Iowa except the counties of Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines, and Lee.

Missouri, all that portion of Missouri west of and including the counties of Scotland, Knox, Shelby, Monroe, Audrain, Montgomery, Warren, Franklin, Washington, Saint Francois, Madison, Wayne, and Butler.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (h) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 4.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	51	47	40	34	30
2. T-bone.....	51	47	40	34	30
3. Club.....	51	47	40	34	30
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	30	29	26	23	19
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	33	31	29	24	20
6. Sirloin (bone-in).....	42	40	32	27	23
7. Pin bone.....	42	40	32	27	23
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	52	49	39	33	29
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	40	38	33	27	23
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	42	39	34	28	24
11. Round tip.....	42	39	34	28	24
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	28	26	24	21	17
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	28	26	24	21	17
14. Flank.....	36	36	36	36	32
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone—10" cut).....	30	29	26	23	19
2. Rib standing (chine bone—7" cut).....	33	31	29	24	20
3. Round tip.....	42	39	34	28	24
4. Rump (bone-in).....	26	24	21	17	13
5. Rump (boneless).....	42	39	34	28	24
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	28	26	24	21	17
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	28	26	24	21	17
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	36	33	31	27	23
9. English cut.....	28	26	24	21	17
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	18	18	17	17	13
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	18	18	17	17	13
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured.....	23	23	21	21	17
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	24	24	20	21	17
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured.....	31	31	26	26	22
6. Flank meat.....	25	25	25	25	21
7. Neck (bone-in).....	24	24	20	20	16
8. Neck (boneless).....	29	28	25	22	18
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	29	27	24	20	16
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	17	17	17	17	13
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	24	24	23	23	19
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef:</b>	25	25	25	25	25
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	25	23	20	17	13
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	30	29	23	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	37	34	29	24	20
4. Flank beef—whole.....	14	14	14	14	10
5. Rib beef—whole.....	27	25	23	20	16
6. Regular chuck—whole.....	22	21	19	17	13
7. Short plate—whole.....	15	15	14	14	10
8. Brisket—whole.....	18	18	15	15	11
9. Shank—whole.....	13	13	13	13	9
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	43	40	34	29	26
2. Rib chops.....	38	36	33	30	23
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	28	26	23	20	17
4. Round steaks (outlets).....	44	41	36	31	28
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	35	33	29	26	23
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	32	30	26	23	20
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	47	44	38	33	29
3. Leg.....	32	30	26	23	20
4. Leg, rump off.....	32	30	26	23	20
5. Leg, shank half.....	32	30	26	23	20
6. Leg, rump half.....	32	30	26	23	20
7. Loin.....	43	40	34	29	26
8. Rib.....	38	36	33	30	23
9. Blade and arm.....	28	26	23	20	17
10. Round.....	44	41	36	31	28
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	26	26	24	21	16
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	34	33	30	27	21
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					28
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip.....					28
15. Veal tenderloin.....					28
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					28
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					27
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					26



## (h) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in)	19	18	17	15	12
2. Breast (boneless)	28	26	23	20	17
3. Flank meat	28	26	23	20	17
4. Neck (bone-in)	19	18	17	15	12
5. Neck (boneless)	28	26	23	20	17
6. Shank (bone-in) (hinds and fore)	19	18	17	15	12
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)	28	26	23	20	17
8. Ground veal and patties	20	20	20	20	20
9. Neckbones					6
IX. Kidneys	28	28	28	28	28
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters	26	24	22	19	17
2. Forequarters	21	20	18	17	13

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb			Mutton			
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
2. Rib chops	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Leg or sirloin chops	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	39	36	34	30	16	14	12
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	39	36	33	29	20	18	16
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	45	42	39	35	19	16	14
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)	25	24	24	22	11	10	8
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)	39	38	37	34	17	14	12
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	33	33	33	31	15	13	11
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)	27	26	25	24	12	10	9
7. Loin	58	54	49	43	30	27	25
8. Rib	45	42	35	35	19	16	14
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				34			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in)	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
3. Neck (boneless)	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
4. Shank (bone-in)	18	18	16	14	8	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat)	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
6. Neckbones				5			5
XIV. Kidneys	26	26	26	26	18	18	18
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	33	31	29	26	18	17	15
2. Loin	33	30	25	21	15	13	11
3. Hotel rack	36	33	29	24	16	14	12
4. Yoke	21	20	19	18	9	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 4.

Zone 4 includes the following area:

North Dakota, all counties.  
South Dakota, all counties.  
Minnesota, all counties.  
Nebraska, all counties.  
Kansas, all counties.  
Oklahoma, all counties.  
Texas, all counties.

Wisconsin, all that portion of Wisconsin west of and including the counties of Iron, Price, Taylor, Clark, Jackson, Monroe, Vernon, and Crawford.

Iowa, Iowa except the counties of Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines, and Lee.

Missouri, all that portion of Missouri west of and including the counties of Scotland, Knox, Shelby, Monroe, Audrain, Montgomery, Warren, Franklin, Washington, Saint Francois, Madison, Wayne, and Butler.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding. (c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling price for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (1) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 5.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355 effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	53	50	42	36	32
2. T-bone	53	50	42	36	32
3. Club	53	50	42	36	32
4. Rib 10-inch cut	34	32	30	26	22
5. Rib 7-inch cut	37	35	32	27	23
6. Sirloin	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin bone	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless)	55	52	42	36	32
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	45	41	36	30	26
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	45	42	37	31	27
11. Round tip	45	42	37	31	27
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	30	28	26	23	19
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	30	28	26	23	19
14. Flank	38	38	38	38	34
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut)	34	32	30	26	22
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch cut)	37	35	32	27	23
3. Round tip	45	42	37	31	27
4. Rump (bone-in)	28	26	23	19	15
5. Rump (boneless)	45	42	37	31	27
6. Chuck blade pot roast	30	28	26	23	19
7. Chuck arm pot roast	30	28	26	23	19
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	39	36	34	30	26
9. English cut	30	28	26	23	19
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured)	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	26	26	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless)	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat	27	27	27	27	23
7. Neck (bone-in)	26	26	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless)	32	30	28	24	20
9. Heel of round (boneless)	32	30	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	19	19	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	26	26	25	25	21
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	27	27	27	27	27
V. Retail prices on wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—Whole	25	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—Whole	31	29	24	20	16
3. Short loin beef—Whole	37	35	29	25	21
4. Flank beef—Whole	15	15	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—Whole	27	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck—Whole	23	21	20	17	13
7. Short plate—Whole	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket—Whole	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank—Whole	14	14	13	13	9

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	45	42	37	32	28
2. Rib chops	40	39	36	32	25
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	30	28	24	21	19
4. Round steak (cutlets)	47	44	39	34	30
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	37	35	31	28	25
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	34	32	28	25	22
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	50	46	41	36	32
3. Leg	34	32	28	25	22
4. Leg—rump-off	34	32	28	25	22
5. Leg—shank half	34	32	28	25	22
6. Leg—rump half	34	32	28	25	22
7. Loin	45	42	37	32	28
8. Rib	40	39	36	32	25
9. Blade and arm	30	28	24	21	19
10. Round	47	44	39	34	30
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	28	28	25	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	36	35	32	29	23
13. Boneless veal leg or round					31
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip					31
15. Veal tenderloin					31
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					31
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					30
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					28



## (i) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades				
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:						
1. Breast (bone-in)		21	20	18	17	16
2. Breast (boneless)		30	28	24	21	19
3. Flank meat		30	28	24	21	19
4. Neck (bone-in)		21	20	18	17	16
5. Neck (boneless)		30	28	24	21	19
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)		21	20	18	17	16
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)		30	28	24	21	19
8. Ground veal and patties		30	30	30	30	30
9. Neckbones						7
IX. Kidneys		30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:						
1. Hindquarters		27	25	23	20	18
2. Forequarters		22	21	19	18	14

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steak and Chops:							
1. Loin Chops	62	58	52	48	33	30	27
2. Rib Chops	48	45	41	38	21	18	16
3. Leg or Sirloin Chops	48	45	42	38	21	18	16
4. Shoulder Chops, Blade or Arm Chops	42	39	36	33	18	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	42	39	35	31	22	20	18
2. Sirloin Roast (Bone-in)	48	45	42	38	21	18	16
3. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (Bone-in)	27	27	26	24	13	11	10
4. Yoke Rattle or Triangle (Boneless)	42	41	40	37	19	17	14
5. Chuck or Shoulder, Square cut (Bone-in)	36	36	36	33	17	15	13
6. Chuck or Shoulder, Cross cut (Bone-in)	29	28	28	26	14	12	10
7. Loin	62	58	52	46	33	30	27
8. Rib	48	45	42	38	21	18	16
9. Boneless lamb Shoulder Roll				36			
XIII. Stews and Other Cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	21	19	18	16	9	8	7
2. Neck (bone-in)	21	19	18	16	9	8	7
3. Neck (boneless)	33	33	33	33	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in)	21	19	18	16	9	8	7
5. Patties (ground meat)	33	33	33	33	19	19	19
6. Neckbone				6			6
XIV. Kidneys	28	28	28	28	15	15	13
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	34	32	30	27	19	18	16
2. Loin	34	31	26	22	16	14	12
3. Hotel rack	37	34	26	25	17	15	13
4. Yoke	22	21	20	19	10	9	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 5.

Zone 5 includes the following area:

Michigan, all that portion of Michigan west of and including the counties of Marquette and Menominee.

Wisconsin, all that portion of Wisconsin east of and including the counties of Vilas, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Wood, Juneau, Sauk, Richland, and Grant.

Iowa, the following counties of Iowa: Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines, and Lee.

Illinois, all that portion of Illinois north and west of and including the counties of Vermillion, Champaign, Douglas, Coles, Shelby, Effingham, Fayette, Bond, Madison, St. Clair, and Monroe.

Missouri, the following counties of Missouri: Clark, Lewis, Marion, Ralls, Pike, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Jefferson.

Indiana, the following counties of Indiana: Lake, Newton, Benton, and Warren.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (j) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 5.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse	51	48	41	34	30
2. T-bone	51	48	41	34	30
3. Club	51	48	41	34	30
4. Rib 10-inch cut	31	29	27	23	19
5. Rib 7-inch cut	34	32	29	25	21
6. Sirloin	42	40	32	27	23
7. Pin bone	42	40	32	27	23
8. Sirloin (boneless)	52	50	40	34	30
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	41	38	33	28	24
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	43	40	35	29	25
11. Round tip	43	40	35	29	25
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	28	26	24	21	17
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	28	26	24	21	17
14. Flank	36	36	36	36	32
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in) (10" cut)	31	29	27	23	19
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in) (7" cut)	34	32	29	25	21
3. Round tip	43	40	35	29	25
4. Rump (bone-in)	26	24	21	18	14
5. Rump (boneless)	43	40	35	29	25
6. Chuck blade pot roast	28	26	24	21	17
7. Chuck arm pot roast	28	26	24	21	17
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	36	34	31	27	23
9. English cut	28	26	24	21	17
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs	18	18	18	18	14
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh & cured)	19	19	18	18	14
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh & cured)	24	24	22	22	18
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh & cured)	25	25	21	21	17
5. Brisket (boneless)	32	32	27	27	23
6. Flank meat	26	26	26	26	22
7. Neck (bone-in)	25	25	21	21	17
8. Neck (boneless)	30	28	26	23	19
9. Heel of round (boneless)	30	28	24	20	16
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind & fore)	18	18	17	17	13
11. Shank (boneless) (hind & fore)	24	24	24	24	20
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef</b>	26	26	26	26	26
<b>V. Retail prices on wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole	25	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole	30	29	23	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole	37	34	29	24	20
4. Flank beef—whole	14	14	14	14	10
5. Rib beef—whole	27	26	24	20	16
6. Regular chuck—whole	22	21	19	17	13
7. Short plate—whole	16	16	14	14	10
8. Brisket—whole	18	18	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole	13	13	13	13	9

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops	43	40	35	30	26
2. Rib chops	38	37	34	31	24
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	28	26	23	20	18
4. Round steak (cutlets)	45	42	37	32	28
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	35	33	30	26	24
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	32	30	27	23	21
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	47	44	39	34	30
3. Leg	32	30	27	23	21
4. Leg—Rump-off	32	30	27	23	21
5. Leg—Shank half	32	30	27	23	21
6. Leg—Rump half	32	30	27	23	21
7. Loin	43	40	35	30	26
8. Rib	38	37	34	31	24
9. Blade and arm	28	26	24	20	18
10. Round	45	42	37	32	28
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	27	26	24	22	17
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	34	33	30	27	21
13. Boneless veal leg or round					29
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip					29
15. Veal tenderloin					29
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					29
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					28
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					27



## (j) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in)	19	19	17	16	12
2. Breast (boneless)	28	26	24	20	18
3. Flank meat	28	26	24	20	18
4. Neck (bone-in)	19	19	17	16	12
5. Neck (boneless)	28	26	24	20	18
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	19	19	17	16	12
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)	28	26	24	20	18
8. Ground veal and patties	29	29	29	29	29
9. Neckbones					7
IX. Kidneys	28	28	28	28	28
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters	27	25	22	19	17
2. Forequarters	21	21	19	17	13

  

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	59	55	50	44	31	28	25
2. Rib chops	46	43	40	36	20	17	14
3. Leg or sirloin chops	46	43	40	36	20	17	14
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	39	37	34	31	17	15	12
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	40	27	34	30	21	19	17
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	46	43	40	36	20	17	14
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in)	26	25	25	23	12	10	9
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless)	40	39	38	35	17	15	13
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	34	34	34	31	16	14	12
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)	27	27	26	24	13	11	10
7. Loin	59	55	50	44	31	28	25
8. Rib	46	43	40	36	20	17	14
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roast				34			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	19	18	17	15	9	7	6
2. Neck (bone-in)	19	18	17	15	9	7	6
3. Neck (boneless)	31	31	31	31	18	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in)	19	18	17	15	9	7	6
5. Patties (ground meat)	31	31	31	31	18	18	18
6. Neckbones				6			6
XIV. Kidneys	27	27	27	27	14	14	14
XV. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:							
1. Leg	33	32	30	27	19	17	16
2. Loin	33	30	25	21	15	14	12
3. Hotel rack	37	34	29	24	17	14	12
4. Yoke	21	21	20	19	10	8	7

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 5.

Zone 5 includes the following area:

Michigan, all that portion of Michigan west of and including the counties of Marquette and Menominee.

Wisconsin, all that portion of Wisconsin east of and including the counties of Vilas, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Wood, Juneau, Sauk, Richland, and Grant.

Iowa, the following counties of Iowa: Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines, and Lee.

Illinois, all that portion of Illinois north and west of and including the counties of Vermillion, Champaign, Douglas, Coles, Shelby, Effingham, Fayette, Bond, Madison, St. Clair, and Monroe.

Missouri, the following counties of Missouri: Clark, Lewis, Marion, Ralls, Pike, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Jefferson.

Indiana, the following counties of Indiana: Lake, Newton, Benton, and Warren.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (k) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 6.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse.....	54	50	43	36	32
2. T-bone.....	54	50	43	36	32
3. Club.....	54	50	43	36	32
4. Rib-10-inch cut.....	34	32	30	26	22
5. Rib-7-inch cut.....	37	35	32	28	24
6. Sirloin.....	45	43	34	29	25
7. Pin bone.....	45	43	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	56	53	43	36	32
9. Round (bone-in-fullcut).....	44	41	36	30	26
10. Round (boneless top and bottom).....	46	43	37	31	27
11. Round tip.....	46	43	37	31	27
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	31	29	26	23	19
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	31	29	26	23	19
14. Flank.....	39	39	38	38	34
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut).....	34	32	30	26	22
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7 inch cut).....	37	35	32	28	24
3. Round tip.....	46	43	37	31	27
4. Rump (bone-in).....	28	27	23	19	15
5. Rump (boneless).....	46	43	37	31	27
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	31	29	26	23	19
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	31	29	26	23	19
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	39	37	34	30	26
9. English cut.....	31	29	26	23	19
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs (fresh or cured).....	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh or cured).....	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh or cured).....	26	26	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh or cured).....	34	34	29	29	25
6. Flank meat.....	28	28	27	27	23
7. Neck (bone-in).....	26	26	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless).....	33	31	28	25	21
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	32	30	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in).....	19	19	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless).....	26	26	26	26	22
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef.....	28	28	28	28	28
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef, whole.....	26	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef, whole.....	31	30	24	20	16
3. Short loin beef, whole.....	38	35	30	25	20
4. Flank beef, whole.....	15	15	15	15	15
5. Rib beef, whole.....	28	26	24	21	19
6. Regular chuck, whole.....	23	22	20	18	16
7. Short plate, whole.....	16	16	15	15	15
8. Brisket, whole.....	19	19	16	16	16
9. Shank, whole.....	14	14	14	14	14

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops.....	46	43	37	32	28
2. Rib chops.....	40	39	36	33	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	30	28	25	22	19
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	48	44	39	34	31
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	38	36	32	28	26
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	35	32	29	25	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	50	47	42	36	32
3. Leg.....	35	32	29	25	23
4. Leg—rump off.....	35	32	29	25	23
5. Leg—shank half.....	35	32	29	25	23
6. Leg—rump half.....	35	32	29	25	23
7. Loin.....	46	43	37	32	28
8. Rib.....	40	39	36	33	26
9. Blade and arm.....	30	28	25	22	19
10. Round.....	48	44	39	34	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	29	28	26	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	37	35	33	30	23
13. Boneless veal, leg or round.....					31
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip.....					31
15. Veal tenderloin.....					31
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					31
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					30



## (k) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	30	28	25	22	19
3. Flank meat.....	30	28	25	22	19
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	30	28	25	22	19
6. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	21	20	19	17	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	30	28	25	22	19
8. Ground veal and patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neckbones.....					8
IX. Kidneys.....	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	27	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	21	20	18	14

  

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and Chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	62	58	53	47	33	30	28
2. Rib chops.....	49	46	42	38	22	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	49	46	42	38	22	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	42	40	37	33	19	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cuts).....	42	40	36	32	23	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	49	46	42	38	22	19	16
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	28	27	26	24	13	12	10
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....	43	41	40	37	19	17	15
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	36	36	36	34	17	16	13
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	29	29	28	26	14	12	11
7. Loin.....	62	58	53	47	33	30	28
8. Rib.....	40	46	42	38	22	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				37			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	21	20	18	17	10	8	7
2. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	8	7
3. Neck (boneless).....	33	33	33	33	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	8	7
5. Patties (ground meat).....	33	33	33	33	19	19	19
6. Neck bones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	32	30	28	20	18	17
2. Loin.....	34	31	26	22	16	14	13
3. Hotel rack.....	38	35	30	25	17	15	13
4. Yoke.....	22	21	21	19	10	9	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 6.

Zone 6 includes the following area:

Michigan, the following counties of Michigan: Alger, Delta, Schoolcraft, Luce, Mackinac, Chippewa, and Berrien.

Indiana, all counties except Lake, Newton, Benton, and Warren.

Illinois, all that portion of Illinois east and south of and including the counties of Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Jasper, Clay, Marion, Clinton, Washington, and Randolph.

Missouri, the following counties of Missouri: Saint Genevieve, Perry, Bollinger, Cape Girardeau, Stoddard, Scott, New Madrid, Mississippi, Dunklin, and Pemiscot.

Kentucky, all that portion of Kentucky west and north of and including the counties of Carroll, Henry, Shelby, Anderson, Washington, Marion, Larue, Hardin, Garyson, Ohio, Muhlenberg, and Todd.

Tennessee, the following counties of Tennessee: Lake, Obion, Weakley, Henry, Stewart, Dyer, Montgomery, Gibson, Crockett, Carroll, Benton, and Houston.

Arkansas, all counties.

Louisiana, all that portion of Louisiana west of the Mississippi River from the north-east point of East Carroll Parish to the north-east point of the Pointe Coupee Parish and west of and including the Parishes of Avoyelles, Saint Landry, Saint Martin, and Iberia.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (1) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 6.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse	52	48	41	34	30
2. T-bone	52	48	41	34	30
3. Club	52	48	41	34	30
4. Rib 10" cut	31	29	27	24	20
5. Rib 7" cut	34	32	29	25	21
6. Sirloin	43	41	33	28	24
7. Pin Bone	43	41	33	28	24
8. Sirloin (boneless)	53	50	40	34	30
9. Round (bone-in cut out)	41	39	34	28	24
10. Round (boneless top & bottom)	43	40	35	29	25
11. Round tip	43	40	35	29	25
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	28	27	24	22	18
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	28	27	24	22	18
14. Flank	37	37	37	37	33
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Ribstanding (chine bone in 10" cut)	31	29	27	24	20
2. Ribstanding (chine bone in 7" cut)	34	32	29	25	21
3. Round tip	43	40	35	29	25
4. Rump (bone-in)	26	25	22	18	14
5. Rump (boneless)	43	40	35	29	25
6. Chuck blade pot roast	28	27	24	22	18
7. Chuck arm pot roast	28	27	24	22	18
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	37	34	32	28	24
9. English cut	28	27	24	22	18
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs fresh or cured	20	20	18	18	14
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured	20	20	18	18	14
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured	24	24	22	22	18
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured	25	25	21	21	17
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured	32	32	27	27	23
6. Flank meat	26	26	26	26	22
7. Neck (bone-in)	25	25	21	21	17
8. Neck (boneless)	30	28	26	23	19
9. Heel of round (boneless)	30	28	26	21	17
10. Shank (bone-in)	18	18	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless)	25	25	24	24	20
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef</b>	26	26	26	26	26
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole	25	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole	31	29	24	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole	37	34	29	25	21
4. Flank beef—whole	15	15	14	14	10
5. Rib beef—whole	27	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck beef—whole	23	21	20	17	13
7. Short plate—whole	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket—whole	18	18	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole	14	14	13	13	9

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops	44	40	35	30	27
2. Rib chops	38	37	34	31	24
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	28	27	23	20	18
4. Round steak (cutlets)	45	42	37	32	29
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	36	34	30	27	24
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	33	31	27	24	21
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	48	40	39	34	30
3. Leg	33	31	27	24	21
4. Leg—rump off	33	31	27	24	21
5. Leg—shank half	33	31	27	24	21
6. Leg—rump half	33	31	27	24	21
7. Loin	44	40	35	30	27
8. Rib	38	37	34	31	24
9. Blade and arm	28	27	23	20	18
10. Round	45	42	37	32	29
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	27	26	24	22	17
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	35	34	31	28	22
13. Boneless veal, leg or round					29
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip					29
15. Veal tenderloin					29
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					28
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					27
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					27



## (1) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades				
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:						
1. Breast (bone-in)		20	19	18	16	13
2. Breast (boneless)		28	27	23	20	18
3. Flank meat		28	27	23	20	18
4. Neck (bone-in)		20	19	18	16	13
5. Neck (boneless)		28	27	23	20	18
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)		20	19	18	16	13
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)		28	27	23	20	18
8. Ground veal and patties		30	30	30	30	30
9. Neckbones						7
IX. Kidneys		29	29	29	29	29
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:						
1. Hindquarters		27	25	22	19	17
2. Forequarters		22	21	19	17	14

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops		59	55	50	44	31	28
2. Rib chops		46	43	40	36	20	17
3. Leg or sirloin chops		46	43	40	36	20	17
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops		40	38	35	32	18	15
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)		40	38	34	30	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)		46	43	40	36	20	17
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in)		26	26	25	23	12	11
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless)		40	39	38	35	18	16
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)		35	34	34	32	16	14
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)		28	27	27	25	13	11
7. Loin		59	55	50	44	31	28
8. Rib		46	43	40	36	20	17
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll					35		
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank		20	19	17	16	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in)		20	19	17	16	9	8
3. Neck (boneless)		31	31	31	31	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in)		20	19	17	16	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat)		31	31	31	31	18	18
6. Neckbones					6		
XIV. Kidneys		27	27	27	27	14	14
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg		83	82	80	27	19	18
2. Loin		34	31	25	21	16	14
3. Hotel rack		37	34	29	25	17	15
4. Yoke		21	21	20	19	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 6.

Zone 6 includes the following area:

Michigan, the following counties of Michigan: Alger, Delta, Schoolcraft, Luce, Mackinac, Chippewa, and Berrien.

Indiana, all counties except Lake, Newton, Benton, and Warren.

Illinois, all that portion of Illinois east and south of and including the counties of Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Jasper, Clay, Marion, Clinton, Washington, and Randolph.

Missouri, the following counties of Missouri: Saint Genevieve, Perry, Bollinger, Cape Girardeau, Stoddard, Scott, New Madrid, Mississippi, Dunklin, and Pemiscot.

Kentucky, all that portion of Kentucky west and north of and including the counties of Carroll, Henry, Shelby, Anderson, Washington, Marion, Larue, Hardin, Grayson, Ohio, Muhlenberg, and Todd.

Tennessee, the following counties of Tennessee: Lake, Obion, Weakley, Henry, Stewart, Dyer, Montgomery, Gibson, Crockett, Carroll, Benton, and Houston.

Arkansas, all counties.

Louisiana, all that portion of Louisiana west of the Mississippi River from the northeast point of East Carroll Parish to the northeast point the Pointe Coupee Parish and west of and including the Parishes of Avoyelles, Saint Landry, Saint Martin, and Iberia. The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. Ground meat. (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. Cube steak. The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. Yearling lamb. The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(m) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 7.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	54	51	43	37	33
2. T-Bone	54	51	43	37	33
3. Club	54	51	43	37	33
4. Rib—10-inch cut	34	33	30	26	22
5. Rib—7-inch cut	38	36	33	28	24
6. Sirloin	45	43	35	30	26
7. Pin bone	45	43	35	30	26
8. Sirloin (boneless)	56	53	43	37	33
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	44	42	36	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	46	43	38	32	28
11. Round tip	46	43	38	32	28
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	31	29	27	24	20
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	31	29	27	24	20
14. Flank	39	39	39	39	35
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 10-inch)	34	33	30	26	22
2. Rib standing (Chine bone-in, 7-inch)	38	36	33	28	24
3. Round tip	46	43	38	32	28
4. Rump (bone-in)	29	27	24	20	16
5. Rump (boneless)	46	43	38	32	28
6. Chuck blade pot roast	31	29	27	24	20
7. Chuck arm pot roast	31	29	27	24	20
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	40	37	35	31	27
9. English cut	31	29	27	24	20
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	21	21	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh and cured	21	21	20	20	16
3. Plate (boneless) fresh and cured	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh and cured	26	26	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh and cured	34	34	29	29	25
6. Flank meat	28	28	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in)	26	26	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless)	33	31	29	25	21
9. Heel of round (boneless)	33	31	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	20	20	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	28	28	28	28	28
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—Whole	26	25	22	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—Whole	31	30	24	21	17
3. Short loin beef—Whole	38	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef—Whole	15	15	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—Whole	28	27	25	21	17
6. Regular chuck	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate	17	17	15	15	11
8. Brisket	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank	14	14	14	14	10

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	47	43	38	33	29
2. Rib chops	41	40	37	33	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	30	29	25	22	20
4. Round steak (outlets)	48	45	40	35	31
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	38	36	32	29	26
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	35	33	29	26	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	51	47	42	37	33
3. Leg	35	33	29	26	23
4. Leg—rump—off	35	33	29	26	23
5. Leg—shank—half	35	33	29	26	23
6. Leg—rump—half	35	33	29	26	23
7. Loin	47	43	38	33	29
8. Rib	41	40	37	33	26
9. Blade and arm	30	29	25	22	20
10. Round	48	45	40	35	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	29	28	26	24	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	37	36	33	30	24
13. Boneless veal leg or round					31
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip					31
15. Veal tenderloin					31
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					31
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					30
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					29



## (m) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	21	19	18	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	30	29	25	22	20
3. Flank meat.....	30	29	25	22	20
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	21	19	18	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	30	29	25	22	20
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	21	21	19	18	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	30	29	25	22	20
8. Ground veal and patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neck bones.....					8
IX. Kidneys.....	31	31	31	31	31
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	28	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	22	20	18	16

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	62	59	53	47	33	31	28
2. Rib chops.....	49	46	43	39	22	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	49	46	43	39	22	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	42	40	37	34	19	17	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	42	40	36	32	23	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	49	46	43	39	22	19	16
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	28	27	27	25	14	12	11
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....	43	42	41	38	20	17	15
5. Chuck or shoulder (square cut) (bone-in).....	37	37	36	34	18	16	14
6. Chuck or shoulder (crossect) (bone-in).....	30	29	28	27	14	13	11
7. Loin.....	62	59	53	47	33	31	28
8. Rib.....	49	46	43	39	22	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				37			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in).....	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless).....	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in).....	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat).....	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
6. Neckbones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	29	29	29	29	16	16	16
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	33	31	28	20	18	17
2. Loin.....	34	31	26	22	16	15	13
3. Hotel rack.....	38	35	30	25	18	16	13
4. Yoke.....	22	22	21	20	11	9	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 7.

Zone 7 includes the following area:

Michigan, the lower peninsula of Michigan except Berrien County, but including the islands of Michigan lying in Lake Michigan and Lake Huron.

Ohio, all counties.

New York, the following counties of New York: Niagara, Erie, Chautauqua, and Cattaraugus.

Pennsylvania, all that portion of Pennsylvania west of and including the counties of Warren, Forest, Clarion, Armstrong, Westmoreland, and Fayette.

West Virginia, all that portion of West Virginia west of and including the counties of Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall, Wetzel, Doddridge, Gilmer, Calhoun, Roane, Kanawha, Boone, Logan, and Mingo.

Kentucky, all that portion of Kentucky east of and including the counties of Boone, Gallatin, Owen, Franklin, Woodford, Mercer, Boyle, Casey, Taylor, Green, Hart, Edmonson, Butler, and Logan.

Tennessee, all that portion of Tennessee west of and including the counties of Campbell, Scott, Fentress, Overton, Putnam, White, Warren, Grundy, and Marion; but excluding the counties of Lake, Obion, Weakley, Henry, Stewart, Montgomery, Dyer, Gibson, Crockett, Carroll, Benton, and Houston.

Alabama, all that portion of Alabama north and west of and including the counties of Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Cullman, Walker, Fayette, and Lamar.

Mississippi, all that portion of Mississippi north of and including the counties of Lowndes, Oktibbeha, Choctaw, Attala, Madison, Yazoo, and Issaquena.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(n) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 7.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse.....	52	49	41	35	31
2. T-bone.....	52	49	41	35	31
3. Club.....	52	49	41	35	31
4. Rib—10-inch cut.....	32	30	28	24	20
5. Rib—7-inch cut.....	34	32	30	25	21
6. Sirloin.....	43	41	33	28	24
7. Pin bone.....	43	41	33	28	24
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	53	51	41	35	31
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	42	39	34	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	43	41	36	30	26
11. Round tip.....	43	41	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
14. Flank.....	37	37	37	37	33
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch).....	32	30	28	24	20
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch).....	34	32	30	25	21
3. Round tip.....	43	41	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in).....	27	25	22	18	14
5. Rump (boneless).....	43	41	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	37	35	32	28	24
9. English cut.....	29	27	25	22	18
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs.....	20	20	18	18	14
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh and cured.....	20	20	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) fresh and cured.....	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh and cured.....	25	25	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh and cured.....	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat.....	27	27	27	27	23
7. Neck (bone-in).....	25	25	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless).....	31	29	26	23	19
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	31	29	25	21	17
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	19	19	18	18	14
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	25	25	25	25	21
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef.....	27	27	27	27	27
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	24	21	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	31	30	24	20	16
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	37	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef—whole.....	15	15	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck.....	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate.....	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket.....	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank.....	14	14	14	14	10

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops.....	44	41	36	31	27
2. Rib chops.....	39	38	35	31	25
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	29	27	24	21	19
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	46	43	38	33	29
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	37	34	31	27	25
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	34	31	28	24	22
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	43	45	40	35	31
3. Leg.....	34	31	28	24	22
4. Leg—rump—off.....	34	31	28	24	22
5. Leg—shank—half.....	34	31	28	24	22
6. Leg—rump—half.....	34	31	28	24	22
7. Loin.....	44	41	36	31	27
8. Rib.....	39	38	35	31	25
9. Blade and arm.....	29	27	24	21	19
10. Round.....	46	43	38	33	29
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	28	27	25	22	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	35	34	31	28	22
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip.....					30
15. Veal tenderloin.....					30
16. Boneless Veal regular rib roll.....					30
17. Boneless Veal shoulder clod.....					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					27



## (n) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	20	20	18	17	13
2. Breast (boneless).....	29	27	24	21	19
3. Flank meat.....	29	27	24	21	19
4. Neck (bone-in).....	20	20	18	17	13
5. Neck (boneless).....	29	27	24	21	19
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	20	20	18	17	13
7. Shank & heel meat (boneless hind & fore).....	29	27	24	21	19
8. Ground veal & patties.....	30	30	30	30	30
9. Neck bones.....					7
IX. Kidneys.....	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	27	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	21	20	18	14

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	59	56	51	45	31	29	26
2. Rib chops.....	46	44	41	37	20	18	15
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	46	44	41	37	20	18	15
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	40	38	35	32	18	15	13
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	40	38	34	31	22	20	18
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	46	44	41	37	20	18	15
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	27	26	25	23	13	11	10
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....	41	39	38	36	18	16	14
5. Chuck or shoulder, (square cut) (bone-in).....	35	34	34	32	16	14	13
6. Chuck or shoulder, (cross cut) (bone-in).....	28	27	27	25	13	12	10
7. Loin.....	59	56	51	45	31	29	26
8. Rib.....	46	44	41	37	20	18	15
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				35			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	20	19	18	16	9	8	7
2. Neck (bone-in).....	20	19	18	16	9	8	7
3. Neck (boneless).....	31	31	31	31	18	18	18
4. Shank (bone-in).....	20	19	18	15	9	8	7
5. Patties (ground meat).....	31	31	31	31	18	18	18
6. Neckbones.....				6			6
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	32	30	27	19	18	16
2. Loin.....	34	31	26	22	16	14	12
3. Hotel Rack.....	37	35	30	25	17	15	13
4. Yoke.....	22	21	21	19	10	9	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 7.

Zone 7 includes the following area:

Michigan, the lower peninsula of Michigan except Berrien County, but including the islands of Michigan lying in Lake Michigan and Lake Huron.

Ohio, all counties.

New York, the following counties of New York: Niagara, Erie, Chautauqua, and Cattaraugus.

Pennsylvania, all that portion of Pennsylvania west of and including the counties of Warren, Forest, Clarion, Armstrong, Westmoreland, and Fayette.

West Virginia, all that portion of West Virginia west of and including the counties of

Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall, Wetzel, Doddridge, Gilmer, Calhoun, Roane, Kanawha, Boone, Logan, and Mingo.

Kentucky, all that portion of Kentucky east of and including the counties of Boone, Gallatin, Owen, Franklin, Woodford, Mercer, Boyle, Casey, Taylor, Green, Hart, Edmonson, Butler, and Logan.

Tennessee, all that portion of Tennessee west of and including the counties of Campbell, Scott, Fentress, Overton, Putnam, White, Warren, Grundy, and Marion; but excluding the counties of Lake, Obion, Weakley, Henry, Stewart, Montgomery, Dyer, Gibson, Crockett, Carroll, Benton, and Houston.

Alabama, all that portion of Alabama north and west of and including the counties of Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Cullman, Walker, Fayette, and Lamar.

Mississippi, all that portion of Mississippi north of and including the counties of Lowndes, Oktibbeha, Choctaw, Attala, Madison, Yazoo, and Issaquena.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (o) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 8 North.

(For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943)

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	55	51	44	37	33
2. T-bone.....	55	51	44	37	33
3. Club.....	55	51	44	37	33
4. Rib—10-inch cut.....	35	33	31	27	23
5. Rib—7-inch cut.....	38	36	33	29	25
6. Sirloin (bone-in).....	46	44	35	30	26
7. Fin bone.....	46	44	35	30	26
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	57	54	44	37	33
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	45	42	37	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	47	44	38	32	28
11. Round tip.....	47	44	38	32	28
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	31	30	27	24	20
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	31	30	27	24	20
14. Flank.....	40	40	39	39	35
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut).....	35	33	31	27	23
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch cut).....	28	26	23	20	16
3. Round tip.....	47	44	38	32	28
4. Rump (bone-in).....	29	27	24	20	16
5. Rump (boneless).....	47	44	38	32	28
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	31	30	27	24	20
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	31	30	27	24	20
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	40	38	35	31	27
9. English cut.....	31	30	27	24	20
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	22	22	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	22	22	20	20	16
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	27	27	25	25	21
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	27	27	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	35	35	30	30	26
6. Flank meat.....	29	29	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in).....	27	27	23	23	12
8. Neck (boneless).....	33	31	29	26	22
9. Heal of round (boneless).....	33	31	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	20	20	20	20	16
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef.....</b>	29	29	29	29	29
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	32	30	24	21	17
3. Shortloin beef—whole.....	38	36	30	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole.....	16	16	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck—whole.....	24	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate—whole.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket—whole.....	19	19	17	17	13
9. Shank—whole.....	15	15	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	47	44	39	33	30
2. Rib chops.....	41	40	37	34	27
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	31	29	26	23	20
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	49	46	41	36	32
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	39	37	33	29	27
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	36	34	30	26	24
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	51	48	43	37	34
3. Leg.....	36	34	30	26	24
4. Leg—rump—off.....	36	34	30	26	24
5. Leg—shank—half.....	36	34	30	26	24
6. Leg—rump—half.....	36	34	30	26	24
7. Loin.....	47	44	39	33	30
8. Rib.....	41	40	37	34	27
9. Blade and arm.....	31	29	26	23	20
10. Round.....	49	46	41	36	32
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	30	29	27	24	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	38	37	34	31	24
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip.....					32
15. Veal tenderloin.....					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					29



## (c) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades				
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:						
1. Breast (bone-in)		22	21	20	18	15
2. Breast (boneless)		31	29	26	23	20
3. Flank meat		31	29	26	23	20
4. Neck (bone-in)		22	21	20	18	15
5. Neck (boneless)		31	29	26	23	20
6. Shank (bone-in)		22	21	20	18	15
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)		31	29	26	23	20
8. Ground veal patties		32	32	32	32	32
9. Neck bones						8
IX. Kidneys		30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:						
1. Hindquarters		28	26	24	21	19
2. Forequarters		23	22	20	19	15

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	63	60	54	48	34	32	29
2. Rib chops	50	47	44	40	23	20	17
3. Leg or sirloin chops	50	47	44	40	23	20	17
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	43	41	38	35	20	18	15
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	43	41	37	33	24	22	20
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	50	47	44	40	23	20	17
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)	29	28	28	26	14	13	11
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)	44	43	41	39	21	18	16
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	37	37	37	35	18	17	15
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross-cut (bone-in)	30	30	29	27	15	14	12
7. Loin	63	60	54	48	34	32	29
8. Rib	50	47	44	40	23	20	17
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				38			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	22	21	19	18	11	10	9
2. Neck (bone-in)	22	21	19	18	11	10	9
3. Neck (boneless)	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in)	22	21	19	18	11	10	9
5. Patties (ground meat)	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
6. Neck bones				8			8
XIV. Kidneys	30	30	30	30	17	17	17
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	35	33	31	28	20	19	18
2. Loin	35	32	27	23	17	15	13
3. Hotel rack	38	36	31	26	18	16	14
4. Yoke	23	22	22	20	11	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 8—North.

Zone 8—North includes the following area:

New York, all that portion of New York west of and including the counties of Oswego, Oneida, Madison, Chenango, and Broome; but excluding the counties of Niagara, Erie, Cattaraugus, and Chautauqua.

Pennsylvania, the following counties of Pennsylvania: McKean, Potter, Elk, Cameron, Clinton, Jefferson, Clearfield, Center, Indiana, Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon, Somerset, Bedford, and Fulton.

Maryland, the following counties of Maryland: Garrett and Allegany.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1.—Ground meat. (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulations, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2.—Cube steak. The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3.—Yearling lamb. The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(p) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 8 North.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	53	49	42	35	31
2. T-bone.....	53	49	42	35	31
3. Club.....	53	49	42	35	31
4. Rib-10-inch cut.....	32	30	28	24	20
5. Rib-7-inch cut.....	35	33	30	26	22
6. Sirloin (bone-in).....	43	41	34	29	25
7. Pin bone.....	43	41	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	54	51	41	35	31
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	42	39	35	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	44	41	36	30	26
11. Round tip.....	44	41	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	29	27	25	22	18
14. Flank.....	38	38	38	38	34
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut).....	82	80	28	24	20
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch cut).....	35	33	30	26	22
3. Round tip.....	44	41	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in).....	27	26	22	19	15
5. Rump (boneless).....	44	41	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	29	27	25	22	18
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	38	35	33	29	25
9. English cut.....	29	27	25	22	18
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	26	26	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat.....	28	28	27	27	23
7. Neck (bone-in).....	26	26	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless).....	31	29	27	24	20
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	31	29	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	19	19	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	26	26	26	26	26
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef.....</b>	28	28	28	28	28
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	24	22	18	14
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	31	30	24	21	17
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	38	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef—whole.....	15	15	15	14	10
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck—whole.....	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate—whole.....	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket—whole.....	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank—whole.....	14	14	14	14	10

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	45	42	37	31	28
2. Rib chops.....	39	38	35	32	25
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	29	28	24	21	19
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	46	43	38	34	30
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	37	35	32	28	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	34	32	29	25	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	40	46	40	35	32
3. Leg.....	34	32	29	25	23
4. Leg—rump—off.....	34	32	29	25	23
5. Leg—shank—half.....	34	32	29	25	23
6. Leg—rump—half.....	34	32	29	25	23
7. Loin.....	45	42	37	31	29
8. Rib.....	39	38	35	32	25
9. Blade and arm.....	29	28	24	21	19
10. Round.....	46	43	38	34	30
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	28	27	25	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	36	35	32	29	23
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip.....					30
15. Veal tenderloin.....					30
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					30
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					29
18. Boned, rolled, and tied veal roll.....					28



## (p) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 855, effective June 2, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	29	28	24	21	19
3. Flank meat.....	29	28	24	21	19
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	29	28	24	21	19
6. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	29	28	24	21	19
8. Ground veal patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neck bones.....					8
IX. Kidneys.....	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	28	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	22	20	18	15

  

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
2. Rib chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	41	39	36	33	19	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	41	39	35	31	22	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	27	27	26	24	13	12	10
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....	41	40	39	37	19	17	14
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	36	35	35	33	17	15	13
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	29	28	28	26	14	13	11
7. Loin.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
8. Rib.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
6. Neck bones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	33	31	28	20	19	17
2. Loin.....	35	31	26	22	16	15	13
3. Hotel rack.....	38	35	30	25	18	16	14
4. Yoke.....	22	22	21	20	11	10	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 8—North.

Zone 8—North includes the following area:

New York, all that portion of New York west of and including the counties of Oswego, Oneida, Madison, Chenango, and Broome; but excluding the counties of Niagara, Erie, Cattaraugus, and Chautauqua.

Pennsylvania, the following counties of Pennsylvania: McKean, Potter, Elk, Cameron, Clinton, Jefferson, Clearfield, Center, Indiana, Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon, Somerset, Bedford, and Fulton.

Maryland, the following counties of Maryland:

Garrett and Allegany.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (q) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 8 South.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 455, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	55	51	44	37	33
2. T-bone	55	51	44	37	33
3. Club	55	51	44	37	33
4. Rib—10-inch cut	35	33	31	27	23
5. Rib—7-inch cut	38	36	33	29	25
6. Sirloin (bone-in)	46	44	35	30	26
7. Fin bone	46	44	35	30	26
8. Sirloin (boneless)	57	54	44	37	33
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	45	42	37	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	47	44	38	32	28
11. Round tip	47	44	38	32	28
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	31	30	27	24	20
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	31	30	27	24	20
14. Flank	40	40	39	39	35
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib-standing (chine bone-in, 10-inch cut)	35	33	31	27	23
2. Rib-standing (chine bone-in, 7-inch cut)	38	36	33	29	25
3. Round tip	47	44	38	32	28
4. Rump (bone-in)	29	27	24	20	16
5. Rump (boneless)	47	44	38	32	28
6. Chuck blade—pot roast	31	30	27	24	20
7. Chuck arm—pot roast	31	30	27	24	20
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	40	38	35	31	27
9. English cut	31	30	27	24	20
III. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	22	22	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	22	22	20	20	16
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured)	27	27	25	25	21
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	27	27	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured)	35	35	30	30	26
6. Flank meat	29	29	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in)	27	27	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless)	33	31	29	26	22
9. Heel of round (boneless)	33	31	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	20	20	20	20	16
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	29	29	29	29	29
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole	32	30	24	21	17
3. Shortloin beef—whole	38	36	30	25	22
4. Flank beef—whole	16	16	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck—whole	24	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate—whole	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket—whole	19	19	17	17	13
9. Shank—whole	15	15	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	47	44	39	33	30
2. Rib chops	41	40	37	34	27
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	31	29	26	23	20
4. Round steak (outlets)	49	46	41	36	32
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	39	37	33	29	27
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	36	34	30	26	24
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	51	48	43	37	34
3. Leg	36	34	30	26	24
4. Leg—rump off	36	34	30	26	24
5. Leg—shank half	36	34	30	26	24
6. Leg—rump half	36	34	30	26	24
7. Loin	47	44	39	33	30
8. Rib	41	40	37	34	27
9. Blade and arm	31	29	26	23	20
10. Round	49	46	41	36	32
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	30	28	27	24	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	38	37	34	31	24
13. Boneless veal leg or round					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip					32
15. Veal tenderloin					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					29



## (q) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in)	22	21	20	18	15
2. Breast (boneless)	31	29	26	23	20
3. Flank meat	31	29	26	23	20
4. Neck (bone-in)	22	21	20	18	15
5. Neck (boneless)	31	29	26	23	20
6. Shank (bone-in)	22	21	20	18	15
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)	31	29	26	23	20
8. Ground veal patties	32	32	32	32	32
9. Neckbones					8
IX. Kidneys	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters	28	26	24	21	19
2. Forequarters	23	22	20	19	18

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	63	59	54	48	34	31	28
2. Rib chops	49	47	43	39	22	20	17
3. Leg or sirloin chops	49	47	43	39	22	20	17
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops	43	40	37	34	20	17	15
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	43	40	37	33	23	22	20
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	49	47	43	39	22	20	17
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)	29	28	27	25	14	13	11
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)	43	42	41	38	20	18	15
5. Chuck or shoulder (square cut) (bone-in)	37	37	37	35	18	16	14
6. Chuck or shoulder (cross cut) (bone-in)	30	29	29	27	15	13	12
7. Loin	63	59	54	48	34	31	28
8. Rib	49	47	43	39	22	20	17
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				37			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in)	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless)	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in)	22	20	19	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat)	34	34	34	34	20	20	20
6. Neckbones				8			8
XIV. Kidneys	29	29	29	29	16	16	16
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	34	33	31	28	20	19	17
2. Loin	35	32	26	22	17	15	13
3. Hotel rack	38	35	30	26	18	16	14
4. Yoke	22	22	21	20	11	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 8—South.

Zone 8—South includes the following area:

West Virginia, all that portion of West Virginia east of and including the counties of Monongalia, Marton, Harrison, Lewis, Braxton, Clay, Nicholas, Fayette, Raleigh, Wyoming, and McDowell; but excluding the counties of Berkeley and Jefferson.

Virginia, all that portion of Virginia west of and including the counties of Highland, Bath, Alleghany, Craig, Montgomery, Floyd, and Carroll.

Tennessee, all that portion of Tennessee east of and including the counties of Claiborne, Union, Anderson, Morgan, Cumberland, Bledsoe, Van Buren, Sequatchie, and Hamilton.

North Carolina, all that portion of North Carolina west and southwest of and includ-

ing the counties of Alleghany, Wilkes, Alexander, Caldwell, Burke, and Cleveland.

South Carolina, all that portion of South Carolina west and northwest of and including the counties of Cherokee, Union, Newberry, Saluda, and Edgefield.

Georgia, all that portion of Georgia west and northwest of and including the counties of Columbia, McDuffie, Warren, Glascock, Washington, Johnson, Laurens, Dodge, Wilcox, Ben Hill, Irwin, Tift, Colquitt, and Thomas.

Alabama, all that portion of Alabama south of and including the counties of De Kalb, Marshall, Blount, Jefferson, Tuscaloosa, and Pickens.

Mississippi, all that portion of Mississippi south of and including the counties of Noxubee, Winston, Leake, Scott, Rankin, Hinds, and Warren.

Louisiana, all that portion of Louisiana east of and including the parishes of West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, Iberville, Assumption, and Saint Mary.

Florida, all that portion of Florida west of and including the counties of Leon and Wakulla.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal, or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(r) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 8 South.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 855, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse	53	49	42	35	31
2. T-bone	53	49	42	35	31
3. Club	53	49	42	35	31
4. Rib 10-inch cut	32	30	28	24	20
5. Rib 7-inch cut	35	33	30	26	22
6. Sirloin (bone-in)	43	41	34	29	25
7. Pin bone	43	41	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless)	54	51	41	35	31
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	42	39	35	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	44	41	36	30	26
11. Round tip	44	41	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	29	27	25	22	18
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	29	27	25	22	18
14. Flank	38	38	38	38	34
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in 10-inch cut)	32	30	28	24	20
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in 7-inch cut)	35	33	30	26	22
3. Round tip	44	41	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in)	27	26	22	19	15
5. Rump (boneless)	44	41	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast	29	27	25	22	18
7. Chuck arm pot roast	29	27	25	22	18
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	38	35	33	29	25
9. English cut	29	27	25	22	18
<b>Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured)	25	25	23	23	19
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	26	26	22	22	18
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured)	33	33	28	28	24
6. Flank meat	28	28	27	27	23
7. Neck (bone-in)	26	26	22	22	18
8. Neck (boneless)	31	29	27	24	20
9. Heel of round (boneless)	31	29	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	19	19	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	26	26	26	26	26
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef</b>					
	28	28	28	28	28
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef, whole	26	24	22	18	14
2. Sirloin beef, whole	31	30	24	21	17
3. Short loin beef, whole	38	35	30	25	21
4. Flank beef, whole	15	15	15	14	10
5. Rib beef, whole	28	26	24	21	17
6. Regular chuck, whole	23	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate, whole	16	16	15	15	11
8. Brisket, whole	19	19	16	16	12
9. Shank, whole	14	14	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops	45	42	37	31	29
2. Rib chops	39	38	35	32	25
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	29	28	24	21	19
4. Round steak (cutlets)	46	43	38	34	30
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	37	35	32	28	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	34	32	29	25	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	49	46	40	35	32
3. Leg	34	32	29	25	23
4. Leg—rump—off	34	32	29	25	23
5. Leg—shank—half	34	32	29	25	23
6. Leg—rump—half	34	32	29	25	23
7. Loin	45	42	37	31	29
8. Rib	39	38	35	32	25
9. Blade and arm	29	28	24	21	19
10. Round	46	43	38	34	30
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	28	27	25	23	18
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	36	35	32	29	23
13. Boneless veal leg or round					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip					30
15. Veal tenderloin					30
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					30
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					28



## (r) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943.]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	21	20	19	17	14
3. Flank meat.....	21	20	19	17	14
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	21	20	19	17	14
6. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	19	17	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....	21	20	19	17	14
8. Ground veal patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neckbones.....	30	30	30	30	30
IX. Kidneys.....	30	30	30	30	30
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	28	26	23	20	18
2. Forequarters.....	22	22	20	18	15

  

Lamb and mutton	Grades						
	Lamb				Mutton		
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	S or Prime, choice and good	M or commercial	R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	60	56	51	45	32	29	27
2. Rib chops.....	47	44	41	37	21	18	15
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	47	44	41	37	21	18	15
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....	41	38	35	32	18	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	41	38	35	31	22	20	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	47	44	41	37	21	18	15
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	27	26	26	24	13	12	10
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless).....	41	40	39	36	19	16	14
5. Chuck or shoulder (square cut) (bone-in).....	35	35	35	33	17	15	13
6. Chuck or shoulder (cross cut) (bone-in).....	28	28	27	25	14	12	11
7. Loin.....	60	56	51	45	32	29	27
8. Rib.....	47	44	41	37	21	18	15
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	20	19	18	16	10	9	7
2. Neck (bone-in).....	20	19	18	16	10	9	7
3. Neck (boneless).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in).....	20	19	18	16	10	9	7
5. Patties (ground meat).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
6. Neckbones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	33	31	28	20	18	17
2. Loin.....	34	31	26	22	16	14	13
3. Hotel rack.....	38	35	30	25	17	15	13
4. Yoke.....	22	21	21	19	10	9	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 8—South.

Zone 8—South includes the following area:

West Virginia, all that portion of West Virginia east of and including the counties of Monongalia, Marton, Harrison, Lewis, Braxton, Clay, Nicholas, Fayette, Raleigh, Wyoming, and McDowell, but excluding the counties of Berkeley and Jefferson.

Virginia, all that portion of Virginia west of and including the counties of Highland, Bath, Alleghany, Craig, Montgomery, Floyd, and Carroll.

Tennessee, all that portion of Tennessee east of and including the counties of Claiborne, Union, Anderson, Morgan, Cumberland, Bledsoe, Van Buren, Sequatchie, and Hamilton.

North Carolina, all that portion of North Carolina west and southwest of and includ-

ing the counties of Alleghany, Wilkes, Alexander, Caldwell, Burke, and Cleveland.

South Carolina, all that portion of South Carolina west and northwest of and including the counties of Cherokee, Union, Newberry, Saluda, and Edgefield.

Georgia, all that portion of Georgia west and northwest of and including the counties of Columbia, McDuffie, Warren, Glascock, Washington, Johnson, Laurens, Dodge, Wilcox, Ben Hill, Irwin, Tift, Colquitt, and Thomas.

Alabama, all that portion of Alabama south of and including the counties of De Kalb, Marshall, Blount, Jefferson, Tuscaloosa, and Pickens.

Mississippi, all that portion of Mississippi south of and including the counties of Nottoway, Winston, Leake, Scott, Rankin, Hinds, and Warren.

Louisiana, all that portion of Louisiana east of and including the parishes of West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, Iberville, Assumption, and Saint Mary.

Florida, all that portion of Florida west of and including the counties of Leon and Wakulla.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in Notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(s) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 9 North.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
I. Steaks:					
1. Porterhouse	55	51	44	37	33
2. T-bone	55	51	44	37	33
3. Club	55	51	44	37	33
4. Rib 10-inch cut	35	33	31	27	23
5. Rib 7-inch cut	39	36	34	29	25
6. Sirloin	46	44	36	31	27
7. Pin bone	46	44	36	31	27
8. Sirloin (boneless)	57	54	44	38	34
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	45	42	37	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	47	44	39	33	29
11. Round tip	47	44	39	33	29
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	32	30	28	25	21
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	32	30	28	25	21
14. Flank	40	40	40	40	36
II. Roasts:					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in 10-inch cut)	35	33	31	27	23
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in 7-inch cut)	39	36	34	29	25
3. Round tip	47	44	39	33	29
4. Rump (bone-in)	30	28	24	21	17
5. Rump (boneless)	47	44	39	33	29
6. Chuck blade pot roast	32	30	28	25	21
7. Chuck arm pot roast	32	30	28	25	21
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	41	38	36	32	28
9. English cut	32	30	28	25	21
III. Stew and other cuts:					
1. Short ribs	22	22	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	22	22	21	21	17
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured)	27	27	25	25	21
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured)	27	27	24	24	20
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured)	35	35	30	30	26
6. Flank meat	29	29	29	29	25
7. Neck (bone-in)	27	27	24	24	20
8. Neck (boneless)	34	32	29	26	22
9. Heel of round (boneless)	34	32	28	24	20
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	20	20	20	20	16
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	28	28	28	28	24
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
IV. Ground beef	29	29	29	29	29
V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Round beef—whole	27	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole	32	31	25	21	17
3. Short loin beef—whole	38	36	31	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib beef—whole	29	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck	24	23	21	18	14
7. Short plate	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank	15	15	15	15	11

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VI. Steaks and chops:					
1. Loin chops	48	45	39	34	30
2. Rib chops	42	41	38	35	28
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	32	30	27	23	21
4. Round steak (cutlets)	50	46	41	36	33
5. Sirloin steak or chops	40	38	34	30	28
VII. Roasts:					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	37	34	31	27	25
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	52	49	44	38	34
3. Leg	37	34	31	27	25
4. Leg—Rump—Off	37	34	31	27	25
5. Leg—Shank—Half	37	34	31	27	25
6. Leg—Rump—Half	37	34	31	27	25
7. Loin	48	45	39	34	30
8. Rib	42	41	38	35	28
9. Blade and arm	32	30	27	23	21
10. Round	50	46	41	36	33
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	30	30	27	25	20
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	38	37	34	32	25
13. Boneless veal leg or round					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip					32
15. Veal tenderloin					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					30



## (s) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades						
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull		
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound		
VIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	15		
2. Breast (boneless).....		32	30	27	23	21		
3. Flank meat.....		32	30	27	23	21		
4. Neck (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	15		
5. Neck (boneless).....		32	30	27	23	21		
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....		23	22	20	19	15		
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless).....		32	30	27	23	21		
8. Ground veal patties.....		33	33	33	33	33		
9. Neck bones.....						9		
IX. Kidneys.....		32	32	32	32	32		
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Hindquarters.....		29	27	24	21	19		
2. Forequarters.....		23	23	21	19	16		
Lamb and mutton		Lamb				Mutton		
		Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	
XI. Steaks and chops:								
1. Loin chops.....		64	60	55	49	35	32	30
2. Rib chops.....		51	48	44	40	24	21	18
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....		51	48	44	40	24	21	18
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops.....		44	42	39	35	21	18	16
XII. Roasts:								
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....		44	42	38	34	25	23	21
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....		51	48	44	40	24	21	18
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....		30	29	28	26	15	14	12
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....		45	43	42	39	21	19	17
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....		38	38	38	36	19	18	15
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....		31	31	30	28	16	14	13
7. Loin.....		64	60	55	49	35	32	30
8. Rib.....		51	48	44	40	24	21	18
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....					39			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast and flank.....		23	22	20	19	12	10	9
2. Neck (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	12	10	9
3. Neck (boneless).....		35	35	35	35	21	21	21
4. Shank (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	12	10	9
5. Patties (ground meat).....		35	35	35	35	21	21	21
XIV. Kidneys.....		31	31	31	31	18	18	18
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Leg.....		35	34	32	29	21	20	18
2. Loin.....		36	32	27	23	18	16	14
3. Hotel rack.....		39	36	31	26	19	17	15
4. Yoke.....		23	23	22	21	12	11	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 9—North.

Zone 9—North includes the following area:  
New York, all that portion of New York east of and including the counties of St.

Lawrence, Jefferson, Lewis and Herkimer, and east and southeast of and including the counties of Otsego, Delaware, Sullivan, Orange, Rockland, Westchester, New York, Bronx, Kings, and Richmond.

Pennsylvania, all that portion of Pennsylvania east of and including the counties of Tioga, Lycoming, Union, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry and Franklin.

Maryland, all that portion of Maryland east and southeast of and including the counties of Washington, Frederick, Montgomery, Prince Georges, Charles, and Saint Marys.

The District of Columbia.

Maine, all counties.

New Hampshire, all counties.

Vermont, all counties.

Massachusetts, all counties.

Connecticut, all counties.

Rhode Island, all counties.

New Jersey, all counties.

Delaware, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1.—Ground meat. (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal, or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. Cube steak. The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. Yearling Lamb. The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(t) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 9 North.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	53	49	42	36	32
2. T-bone.....	53	49	42	36	32
3. Club.....	53	49	42	36	32
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	32	31	28	25	21
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	35	33	30	26	22
6. Sirloin.....	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin-bone.....	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	54	52	42	36	32
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	42	40	35	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	44	42	36	30	26
11. Round tip.....	44	42	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
14. Flank.....	39	39	38	38	34
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone in 10-inch cut).....	32	31	28	25	21
2. Rib standing (chine bone in 7-inch cut).....	35	33	30	26	22
3. Round tip.....	44	42	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in).....	28	26	23	19	15
5. Rump (boneless).....	44	42	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	38	36	33	29	25
9. English cut.....	30	28	26	23	19
<b>III. Stew and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	26	26	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	34	34	29	29	25
6. Flank meat.....	28	28	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in).....	26	26	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless).....	31	30	27	24	20
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	32	30	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	19	19	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	26	26	26	26	22
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
Ground beef.....	28	28	28	28	28
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	32	30	24	21	17
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	38	35	30	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole.....	16	16	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck.....	24	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket.....	19	19	17	17	13
9. Shank.....	14	14	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	45	42	37	32	28
2. Rib chops.....	40	39	36	33	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	30	28	25	22	20
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	47	44	39	34	31
5. Sirloin steak or chops.....	38	36	32	29	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	35	33	29	26	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	49	46	41	36	32
3. Leg.....	35	33	29	26	23
4. Leg—rump—off.....	35	33	29	26	23
5. Leg—shank—half.....	35	33	29	26	23
6. Leg—rump—half.....	35	33	29	26	23
7. Loin.....	45	42	37	32	28
8. Rib.....	40	39	36	33	26
9. Blade and arm.....	30	28	25	22	20
10. Round.....	47	44	39	34	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	29	27	26	24	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	36	35	32	30	24
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip.....					30
15. Veal tenderloin.....					30
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					30
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					28



## (t) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades						
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull		
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound		
VIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast (bone-in).....		21	21	19	18	14		
2. Breast (boneless).....		30	28	25	22	20		
3. Flank meat.....		30	28	25	22	20		
4. Neck (bone-in).....		21	21	19	18	14		
5. Neck (boneless).....		30	26	25	22	20		
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....		21	21	19	18	14		
7. Shank and Heel Meat (boneless).....		30	28	25	22	20		
8. Ground veal patties.....		31	31	31	31	31		
9. Neck bones.....						8		
IX. Kidneys.....		31	31	31	31	31		
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Hindquarters.....		28	27	24	21	19		
2. Forequarters.....		23	22	21	19	15		
Lamb and mutton		Lamb				Mutton		
		Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	
XI. Steaks and chops:								
1. Loin chops.....		61	57	52	46	33	30	28
2. Rib chops.....		48	45	42	38	22	19	17
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....		48	45	42	38	22	19	17
4. Shoulder chops, blades or arm chops.....		42	39	37	33	19	17	15
XII. Roasts:								
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....		42	40	36	32	23	21	20
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....		48	45	42	38	22	19	17
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....		28	27	27	25	14	13	11
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....		42	41	40	37	20	17	15
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....		36	36	36	34	18	16	14
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....		30	29	28	27	15	13	12
7. Loin.....		61	57	52	46	33	30	28
8. Rib.....		48	45	42	38	22	19	17
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....					37			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast and flank.....		21	20	19	17	11	10	9
2. Neck (bone-in).....		21	20	19	17	11	10	9
3. Neck (boneless).....		33	33	33	33	20	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in).....		21	20	19	17	11	10	9
5. Patties (ground meat).....		33	33	33	33	20	20	20
6. Neckbones.....					8			
XIV. Kidneys.....		29	29	29	29	16	16	16
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Leg.....		35	33	31	29	21	19	18
2. Loin.....		35	32	27	23	17	15	14
3. Hotel rack.....		39	36	31	26	18	16	14
4. Yoke.....		23	22	22	20	11	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 9—North.

Zone 9—North includes the following area:

New York, all that portion of New York east of and including the counties of St. Lawrence, Jefferson, Lewis and Herkimer, and east and southeast of and including the counties of Otsego, Delaware, Sullivan,

Orange, Rockland, Westchester, New York, Bronx, Kings, and Richmond.

Pennsylvania, all that portion of Pennsylvania east of and including the counties of Tioga, Lycoming, Union, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry, and Franklin.

Maryland, all that portion of Maryland east and southeast of and including the counties of Washington, Frederick, Montgomery, Prince Georges, Charles, and Saint Marys.

The District of Columbia.

Maine, all counties.

New Hampshire, all counties.

Vermont, all counties.

Massachusetts, all counties.

Connecticut, all counties.

Rhode Island, all counties.

New Jersey, all counties.

Delaware, all counties.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive:

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## (u) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 9 South.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	55	51	44	37	33
2. T-bone.....	55	51	44	37	33
3. Club.....	55	51	44	37	33
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	35	33	31	27	23
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	39	36	34	29	25
6. Sirloin.....	46	44	36	31	27
7. Pin bone.....	46	44	36	31	27
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	57	54	44	38	34
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	45	42	37	31	27
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	47	44	39	33	29
11. Round tip.....	47	44	39	33	29
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	32	30	28	25	21
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	32	30	28	25	21
14. Flank.....	40	40	40	40	36
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone in 10-inch cut).....	35	33	31	27	23
2. Rib standing (chine bone in 7-inch cut).....	39	36	34	29	25
3. Round tip.....	47	44	39	33	29
4. Rump (bone-in).....	30	28	24	21	17
5. Rump (boneless).....	47	44	39	33	29
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	32	30	28	25	21
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	32	30	28	25	21
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	41	38	36	32	28
9. English cut.....	32	30	28	25	21
<b>III. Stew and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	22	22	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh & cured).....	22	22	21	21	17
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh & cured).....	27	27	25	25	21
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh & cured).....	27	27	24	24	20
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh & cured).....	35	35	30	30	26
6. Flank meat.....	29	29	29	29	25
7. Neck (bone-in).....	27	27	24	24	20
8. Neck (boneless).....	34	32	29	26	22
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	34	32	28	24	20
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind & fore).....	20	20	20	20	16
11. Shank (boneless) (hind & fore).....	28	28	28	28	24
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef.....</b>	29	29	29	29	29
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	27	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	32	31	25	21	17
3. Shank loin beef—whole.....	38	36	31	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole.....	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib beef—whole.....	29	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck.....	24	23	21	18	14
7. Short plate.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket.....	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank.....	15	15	15	15	11

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	48	45	39	34	30
2. Rib chops.....	42	41	38	35	28
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	32	30	27	23	21
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	50	46	41	36	33
5. Sirloin steak or chops.....	40	38	34	30	28
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	37	34	31	27	25
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	52	49	44	38	34
3. Leg.....	37	34	31	27	25
4. Leg—rump—off.....	37	34	31	27	25
5. Leg—shank—half.....	37	34	31	27	25
6. Leg—rump—half.....	37	34	31	27	25
7. Loin.....	48	45	39	34	30
8. Rib.....	42	41	38	35	28
9. Blade and arm.....	32	30	27	23	21
10. Round.....	50	46	41	36	33
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	30	30	27	25	20
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	38	37	34	32	25
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip.....					32
15. Veal tenderloin.....					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					30



## (u) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades				
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:						
1. Breast (bone-in)		23	22	20	19	15
2. Breast (boneless)		32	30	27	23	21
3. Flank meat		32	30	27	23	21
4. Neck (bone-in)		28	22	20	19	15
5. Neck (boneless)		32	30	27	23	21
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)		23	22	20	19	15
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless)		32	30	27	23	21
8. Ground veal patties		33	33	33	33	33
9. Neck bones						9
IX. Kidneys		32	32	32	32	32
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:						
1. Hindquarters		29	27	24	21	19
2. Forequarters		23	23	21	19	16

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops		63	60	54	48	34	32
2. Rib chops		50	47	44	40	23	20
3. Leg or sirloin chops		50	47	44	40	23	20
4. Shoulder chops, blade or arm chops		43	41	38	35	20	18
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)		43	41	37	33	24	22
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)		50	47	44	40	23	20
3. Yoke, rattle or triangle (bone-in)		29	28	28	26	14	13
4. Yoke, rattle or triangle (boneless)		44	43	41	39	21	18
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)		37	37	37	35	18	17
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)		30	30	29	27	15	14
7. Loin		63	60	54	48	34	32
8. Rib		50	47	44	40	23	20
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll					38		
XIII. Stews & Other Cuts:							
1. Breast & Flank		22	21	19	18	11	10
2. Neck (Bone-in)		22	21	19	18	11	10
3. Neck (Boneless)		34	34	34	34	20	20
4. Shank (Bone-in)		22	21	19	18	11	10
5. Patties (Ground Meat)		34	34	34	34	20	20
6. Neck Bones					8		8
XIV. Kidneys		30	30	30	30	17	17
XV. Retail Prices of Wholesale Cuts:							
1. Leg		35	33	31	28	20	19
2. Loin		35	32	27	23	17	15
3. Hotel Rack		38	36	31	26	18	16
4. Yoke		23	22	22	20	11	10

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and class 2 stores selling these meats at retail located in Zone 9—South.

Zone 9—South includes the following areas:

West Virginia, the following counties: Berkeley and Jefferson.

Virginia, all that portion of Virginia east of and including the counties of Frederick, Shenandoah, Rockingham, Augusta, Rockbridge, Botetourt, Roanoke, Franklin, and Patrick.

North Carolina, all that portion of North Carolina east and southeast of and including

the counties of Surry, Yadkin, Iredell, Catawba, Lincoln, and Gaston.

South Carolina, all that portion of South Carolina east of and including the counties of York, Chester, Fairfield, Richland, Lexington, Alken, Barnwell, Allendale, Hampton, Jasper, and Beaufort.

Georgia, all that portion of Georgia east of and including the counties of Richmond, Jefferson, Emanuel, Treutlen, Wheeler, Telfair, Coffee, Berrien, Cook, and Brooks.

Florida, the following counties of Florida: Jefferson, Madison, Taylor, Hamilton, Suwannee, Lafayette, Dixie, Columbia, Gilchrist, Levy, Baker, Nassau, Duval, Union, Bradford, Clay, St. Johns, Alachua, Putnam, Flagler, Marion, Volusia, Lake, Sumter, Citrus, Hernando, and Pasco.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in Section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it, and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(v) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 9 South.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 335, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	53	49	42	36	32
2. T-bone.....	53	49	42	36	32
3. Club.....	53	49	42	36	32
4. Rib 10-inch cut.....	32	31	28	25	21
5. Rib 7-inch cut.....	35	33	30	25	22
6. Sirloin.....	44	42	34	29	25
7. Fin bone.....	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	54	52	42	36	32
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	42	40	35	29	25
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	44	42	36	30	26
11. Round tip.....	44	42	36	30	26
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	30	28	25	23	19
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	30	28	25	23	19
14. Flank.....	39	39	38	38	34
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone in 10-inch cut).....	32	31	28	25	21
2. Rib standing (chine bone in 7-inch cut).....	35	33	30	26	22
3. Round tip.....	44	42	36	30	26
4. Rump (bone-in).....	28	26	23	19	15
5. Rump (boneless).....	44	42	36	30	26
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	38	36	33	29	25
9. English cut.....	30	28	26	23	19
<b>III. Stew and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	21	21	19	19	15
2. Plate (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	21	21	19	19	15
3. Plate (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) (fresh and cured).....	26	26	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) (fresh and cured).....	34	34	29	29	25
6. Flank meat.....	28	28	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in).....	26	26	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless).....	31	30	27	24	20
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	32	30	26	22	18
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	19	19	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	26	26	26	26	22
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef.....</b>	28	28	28	28	28
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	32	30	24	21	17
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	38	35	30	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole.....	16	16	15	15	11
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck.....	24	22	20	18	14
7. Short plate.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket.....	19	19	17	17	13
9. Shank.....	14	14	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	45	42	37	32	28
2. Rib chops.....	40	39	36	33	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	30	28	25	22	20
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	47	44	39	34	31
5. Sirloin steak or chops.....	38	36	32	29	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	35	33	29	26	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	49	46	41	36	32
3. Leg.....	35	33	29	26	23
4. Leg, rump, off.....	35	33	29	26	23
5. Leg, shank, half.....	35	33	29	26	23
6. Leg, rump, half.....	35	33	29	26	23
7. Loin.....	45	42	37	32	28
8. Rib.....	40	39	36	33	26
9. Blade and arm.....	30	28	25	22	20
10. Round.....	47	44	39	34	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	29	27	26	24	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	36	35	32	30	24
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					30
14. Boneless veal sirloin or strip.....					30
15. Veal tenderloin.....					30
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					30
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					29
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					28



## (v) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
VIII. Stews and other cuts:					
1. Breast (bone-in).....	21	21	19	18	14
2. Breast (boneless).....	30	28	25	22	20
3. Flank meat.....	30	28	25	22	20
4. Neck (bone-in).....	21	21	19	18	14
5. Neck (boneless).....	30	28	25	22	20
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	21	21	19	18	14
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless).....	30	28	25	22	20
8. Ground veal patties.....	31	31	31	31	31
9. Neck bones.....					8
IX. Kidneys.....	31	31	31	31	31
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:					
1. Hindquarters.....	28	27	24	21	19
2. Forequarters.....	23	22	21	19	15

  

Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
2. Rib chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blades or arm chops.....	41	39	36	33	19	16	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....	41	39	35	31	22	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....	27	27	26	24	13	12	10
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....	41	40	39	37	19	17	14
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....	36	35	35	33	17	15	13
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....	29	28	28	26	14	13	11
7. Loin.....	60	57	51	46	32	30	27
8. Rib.....	47	45	41	38	21	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank.....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
4. Shank (bone-in).....	21	20	18	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat).....	32	32	32	32	19	19	19
6. Neck bones.....				7			7
XIV. Kidneys.....	28	28	28	28	15	15	15
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg.....	34	33	31	28	20	19	17
2. Loin.....	35	31	26	22	16	15	13
3. Hotel rack.....	38	35	30	25	18	16	14
4. Yoke.....	22	22	21	20	11	10	8

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and class 4 stores selling these meats located in Zone 9—South.

Zone 9—South includes the following area:  
West Virginia, the following counties:  
Berkeley and Jefferson.

Virginia, all that portion of Virginia east of and including the counties of Frederick, Shenandoah, Rockingham, Augusta, Rockbridge, Botetourt, Roanoke, Franklin, and Patrick.

North Carolina, all that portion of North Carolina east and southeast of and including the counties of Surry, Yadkin, Iredell, Catawba, Lincoln, and Gaston.

South Carolina, all that portion of South Carolina east of and including the counties of York, Chester, Fairfield, Richland, Lexington, Aiken, Barnwell, Allendale, Hampton, Jasper, and Beaufort.

Georgia, all that portion of Georgia east of and including the counties of Richmond, Jefferson, Emanuel, Treutlen, Wheeler, Telfair, Coffee, Berrien, Cook, and Brooks.

Florida, the following counties of Florida: Jefferson, Madison, Taylor, Hamilton, Suwannee, Lafayette, Dixie, Columbia, Gilchrist, Levy, Baker, Nassau, Duval, Union, Bradford, Clay, St. Johns, Alachua, Putnam, Flagler, Marion, Volusia, Lake, Sumter, Citrus, Hernando, and Pasco.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in Notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with that customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(w) Retail ceiling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 10

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355 effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cutters and canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse	56	52	44	38	34
2. T-bone	56	52	44	38	34
3. Club	56	52	44	38	34
4. Rib—10" cut	36	34	31	28	24
5. Rib—7" cut	30	27	24	21	17
6. Sirloin	47	44	36	31	27
7. Pin bone	47	44	36	31	27
8. Sirloin (boneless)	58	55	45	38	34
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut)	45	43	38	32	28
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom)	48	45	39	33	29
11. Round tip	48	45	39	33	29
12. Chuck blade (bone-in)	32	30	28	25	21
13. Chuck arm (bone-in)	32	30	28	25	21
14. Flank	41	41	40	40	36
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in 10" cut)	36	34	31	28	24
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in 7" cut)	39	37	34	29	25
3. Round tip	48	45	39	33	29
4. Rump (bone-in)	30	28	25	21	17
5. Rump (boneless)	48	45	39	33	29
6. Chuck blade pot roast	32	30	28	25	21
7. Chuck arm pot roast	32	30	28	25	21
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless)	41	39	36	32	28
9. English cut	32	30	28	25	21
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs	23	23	21	21	17
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured	28	28	21	21	17
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured	28	28	26	26	22
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured	28	28	24	24	20
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured	36	36	31	31	27
6. Flank meat	30	30	30	30	26
7. Neck (bone-in)	28	28	24	24	20
8. Neck (boneless)	34	32	30	27	23
9. Heel of round (boneless)	34	32	28	24	20
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	21	21	21	21	17
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore)	29	29	28	28	24
12. Soup bone	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef</b>	30	30	30	30	30
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole	27	25	23	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole	32	31	25	22	18
3. Short loin beef—whole	39	36	31	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib beef—whole	29	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck	24	23	21	19	15
7. Short plate beef—whole	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket beef—whole	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank beef—whole	15	15	15	15	11

  

Veal	Grades				
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops	48	45	39	34	30
2. Rib chops	42	41	38	34	27
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade)	32	30	26	23	21
4. Round steak (cutlets)	50	46	41	36	33
5. Sirloin steaks or chops	40	38	34	30	28
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in)	37	34	31	27	25
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless)	52	49	44	38	34
3. Leg	37	34	31	27	25
4. Leg—rump—off	37	34	31	27	25
5. Leg—shank—half	37	34	31	27	25
6. Leg—rump—half	37	34	31	27	25
7. Loin	48	45	39	34	30
8. Rib	42	41	38	34	27
9. Blade and arm	32	30	26	23	21
10. Round	50	46	41	36	33
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut)	30	30	27	25	20
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut)	38	37	34	31	25
13. Boneless veal leg or round					32
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip					32
15. Veal tenderloin					32
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll					32
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod					31
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll					30



## (w) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 1 and 2 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Veal—Continued		Grades						
		AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull		
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound		
VIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	15		
2. Breast (boneless).....		32	30	26	23	21		
3. Flank meat.....		32	30	26	23	21		
4. Neck (bone-in).....		23	22	20	19	15		
5. Neck (boneless).....		32	30	26	23	21		
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....		23	22	20	19	15		
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore).....		32	30	26	23	21		
8. Ground veal patties.....		32	32	32	32	32		
9. Neckbones.....						9		
IX. Kidneys.....		32	32	32	32	32		
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Hindquarters.....		29	27	24	21	19		
2. Forequarters.....		23	23	21	19	15		
Lamb and mutton		Lamb				Mutton		
		Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
		Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	
XI. Steaks and chops:								
1. Loin chops.....		64	60	55	49	35	32	29
2. Rib chops.....		50	47	44	40	23	20	18
3. Leg or sirloin chops.....		50	47	44	40	23	20	18
4. Shoulder chops, blades or arm chops.....		44	41	38	35	20	18	16
XII. Roasts:								
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut).....		44	41	38	34	24	22	21
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in).....		50	47	44	40	23	20	18
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in).....		29	29	28	26	15	13	12
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless).....		44	43	42	39	21	19	16
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in).....		38	38	38	35	19	17	15
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in).....		31	30	30	28	16	14	12
7. Loin.....		64	60	55	49	35	32	29
8. Rib.....		50	47	44	40	23	20	18
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll.....					38			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:								
1. Breast and flank.....		23	21	20	18	11	10	9
2. Neck (bone-in).....		23	21	20	18	11	10	9
3. Neck (boneless).....		35	35	35	35	21	21	21
4. Shank (bone-in).....		23	21	20	18	11	10	9
5. Patties (ground meat).....		35	35	35	35	21	21	21
6. Neck bones.....					8			8
XIV. Kidneys.....		30	30	30	30	17	17	17
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:								
1. Leg.....		35	34	32	29	21	19	18
2. Loin.....		35	32	27	23	17	15	14
3. Hotel rack.....		39	36	31	26	18	16	14
4. Yoke.....		23	22	22	20	11	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 1 and 2 stores selling those meats at retail located in Zone 10.

Zone 10 includes the following area:

Florida, all that portion of Florida south of and including the counties of Brevard, Seminole, Orange, Osceola, Polk, Hillsborough, and Pinellas.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1.—Ground meat. (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with the customer's name.

NOTE 2.—Cube steak. The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3.—Yearling lamb. The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



(x) Retail selling prices for beef, veal, lamb and mutton—fresh, cured and frozen—Zone 10.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No. 355, effective June 21, 1943]

Beef	Grades				
	AA or Choice	A or Good	B or Commercial	C or Utility	D or Cutters and Canners
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>I. Steaks:</b>					
1. Porterhouse.....	53	50	43	36	32
2. T-bone.....	53	50	43	36	32
3. Club.....	53	50	43	36	32
4. Rib—10" cut.....	33	31	29	25	21
5. Rib—7" cut.....	36	33	31	26	22
6. Sirloin.....	44	42	34	29	25
7. Pin bone.....	44	42	34	29	25
8. Sirloin (boneless).....	35	32	26	22	19
9. Round (bone-in) (full cut).....	43	40	35	30	26
10. Round (boneless) (top and bottom).....	45	42	37	31	27
11. Round tip.....	45	42	37	31	27
12. Chuck blade (bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
13. Chuck arm (bone-in).....	30	28	26	23	19
14. Flank.....	39	39	39	39	35
<b>II. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in 10" cut).....	33	31	29	25	21
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in 7" cut).....	36	33	31	26	22
3. Round tip.....	45	42	37	31	27
4. Rump (bone-in).....	28	27	23	20	16
5. Rump (boneless).....	45	42	37	31	27
6. Chuck blade pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
7. Chuck arm pot roast.....	30	28	26	23	19
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	39	36	34	30	26
9. English cut.....	30	28	26	23	19
<b>III. Stews and other cuts:</b>					
1. Short ribs.....	21	21	20	20	16
2. Plate (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	21	21	20	20	16
3. Plate (boneless) fresh or cured.....	26	26	24	24	20
4. Brisket (bone-in) fresh or cured.....	27	27	23	23	19
5. Brisket (boneless) fresh or cured.....	34	34	30	30	26
6. Flank meat.....	29	29	28	28	24
7. Neck (bone-in).....	27	27	23	23	19
8. Neck (boneless).....	32	30	28	25	21
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	32	30	27	23	19
10. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore).....	20	20	19	19	15
11. Shank (boneless) (hind and fore).....	27	27	27	27	23
12. Soup bone.....	3	3	3	3	3
13. Suet.....	5	5	5	5	5
<b>IV. Ground beef.....</b>	29	29	29	29	29
<b>V. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:</b>					
1. Round beef—whole.....	26	25	22	19	15
2. Sirloin beef—whole.....	32	30	25	21	17
3. Short loin beef—whole.....	38	36	30	26	22
4. Flank beef—whole.....	16	16	16	16	12
5. Rib beef—whole.....	28	27	25	22	18
6. Regular chuck.....	24	22	21	18	14
7. Short plate beef—whole.....	17	17	16	16	12
8. Brisket beef—whole.....	20	20	17	17	13
9. Shank beef—whole.....	15	15	14	14	10
Veal	Grades				
	AA or Choice	A or Good	B or Commercial	C or Utility	D or Cull
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
<b>VI. Steaks and chops:</b>					
1. Loin chops.....	45	42	37	32	28
2. Rib chops.....	40	39	36	32	26
3. Shoulder chops (arm and blade).....	30	28	25	22	20
4. Round steak (cutlets).....	47	44	39	34	31
5. Sirloin steaks or chops.....	38	36	32	29	26
<b>VII. Roasts:</b>					
1. Rump and sirloin (bone-in).....	35	33	29	26	23
2. Rump and sirloin (boneless).....	49	46	41	36	32
3. Leg.....	35	33	29	26	23
4. Leg—rump—off.....	35	33	29	26	23
5. Leg—shank—half.....	35	33	29	26	23
6. Leg—rump—half.....	35	33	29	26	23
7. Loin.....	45	42	37	32	28
8. Rib.....	40	39	36	32	26
9. Blade and arm.....	30	28	25	22	20
10. Round.....	47	44	39	34	31
11. Shoulder (bone-in) (square cut).....	29	28	26	23	19
12. Shoulder (boneless) (square cut).....	36	35	32	29	23
13. Boneless veal leg or round.....					31
14. Boneless veal sirloin strip.....					31
15. Veal tenderloin.....					31
16. Boneless veal regular rib roll.....					31
17. Boneless veal shoulder clod.....					30
18. Boned, rolled and tied veal roll.....					28



## (x) Retail ceiling prices—Continued.

[For stores in classes 3 and 4 as provided in Maximum Price Regulation No 835, effective June 21 1943]

Veal—Continued	Grades						
	AA or choice	A or good	B or commercial	C or utility	D or cull		
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound		
VIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast (bone-in)	21	21	19	18	14		
2. Breast (boneless)	30	28	25	22	20		
3. Flank meat	30	28	25	22	20		
4. Neck (bone-in)	21	21	19	18	14		
5. Neck (boneless)	30	28	25	22	20		
6. Shank (bone-in) (hind and fore)	21	21	19	18	14		
7. Shank and heel meat (boneless) (hind and fore)	30	28	25	22	20		
8. Ground veal patties	31	31	31	31	31		
9. Neckbones					8		
IX. Kidneys	31	31	31	31	31		
X. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Hindquarters	28	26	24	21	19		
2. Forequarters	23	22	20	19	18		
Lamb and mutton	Lamb				Mutton		
	Grade AA or choice	Grade A or good	Grade B or commercial	Grade C or utility	Grade S or prime, choice and good	Grade M or commercial	Grade R or utility and culls
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound
XI. Steaks and chops:							
1. Loin chops	61	57	52	46	33	30	27
2. Rib chops	48	45	42	38	22	19	16
3. Leg or sirloin chops	48	45	42	38	22	19	16
4. Shoulder chops, blades or arm chops	41	39	36	33	19	17	14
XII. Roasts:							
1. Leg (whole, half or short cut)	42	39	36	32	23	21	19
2. Sirloin roast (bone-in)	48	45	42	38	22	19	16
3. Yoke rattle or triangle (bone-in)	28	27	26	25	14	12	11
4. Yoke rattle or triangle (boneless)	42	41	39	37	19	17	15
5. Chuck or shoulder, square cut (bone-in)	36	35	35	33	17	16	14
6. Chuck or shoulder, cross cut (bone-in)	29	28	28	26	14	13	11
7. Loin	61	57	52	46	33	30	27
8. Rib	48	45	42	38	22	19	16
9. Boneless lamb shoulder roll				36			
XIII. Stews and other cuts:							
1. Breast and flank	21	20	19	17	10	9	8
2. Neck (bone-in)	21	20	19	17	10	9	8
3. Neck (boneless)	33	33	33	33	20	20	20
4. Shank (bone-in)	21	20	19	17	10	9	8
5. Patties (ground meat)	33	33	33	33	20	20	20
6. Neck bones				8			8
XIV. Kidneys	29	29	29	29	16	16	16
XV. Retail prices of wholesale cuts:							
1. Leg	85	83	81	78	20	19	17
2. Loin	36	32	27	21	17	15	13
3. Hotel rack	38	35	31	26	18	16	14
4. Yoke	28	22	21	20	11	10	9

These ceiling prices apply in all class 3 and 4 stores selling these meats at retail located in zone 10.

Zone 10 includes the following area:

Florida, all that portion of Florida south of and including the counties of Brevard, Seminole, Orange, Osceola, Polk, Hillsborough, and Pinellas.

The above prices are subject to the conditions contained in notes 1 to 3, inclusive.

NOTE 1. *Ground meat.* (a) The retailer must not sell any ground meat unless it is ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb as defined in section 20 of the beef, veal, lamb and mutton retail regulation, and he must not sell such ground meat at prices higher than those listed above.

(b) If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it ground, the retailer may grind that cut of meat for the customer, only if the grinding is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it. No addition may be charged the customer for the grinding.

(c) The retailer shall not have in his store or cooler any ground meat except ground beef, ground veal or ground lamb, or meat which has been bought by a customer and ground at the customer's request and which is wrapped and marked with the customer's name.

NOTE 2. *Cube steak.* The retailer must not sell any cubed steaks which have been cubed in advance of an order. If a customer buys any retail cut of meat and wants it cubed, the retailer may cube that cut of meat for the customer, only if the cubing is done in a manner so that the customer can observe it and no addition is charged the customer for the cubing.

NOTE 3. *Yearling lamb.* The ceiling prices for yearling lamb cuts of the different grades are lower than the above ceiling prices for lamb. The retailer must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of choice grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of good grade; he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of good grade at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of commercial grade; and, he must not sell retail yearling lamb cuts of commercial, utility and cull grades at a higher price than the ceiling price for the corresponding retail lamb cut of utility grade.



## 8. Section 28 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 28. O. P. A. list of retail ceiling prices for variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—(a) Retail ceiling prices for beef variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 1 and 2 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zones 3, 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Blood.....	14	13	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Brains.....	18	17	16	16	16	17	17	17	18
Caul fat.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Cheek meat.....	25	24	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Cheek meat trimmings.....	17	16	15	15	16	16	16	17	17
Diaphragm meat.....	22	21	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Fries.....	14	13	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Gullet weasand meat.....	22	21	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Head meat.....	25	24	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Hearts—Type B.....	23	22	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Heart trimmings.....	14	13	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Kidneys.....	22	21	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Lips.....	14	13	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Livers—Type A.....	40	39	38	38	38	39	39	40	40
Livers—Type B.....	34	33	32	32	32	33	33	33	34
Lungs.....	10	08	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Melts.....	10	08	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Oxtail split joints.....	25	24	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Palates.....	10	08	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Sweetbreads—Type A.....	42	41	40	40	41	41	41	42	42
Sweetbreads—Type B.....	22	21	20	21	21	21	22	22	22
Tails under ¼ lb.....	17	16	15	15	16	16	16	17	17
Tails ¼ lb. and up.....	22	21	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Tongues—Type A.....	38	37	36	36	37	37	38	38	38
Tongues—A, cured.....	42	41	40	40	41	41	41	42	42
Tongues—A, smoked.....	54	52	51	52	52	53	53	54	54
Tongues canner.....	29	28	27	27	28	28	29	29	29
Tongues canner cured.....	36	35	34	34	35	35	35	36	36
Tongue meat.....	22	21	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	11	10	09	09	10	10	10	11	11
Tripe cooked.....	17	16	15	15	16	16	16	17	17
Tripe honeycomb.....	25	24	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Udders.....	10	08	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Vinegar pickled and cooked beef tripe, regular.....	28	27	26	26	27	27	28	28	28
Vinegar pickled and cooked beef tripe, honeycomb.....	32	31	30	31	31	31	32	32	32

(b) Retail ceiling prices for beef variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 3 and 4 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zones 3, 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Blood.....	13	12	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Brains.....	16	15	14	15	15	15	16	16	16
Caul fat.....	19	18	16	17	17	18	18	18	19
Cheek meat.....	23	22	21	21	22	22	23	23	23
Cheek meat trimmings.....	16	15	14	14	15	15	15	16	16
Diaphragm meat.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Fries.....	13	12	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Gullet weasand meat.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Head meat.....	23	22	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Hearts—Type B.....	22	20	19	20	20	20	21	21	22
Heart trimmings.....	13	12	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Kidneys.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Lips.....	13	12	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Livers—Type A.....	38	36	35	36	36	36	37	37	38
Livers—Type B.....	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	31	32
Lungs.....	8	7	6	7	7	7	8	8	8
Melts.....	8	7	6	7	7	7	8	8	8
Oxtail split joints.....	23	22	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Palates.....	8	7	6	7	7	7	8	8	8
Sweetbreads—Type A.....	40	39	38	38	38	39	39	39	40
Sweetbreads—Type B.....	21	20	19	19	19	20	20	20	21
Tails under ¼ lb.....	16	15	14	14	14	15	15	15	16
Tails ¼ lb. and up.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Tongues—Type A.....	36	35	34	34	35	35	36	36	36
Tongues—A, cured.....	40	39	38	38	38	39	39	39	40
Tongues—A, smoked.....	51	50	49	49	49	50	50	50	51
Tongues canner.....	27	26	25	26	26	26	27	27	27
Tongues canner cured.....	34	33	32	32	32	33	33	34	34
Tongue meat.....	20	19	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	10	9	8	8	8	9	9	9	10
Tripe cooked.....	16	15	14	14	14	15	15	15	16
Tripe honeycomb.....	23	22	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Udders.....	8	7	6	7	7	7	8	8	8
Vinegar pickled and cooked beef tripe, regular.....	26	25	24	25	25	25	26	26	26
Vinegar pickled and cooked beef tripe, honeycomb.....	30	29	28	29	29	29	30	30	30



## (c) Retail ceiling prices for veal variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 1 and 2 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zones 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	22	21	20	20	21	21	21	22	22	22
Cheek meat.....	25	24	22	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Diaphragm meat.....	22	21	19	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Feet.....	20	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Fries.....	43	42	41	41	41	41	42	42	43	43
Gullet weasand meat.....	22	21	19	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Head skinned.....	28	27	25	25	26	26	27	27	27	28
Head meat.....	25	24	22	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Heart, type B.....	23	22	21	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Heart trimmings.....	14	13	12	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Lips.....	14	13	12	12	12	13	13	13	14	14
Livers, type A.....	82	81	80	80	81	81	82	82	82	82
Livers, type B.....	78	77	76	76	76	76	77	77	78	78
Lungs.....	10	8	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	10
Melts.....	10	8	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	10
Plucks.....	46	45	44	44	44	45	45	45	46	46
Sweetbread, type A.....	68	67	66	66	66	67	67	67	68	68
Pairs under 6 oz.....	66	65	63	63	64	64	65	65	65	66
Pairs 6-12 oz.....	78	72	71	71	71	72	72	73	73	73
Pairs over 12 oz.....	81	80	79	79	79	79	80	80	81	81
Tails under 1/4 pound.....	17	16	15	15	15	16	16	16	17	17
Tails 1/4 pound and up.....	22	21	19	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Tongues, type A.....	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	32	32	32
Tongues canner.....	25	24	22	22	23	23	24	24	24	25
Tongue meat.....	22	21	19	19	20	20	21	21	21	22
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	11	10	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	11
Tripe cooked.....	17	16	15	15	15	16	16	16	17	17

## (d) Retail ceiling prices for veal variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 3 and 4 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	21	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	21
Cheek meat.....	23	22	21	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Diaphragm meat.....	20	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Feet.....	19	18	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	19
Fries.....	41	39	38	39	39	39	39	41	40	41
Gullet weasand meat.....	20	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Head skinned.....	26	25	24	24	24	24	25	25	26	26
Head meat.....	23	22	21	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Heart type B.....	22	20	19	19	20	20	20	21	21	22
Heart trimmings.....	13	12	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Lips.....	13	12	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
Livers type A.....	78	77	76	76	77	77	77	78	78	78
Livers type B.....	74	73	71	71	72	73	73	73	74	74
Lungs.....	08	07	06	06	07	07	07	08	08	08
Melts.....	08	07	06	06	07	07	07	08	08	08
Plucks.....	43	42	41	41	42	42	42	43	43	43
Sweetbreads—Type A.....	65	63	62	62	63	63	64	64	65	65
Pairs under 6 oz.....	62	61	60	60	61	61	62	62	62	62
Pairs 6-12 oz.....	70	69	68	68	68	69	69	69	70	70
Pairs over 12 oz.....	77	76	75	75	76	76	76	77	77	77
Tails under 1/4#.....	16	15	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	16
Tails 1/4# and up.....	20	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Tongues—Type A.....	30	29	28	28	28	29	29	30	30	30
Tongues canner.....	23	22	21	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Tongue meat.....	20	19	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	10	09	08	08	08	09	09	09	09	10
Tripe cooked.....	16	15	13	13	14	14	15	15	15	16

## (e) Retail ceiling prices for lamb and mutton variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 1 and 2 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zones 2, 3, 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	22	20	21	21	21	22	22	22
Cheek meat.....	20	18	18	19	19	19	20	20
Diaphragm meat.....	18	16	17	17	18	18	18	19
Fries.....	47	45	46	46	46	47	47	48
Gullet weasand meat.....	18	16	17	17	18	18	18	19
Head skinned.....	15	13	14	14	14	15	15	16
Head meat.....	20	18	18	19	19	19	19	20
Heart—Type B.....	23	21	21	22	22	22	23	23
Livers—Type A lamb.....	33	32	32	32	33	33	33	34
Livers—Type B sheep.....	30	28	29	29	30	30	30	31
Lungs.....	09	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Melts.....	09	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Plucks.....	24	22	22	22	23	23	24	24
Sweetbreads type A.....	45	43	43	44	44	44	45	45
Tongues type A.....	27	25	26	26	27	27	27	28
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	09	07	08	08	08	09	09	10
Tripe, cooked.....	15	13	14	14	14	15	15	16



## (h) Retail ceiling prices for pork variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 3 and 4 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	25	22	21	21	20	20	20	21	21	21	22
Caul fat.....	21	20	20	20	18	18	18	19	19	19	20
Cheek meat.....	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Chitterlings.....	18	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Crown meat.....	17	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	15
Cutlets.....	17	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	15
Diaphragm meat.....	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	21
Ears.....	14	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	12
Gullet weasand meat.....	21	20	20	20	18	18	18	19	19	19	20
Head skinned.....	21	20	20	20	18	18	18	19	19	19	20
Head meat.....	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	30
Heart—Type B.....	18	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Kidneys.....	23	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	21
Leaf lard—raw.....	24	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	22
Livers—Type B.....	24	23	23	23	20	20	20	21	21	21	22
Melts.....	09	08	08	08	07	07	07	07	07	07	08
Neck—Type A.....	18	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Tongue meat.....	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	30
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	20	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	18
Tripe—cooked.....	11	09	09	09	08	08	08	08	08	08	09
Cured pork items:	17	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	15
Snouts.....	24	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	22
Ears.....	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	18
Lips.....	10	09	09	09	08	08	08	08	08	08	09
Heads (split, brains out).....	28	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	26

(i) Zones. The zones for variety meats and edible by-products are the same as those for beef, veal, lamb and mutton except for zones 4 and 4A. The following area is taken out of zone 4 and made into a separate zone called zone 4A:

Zone 4A. All that portion of Wisconsin south and west of and including the counties of St. Croix, Dunn, Chippewa, Clark, Jackson, Monroe, Vernon and Crawford.

All that portion of Minnesota south of and including the counties of Washington, Ramsey, Hennepin, Wright, McLeod, Renville, Chippewa, and Lac qui Parle.

All that portion of South Dakota south and east of and including the counties of Deuel, Codington, Clarke, Spink, Faulk, Hand, Jernold, Aurora and Charles Mix.

All that portion of Nebraska east of and including the counties of Boyd, Holt, Garfield, Valley, Sherman, Buffalo, Kearney and Franklin.

All that portion of Kansas east and north of and including the counties of Smith, Osborne, Russell, Lincoln, Ottawa, Clay, Geary, Wabunsee, Shawnee, Douglas and Johnson.

All that portion of Missouri west and north of and including the counties of Scotland, Knox, Shelby, Monroe, Audrain, Boone, Howard, Saline, Lafayette and Jackson.

Iowa except the counties of Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines and Lee.

This amendment No. 5 shall become effective June 21, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 7th day of June 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9238; Filed, June 8, 1943; 9:34 a. m.]

## (f) Retail ceiling prices for lamb and mutton variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 3 and 4 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zones 2, 3, 4, 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	21
Caul fat.....	18	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Cheek meat.....	17	15	15	15	15	16	16	17
Chitterlings.....	45	43	43	43	44	44	44	45
Crown meat.....	17	15	15	15	16	16	16	17
Cutlets.....	14	12	12	12	13	13	13	14
Diaphragm meat.....	18	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Ears.....	17	15	15	15	16	16	16	17
Gullet weasand meat.....	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	22
Head skinned.....	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	22
Head meat.....	28	27	27	27	27	28	28	29
Heart—Type B.....	08	06	06	06	07	07	07	08
Kidneys.....	22	20	20	20	21	21	21	22
Leaf lard—raw.....	42	40	41	41	42	42	42	43
Livers—Type A.....	26	24	24	24	25	25	25	26
Tongue meat.....	08	06	06	06	07	07	07	08
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	14	12	12	12	13	13	13	14
Tripe, cooked.....	14	12	12	12	13	13	13	14

(g) Retail ceiling prices for pork variety meats and edible by-products: Fresh, cured and frozen—Class 1 and 2 stores.

[Price per pound]

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 4A	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Zone 8	Zone 9	Zone 10
Brains.....	25	24	23	22	21	22	22	22	23	23	24
Caul fat.....	23	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	22
Cheek meat.....	33	32	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	31	32
Chitterlings.....	20	18	18	18	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Crown meat.....	46	45	44	44	43	43	43	43	44	44	45
Cutlets.....	23	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	22
Diaphragm meat.....	18	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Ears.....	23	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	21	21	22
Gullet weasand meat.....	33	32	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	31	32
Head skinned.....	33	32	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	31	32
Head meat.....	30	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	28	28	29
Heart—Type B.....	24	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	23	23	24
Kidneys.....	21	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	21
Leaf lard—raw.....	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	24	24	25
Lips.....	14	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	12
Livers—Type B.....	20	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	18	18	19
Melts.....	11	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	9
Neck—Type A.....	20	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	18	18	19
Tongue meat.....	33	32	32	31	30	30	30	31	31	31	32
Tripe scalded (bellies).....	21	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	21
Tripe—cooked.....	12	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	11
Cured Pork Items:	18	17	16	16	14	15	15	15	16	16	17
Snouts.....	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	24	24	25
Ears.....	21	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	19	19	20
Lips.....	19	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	17	17	18
Heads (split, brains out).....	30	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	28	28	29



# TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

## Chapter II—Office of Defense Transportation

[General Order ODT 21, Amdt. 7]

### PART 501—CONSERVATION OF MOTOR EQUIPMENT

#### SUBPART M—CERTIFICATES OF WAR NECESSITY FOR AND CONTROL OF COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES

Pursuant to Executive Orders 8989 and 9156, § 501.96 of General Order ODT 21, as amended (7 F.R. 7100, 9006, 9347, 10025, 8 F.R. 551, 2510, 7357), is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 501.96 *Motor fuel and commercial motor vehicle parts, tires, or tubes.* No person shall transfer any motor fuel to, or transfer, mount, or install any part, tire or tube, in or upon any commercial motor vehicle, unless the operator thereof at the time of such transfer or installation, shall present to such person for inspection a valid Certificate of War Necessity pertaining to such vehicle, issued by the Office of Defense Transportation: *Provided*, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to transfers or installations made pursuant to a coupon, certificate, or other instrument, authorized or issued by a rationing agency of the United States, or to the sale, transfer, or delivery of motor fuel, parts, tires, or tubes, to any person for the purpose of resale.

This amendment shall become effective June 10, 1943.

(E.O. 8989, 9156; 6 F.R. 6725, 7 F.R. 3349)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 10th day of June 1943.

JOSEPH B. EASTMAN,  
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9402; Filed, June 10, 1943; 11:52 a. m.]

## Notices

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

#### Bureau of Reclamation.

[No. 41]

#### SUNNYSIDE DIVISION, YAKIMA PROJECT, WASH.

#### NOTICE OF ANNUAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHARGES

MAY 25, 1943.

1. *Operation and maintenance charges for lands subject to public notice rates.* Notice is hereby given that for the irrigation season of 1943, each acre of irrigable land subject to public notice rates in the Sunnyside Division, Yakima Project, Washington, shall be charged, whether water is used or not, with a minimum operation and maintenance charge of two dollars (\$2.00), which will permit, subject to the variations permitted under the Rules and Regulations

issued on this date, the delivery of not more than the acre-foot quantities per irrigable acre, designated by, or pursuant to, the provisions of the contract, dated May 31, 1941, between the United States and the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District, in accordance with the following schedule:

#### Monthly Schedules of Deliveries

April	11.7%
May	16.7%
June	16.7%
July	18.3%
August	18.3%
September	13.3%
October	5.0%

2. *Operations and maintenance charges for old supplemental lands.* For lands (so-called Old Supplemental Lands) receiving water under said division of said project by virtue of certain supplemental water right contracts with the United States, there will be made for the irrigation season of 1943 an operation and maintenance charge of \$1.00 per acre which will permit, subject to the variations permitted by the Rules and Regulations issued on this date, the delivery on the above monthly schedule of deliveries, of the amounts of water designated by, or pursuant to, the provisions of the contract dated May 31, 1941, between the United States and the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District.

3. *Operation and maintenance charges for excess water for lands in Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District.* For lands in the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District, consisting of Public Notice, Old Supplemental, Supplemental, and Warren Act lands, water in excess of said monthly schedule of amounts designated by, or pursuant to, the provisions of the contract dated May 31, 1941, will be delivered, when available, at the rate of \$1.00 per acre-foot, upon the signing of a request therefor substantially in the form in use in 1930, the charges not to begin until five days after the date of storage release. When available, water in excess of the monthly schedule of said designated amounts will be delivered without extra charge, up to and including the fifth day after the date of storage release.

4. *Operation and maintenance charges for excess water for other lands in Sunnyside Division.* For other lands in the Sunnyside Division, consisting of Public Notice, Supplemental, and special Warren Act lands not covered by paragraph 3, water in excess of the monthly schedule of amounts established under notices and contracts will be delivered, when available, at the rate of \$1.00 per acre-foot, upon the signing of a request therefor substantially in the form in use in 1930, the charges not to begin until five days after the date of storage release. When available, water in excess of the monthly schedule of said established amounts will be delivered without extra charge up to and including the fifth day after the date of storage release.

5. *Water rental charges for lands outside the project.* For water which may be furnished lands outside the limits of the said division of said project, the

charge shall be one dollar (\$1.00) per acre-foot for the irrigation season of 1943, due and payable in advance of the delivery of water.

6. *Time of payments.* All water charges announced herein are due and payable on December 31 following the irrigation season, except as provided in paragraph 5.

7. All charges collected under this public notice shall be credited to the operation and maintenance account of the Sunnyside Division.

(Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, as amended or supplemented)

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,  
First Assistant Secretary.

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS AS TO WATER DELIVERIES IN SUNNYSIDE VALLEY IRRIGATION DISTRICT, YAKIMA PROJECT, FOR THE IRRIGATION SEASON OF 1943.

Temporarily during the irrigation season of 1943, while litigation is pending, the amounts of water designated to be delivered to water users in the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District for the minimum operation and maintenance charges for the irrigation seasons of 1941 and 1942 will be adopted as the amounts of water to be delivered to water users for the minimum operation and maintenance charges for the irrigation season of 1943, announced in the Public Notice for the Sunnyside Division issued on this date, with the following modifications as set forth in these rules and regulations:

(1) Said public notice of operation and maintenance charges states that the minimum operation and maintenance charge of two dollars (\$2.00), applicable to lands subject to public notice rates, and the operation and maintenance charge of one dollar (\$1.00), applicable to old supplemental lands, will permit the deliveries of the amounts of water designated by, and pursuant to, the provisions of the contract dated May 31, 1941, between the United States and the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District. By these Rules and Regulations, the District may modify for the irrigation season of 1943 the amounts designated in 1941 and 1942 for old supplemental lands and may extend or modify its classification of other lands as long as the aggregate amount of water designated does not exceed for the season or any month thereof, the following delivery total or the monthly schedule thereof, respectively:

	Average rate of delivery in cubic feet per second	Delivery in acre-foot
April	413	24,550
May	620	38,110
June	715	42,570
July	729	44,830
August	729	44,830
September	561	33,390
October	252	15,010
		243,290

less the amounts required in the conclusive judgment of the project superintendent to supply the rights of lands within the District's boundaries for which there are no water right applications or contracts with the United States.

2. The foregoing delivery total, or the monthly schedule thereof, is not to be construed as any limitation on the amounts of water which may be requested as provided for in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Public Notice issued this date.



3. The practice of interchange of amounts of water in the months of the period of storage release in effect during the irrigation seasons of 1941 and 1942 shall be in effect during the irrigation season of 1943, but such variations in the monthly schedule of delivery percentages set forth in paragraph 1 of said public notice will be confined to the following range and scale of percentages: 5%, 6.7%, 8.3%, 10%, 11.7%, 13.3%, 15%, 16.7%, and 18.3%.

MAY 25, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9388; Filed, June 9, 1943; 2:44 p. m.]

## FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

[Docket No. 4971]

HOOD RUBBER COMPANY, INC.

COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF HEARING

### Complaint

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that the party respondent named in the caption hereof, and hereinafter more particularly designated and described, since June 19, 1936, has violated and is now violating the provisions of subsection (a) of section 2 of the Clayton Act (U.S.C.A. Title 15, sec. 13), as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act approved June 19, 1936, hereby issues its complaint against the said respondent, stating its charges as follows:

PARAGRAPH 1. Respondent Hood Rubber Company, Inc., is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Goodrich Tire & Rubber Company, of Akron, Ohio, and is a Massachusetts corporation with its principal office and place of business located at Watertown, Mass.

PAR. 2. Respondent is now, and has been since June 19, 1936, principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of rubber and canvas footwear which it sells to jobbers or wholesalers, national retail chain organizations, mail-order houses, and other retail customers, located in states other than the State of Massachusetts.

Respondent causes said rubber and canvas footwear, when sold, to be transported from the place of manufacture within said State of Massachusetts to the purchasers thereof located in states other than the State of Massachusetts, and there is and has been at all times herein mentioned a continuous current of trade and commerce in said products across state lines between respondent's factory or warehouses and the purchasers of such products. Said products are sold and distributed for use, consumption and resale within the various states of the United States and the District of Columbia.

PAR. 3. In the course and conduct of its business as aforesaid respondent is now, and during the time herein mentioned has been, in substantial competition with other corporations engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling rubber and canvas footwear in commerce between and among the various

states of the United States and in the District of Columbia.

Respondent has annual dollar sales of rubber and canvas footwear of approximately \$16,500,000, sells approximately 8,250,000 units of rubber footwear and 6,250,000 units of canvas footwear annually, and is the second largest factor in the rubber and canvas footwear industry. Respondent in the maintenance of its national distribution of said products maintains 21 stocking points and 11 branch sales headquarters, located throughout the various states of the United States.

Many of respondent's retail customers are competitively engaged with each other and with the customers of the respondent's competitors in the resale of said products within the several trade areas in which the respondent's said customers, respectively, offer for sale and sell the said products purchased from respondent.

Respondent's first grade rubber and canvas footwear is made up of its nationally advertised Hood and Goodrich brands, its unadvertised Shawmut brand, and private brands or special specification products privately branded or carrying no brand. Respondent's nationally advertised brands are sold principally to small retailers, although its Hood brand is sold by its branches to department stores and small local chains designated as "House Accounts". Moreover, some Hood brand canvas footwear is sold to large chains and mail-order houses designated as "National Accounts", but no Hood brand rubber footwear is so sold to such accounts. Respondent's Shawmut brand and private brand or special specification products are sold exclusively to large retail chains and mail-order houses. All of said first grade rubber and canvas rubber footwear of respondent, regardless of the various brand names as above described, are of like grade and quality. Large retailers and small local chain customers of respondent designated by it as "House Accounts" and mail-order houses and large chain customers designated by it as "National Accounts" which purchase rubber and canvas footwear of respondent, under The Shawmut brand or private brands or no brands, resell such products in many parts of the United States in competition with other retail customers of respondent selling respondent's regular advertised brands. Such private brands or special specification products are of like grade and quality to respondent's nationally advertised brands, Hood and Goodrich, sold by respondent's small retail customers in competition with said private brands or special specification products.

Respondent's second grade rubber and canvas footwear is sold by it to the same classes of retailers as are its first grade products, and under various brand names. Such second grade rubber and canvas footwear, regardless of the brand name under which same is sold, and regardless of the class or type of retailer to whom such products are sold, is of like grade and quality, and the various

classes of respondent's customer-purchasers resell said products in competition with each other in many parts of the United States.

PAR. 4. Respondent in the course and conduct of its business, as hereinbefore set forth, has been since June 19, 1936, and is now, discriminating in price between different purchasers of its rubber and canvas footwear of like grade and quality by selling said products to some of its customers at higher prices than it sells such products of like grade and quality to other of its customers who are competitively engaged one with the other in the resale of said products within the United States.

PAR. 5. The discriminations in price referred to in Paragraph Four hereof have been effectuated through the use by respondent in its pricing plan of a schedule of discounts from list prices, described in general terms as follows:

Discounts allowed by respondent on sales of its advertised Goodrich and Hood brands of both canvas and rubber footwear to small retailers are:

	Branch sales & shipments	Branch sales shipped by factory	
		Stock	Make-up
On single shipments of:	Percent	Percent	Percent
(1) Less than 144 pairs.....	None	None	None
(2) 145-479 pairs.....	3	3	3
(3) 480 pairs or more.....	3	3	8

Thus, a differential of 3% is allowed on single shipments in excess of 144 pairs, packed in standard case lots, and an extra 5% differential for make-up orders if shipped in lots of 480 pairs or more. "Make-up" orders are those placed far enough in advance to allow for orderly manufacture and shipment from factory to customers.

To the extent that respondent's advertised brands of rubber and canvas footwear are sold by its branches to department stores and small local chains designated as "House Accounts" and to large chains and mail-order houses designated as "National Accounts" the discounts received by said accounts on such advertised brands are—

	Branch sales and shipments	Branch sales shipped by factory		Factory sales and shipments	
		Stock	Make-up	Stock	Make-up
On single shipments of:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
(1) Less than 144 pairs.....	5	5	5	5	5
(2) 145-479 pairs.....	8	8	8	8	8
(3) 480 pairs or more.....	8	8	13	8	13

Discounts allowed by respondent to its "House" and "National Accounts" on its unadvertised Shawmut brand or rubber and canvas footwear of like grade and quality to its advertised brands aforesaid, and which the small retailers are not accorded the privilege of purchasing, are:



	Branch sales and shipments	Branch sales shipped by factory		Factory sales and shipments	
		Stock	Make-up	Stock	Make-up
On single shipments of:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
(1) Less than 144 pairs.....	10	10	10	10	10 percent.
(2) 147-479 pairs.....	13	13	13	13	13 percent.
(3) 480 pairs or more.....	13	13	18	13	18 percent on canvas. 18 and 5 percent on rubber. <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> (Maximum to "House" accounts is 18 percent; the extra 5 percent is allowed only to "National" accounts.)

The Shawmut brand of footwear is sold by respondent subject to the above described discounts under either that brand name or under the private brand of the purchaser or under no brand and is of like grade and quality to its first grade advertised brands, Goodrich and Hood.

Discounts allowed by respondent to small retailers on sale of its second grade rubber and canvas footwear are the same as allowed on its first grade advertised products above set out. However, on second grade footwear, the large retailers designated as "House" and "National" Accounts are accorded larger discounts, varying somewhat from those allowed them on first grade footwear, and are as follows:

**DISCOUNTS ALLOWED ON SECOND GRADE CANVAS FOOTWEAR SOLD TO "HOUSE" ACCOUNTS**

	Branch sales and shipments, stock		Branch sales shipped by factory		Factory sales and shipments	
	Stock	Make-up	Stock	Make-up	Stock	Make-up
On single shipment of:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent		
Less than 144 pairs.....	5	5	5	5	Not sold by factory.	
144-479 pairs.....	8	8	8	8		
480 pairs or more.....	8	8	13	13		

**DISCOUNTS ALLOWED ON SECOND GRADE CANVAS FOOTWEAR SOLD TO "NATIONAL" ACCOUNTS**

Less than 144 pairs.....	5	5	5	5	5
144-479 pairs.....	8	8	8	8	8
480 pairs or more.....	8	8	18	8	18

**DISCOUNTS ALLOWED ON SECOND GRADE RUBBER FOOTWEAR SOLD TO "HOUSE" AND "NATIONAL" ACCOUNTS (PERCENT)**

Less than 144 pairs.....	5	5	5	5	5
144-479 pairs.....	8	8	8	8	8
480 pairs or more.....	8	8	17.2	8	17.2

The discounts from list prices above described in general terms are more fully set forth in respondent's Sales Policies for the year 1937 which were published and circulated by respondent to its retail trade under the following titles:

- 1937 Waterproof Sales Policy (Revised) Hood and Goodrich;
- 1937 Waterproof Sales Policy Old Colony, Massachusetts and Stafford Brands; and
- 1937 Canvas Sales Policy.

The pricing policies of respondent, as above described in general terms, and as more particularly described in respondent's published Sales Policies above referred to, have been continued in force

by respondent, with minor variations, to date and such discounts as therein more particularly described and/or as later modified, constitute the means by which respondent has discriminated in price as alleged in paragraph 4 hereof. The discounts above described do not include certain cash and early order discounts likewise allowed by respondent, but said trade discounts are in addition thereto.

PAR. 6. The effect of such discriminations in price as set forth in paragraphs 4 and 5 hereof has been or may be substantially to lessen competition in the line of commerce in which respondent and its competitors are engaged and may be to injure, destroy or prevent competition in the sale and distribution of rubber and canvas footwear between those of respondent's purchasers who receive the benefits of such discriminations and competing purchasers who do not receive the same benefits.

PAR. 7. The foregoing alleged acts and practices of said respondent as set forth herein constitute violations of the provisions of section 2 (a) of the Clayton Act as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act, approved June 19, 1936 (U.S.C. Title 15, sec. 13).

Wherefore, the premises considered, the Federal Trade Commission, on this 28th day of May, A. D. 1943, issues its complaint against said respondent.

**Notice**

Notice is hereby given you, Hood Rubber Company, Inc., a corporation, respondent herein, that the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1943, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon is hereby fixed as the time, and the offices of the Federal Trade Commission in the City of Washington, D. C., as the place, when and where a hearing will be had on the charges set forth in this complaint, at which time and place you will have the right, under said Act, to appear and show cause why an order should not be entered by said Commission requiring you to cease and desist from the violations of the law charged in the complaint.

You are notified and required, on or before the twentieth day after service upon you of this complaint, to file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. If answer is filed and if your appearance at the place and on the date above stated be not required, due notice to that effect will be given you. The rules of Practice adopted by the Commission with respect to answers or failure to appear or answer (Rule IX) provide as follows:

In case of desire to contest the proceeding the respondent shall, within twenty (20) days from the service of the complaint, file with the Commission an

answer to the complaint. Such answer shall contain a concise statement of the facts which constitute the ground of defense. Respondent shall specifically admit or deny or explain each of the facts alleged in the complaint, unless respondent is without knowledge, in which case respondent shall so state.

Failure of the respondent to file answer within the time above provided and failure to appear at the time and place fixed for hearing shall be deemed to authorize the Commission, without further notice to respondent, to proceed in regular course on the charges set forth in the complaint.

If respondent desires to waive hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and not to contest the facts, the answer may consist of a statement that respondent admits all the material allegations of fact charged in the complaint to be true. Respondent by such answer shall be deemed to have waived a hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and to have authorized the Commission, without further evidence, or other intervening procedure, to find such facts to be true.

Contemporaneously with the filing of such answer the respondent may give notice in writing that he desires to be heard on the question as to whether the admitted facts constitute the violation of law charged in the complaint. Pursuant to such notice, the respondent may file a brief, directed solely to that question, in accordance with Rule XXIII.

In witness whereof, the Federal Trade Commission has caused this, its complaint, to be signed by its Secretary, and its official seal to be hereto affixed, at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of May, A. D. 1943.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9400; Filed, June 10, 1943; 11:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4972]

**UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY**

**COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF HEARING**

**Complaint**

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that the party respondent named in the caption hereof, and hereinafter more particularly designated and described, since June 19, 1936, has violated and is now violating the provisions of subsection (a) of section 2 of the Clayton Act (U.S.C.A. Title 15, sec. 13), as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act approved June 19, 1936, hereby issues its complaint against the said respondent, stating its charges as follows:

PARAGRAPH 1. Respondent United States Rubber Company is a Delaware corporation with its principal office and place of business located at 1790 Broadway, New York City.

PAR. 2. Respondent is now and has been for many years last past engaged in the manufacture, sale and distribution of numerous rubber products, including



rubber and canvas footwear. Respondent through its wholly owned subsidiary, United States Rubber Products, Inc., and since said subsidiary's dissolution on January 1, 1939, through its Rubber Footwear Division, is now and has been since June 19, 1936, engaged in the business of manufacturing, selling and distributing rubber and canvas footwear which it sells to jobbers or wholesalers, national retail chain organizations, mail-order houses and other retail customers. Respondent has annual dollar sales of rubber and canvas footwear of approximately \$20,000,000 and it is the largest single factor in the rubber and canvas footwear industry. Respondent has factories located at Naugatuck, Connecticut, and Mishawaka, Indiana, and maintains branches and warehouses functioning as sales agencies in 24 of the principal cities throughout the various states of the United States.

Respondent causes said rubber and canvas footwear, when sold, to be transported from the place of manufacture within said states of Connecticut and Indiana to the purchasers thereof located in states other than the states of Connecticut and Indiana, and there is and has been at all times herein mentioned a continuous current of trade and commerce in said products across state lines between respondent's factories or warehouses and the purchasers of such products. Said products are sold and distributed for use, consumption and resale within the various states of the United States and the District of Columbia.

PAR. 3. In the course and conduct of its business as aforesaid, respondent is now and during the time herein mentioned has been, in substantial competition with other corporations engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling rubber and canvas footwear in commerce between and among the various states of the United States and in the District of Columbia.

Many of respondent's retail customers are competitively engaged with each other and with the customers of the respondent's competitors in the resale of said products within the several trade areas in which the respondent's said customers respectively offer for sale and sell the said products purchased from respondent.

Respondent's first grade rubber footwear is made up of six nationally advertised brands: "United States Rubber Company", "United States Royal", "Goodyear", "Goodyear Glove", and "Topnotch", all manufactured at its Naugatuck factory, its "Ball" brand, manufactured at its Mishawaka factory, and its unadvertised "Titan" and "American" brands and private brands or special specification products privately branded or carrying no brand, all manufactured in its Naugatuck factory. Respondent's nationally advertised brands are sold principally to small retailers, although some of said brands are sold by its branches to department stores and small local chains designated by it as

large retailers. Respondent's "Titan" and "American" brands and private brands or special specification products are sold exclusively to large retail chains and mail-order houses. All of said first grade rubber footwear of respondent, regardless of the various brand names as above described, are of like grade and quality. Department stores and small local chain customers of respondent designated by it as large retailers and mail-order houses and large chain customers designated by it as National Accounts which purchase rubber footwear of respondent under the "Titan" or "American" brands or private brands or no brands resell such products in many parts of the United States in competition with other retail customers of respondent selling respondent's regular advertised brands. Such unadvertised brands or private brands or special specification products are of like grade and quality to respondent's nationally advertised brands above described, which latter products are sold by respondent's small retail customers in competition with said unadvertised brands or private brands or special specification products.

Respondent's second grade rubber footwear is made up of its "Dry Shod" and "Woonsocket" brands sold principally to small retailers and its "Acme" brand sold principally to large retailers or National Accounts. Such second grade rubber footwear regardless of the brand name under which same is sold and regardless of the class or type of retailer to whom such products are sold is of like grade and quality and the various classes of respondent's customer purchasers resell said products in competition with each other in many parts of the United States.

Respondent's first grade canvas footwear is made up of its "Kedettes" brand, "United States Sport Shoes" brand, both of which are sold principally to small retailers, "Grips" and "Keds" brands sold both to small retailers and to department stores and small chain organizations designated by respondent as large retailers, and private brands or special specification products sold to large chain organizations and mail-order houses designated by respondent as National Accounts. Such first grade canvas footwear regardless of the brand name under which same is sold and regardless of the class or type of retailer to whom such products are sold, is of like grade and quality and the various classes of respondent's customer purchasers resell said products in competition with each other in various parts of the United States.

Respondent's second grade canvas footwear is made up of its "Sprinter's" brand sold principally to small retailers and to department stores and small chain organizations designated by it as large retailers, and its "Crusader" brand sold both to small and large retailers and to National Accounts. Such second grade canvas footwear regardless of the brand name under which same is sold and regardless of the class or type of retailer

to whom such products are sold, is of like grade and quality and the various classes of respondent's customer purchasers resell said product in competition with each other in various parts of the United States.

PAR. 4. Respondent in the course and conduct of its business as hereinbefore set forth has been since June 19, 1936, and now is, discriminating in price between different purchasers of its rubber and canvas footwear of like grade and quality to other of its customers who are competitively engaged one with the other in the resale of said products within the United States.

PAR. 5. The discrimination in price referred to in Paragraph Four hereof have been effectuated through the use by respondent in its pricing plan of a schedule of discounts from list prices described in general terms as follows:

Discounts allowed small retailers by respondent on sales of its advertised brands of both first and second grade rubber and canvas footwear are:

	Branch sales and shipments	Branch sales shipped by factory	
		Stock	Make-up
On single shipments of:			
(1) Less than 144 pairs....	None	None	None
(2) 144-479 pairs.....	3%	3%	3%
(3) 480 pairs or more.....	3%	3%	8%

Thus a differential of 3% is allowed on single shipments in excess of 144 pairs packed in standard case lots and an extra 5% differential for make-up orders if shipped in lots of 480 pairs or more. "Make-up" orders are those placed far enough in advance to allow for orderly manufacture and shipment from factory to customer.

Discounts allowed department stores and local chain organizations designated as large retailers for the same advertised brands of first-grade rubber and canvas footwear are:

	Branch sales and shipments—stock	Branch sales shipped by factory		Factory sales and shipments	
		Stock	Make-up	Stock	Make-up
On single shipments of:					
(1) Less than 144 pairs....	0	0	0	0	0
(2) 144-479 pairs.....	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
(3) 480 pairs or more.....	3%	3%	13%	3%	13%

To the extent, if any, that such large retailers purchase second grade rubber and canvas footwear they are allowed by respondents the same discounts as allowed them on first-grade products.

Discounts allowed by respondent to its National Accounts on its unadvertised brands and no brand and special specification rubber and canvas footwear, all of which are first grade products of like grade and quality to its first grade advertised brands, are:



	Factory sales and shipments	
	Stock	Make-up
First grade waterproof and canvas on individual shipments in standard case lots of a kind, regardless of quantity, whether more or less than 144 pairs.....	18% and 5%	18% and 5%

Discounts allowed by respondent to its National Accounts on its second grade rubber and canvas footwear are:

	Factory sales and shipments	
	Stock	Make-up
Second grade waterproof and canvas footwear		
On individual shipments in standard case lots of a kind, regardless of quantity, whether more or less than 144 pairs.....	17.7%	17.7%

The discounts from list prices above described in general terms are more fully set forth in respondent's Sales Policies for the year 1937, which were published and circulated by respondent to its retail trade in various general letters under, among others, the following titles:

Water Proof Footwear—1937 Season;  
Rubber Footwear—1937 Season (Woonsocket Brand);  
Rubber Footwear—1937 Season (Dry Shoe Brand);  
Revision—Keds Sales Policy;  
Revision—Grips Sales Policy;  
Crusaders—Revised Prices Quantity Discount.

Respondent's discounts to its National Accounts, above described were not circulated in the form of published sales policies.

The pricing policies of respondent as above described in general terms and as more particularly described in respondent's published sales policies above referred to, have been continued in force by respondent with minor variations to date and such discounts as therein described and/or as later modified constitute the means by which respondent has been and now is discriminating in price as alleged in paragraph 4 hereof.

The discounts above described do not include certain cash and early order discounts likewise allowed by respondent but said discounts are in addition thereto.

PAR. 6. The effect of such discriminations in price as set forth in paragraphs 4 and 5 hereof has been or may be substantially to lessen competition in the line of commerce in which respondent and its competitors are engaged and may be to injure, destroy or prevent competition in the sale and distribution of rubber and canvas footwear between those of respondent's purchasers who receive the benefits of such discriminations and competing purchasers who do not receive the same benefits.

PAR. 7. The foregoing alleged acts and practices of said respondent as set forth herein constitute violations of the provisions of section 2 (a) of the Clayton Act as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act, approved June 19, 1936 (U. S. C. Title 15, sec. 13).

Wherefore, the premises considered, the Federal Trade Commission, on this 28th day of May, A. D., 1943, issues its complaint against said respondent.

#### Notice

Notice is hereby given you, United States Rubber Company, a corporation, respondent herein, that the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1943, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, is hereby fixed as the time, and the offices of the Federal Trade Commission in the City of Washington, D. C., as the place, when and where a hearing will be had on the charges set forth in this complaint, at which time and place you will have the right, under said Act, to appear and show cause why an order should not be entered by said Commission requiring you to cease and desist from the violations of the law charged in the complaint.

You are notified and required, on or before the twentieth day after service upon you of this complaint, to file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. If answer is filed and if your appearance at the place and on the date above stated be not required, due notice to that effect will be given you. The rules of practice adopted by the Commission with respect to answers or failure to appear or answer (Rule IX) provide as follows:

In case of desire to contest the proceeding the respondent shall, within twenty (20) days from the service of the complaint, file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. Such answer shall contain a concise statement of the facts which constitute the ground of defense. Respondent shall specifically admit or deny or explain each of the facts alleged in the complaint, unless respondent is without knowledge, in which case respondent shall so state.

Failure of the respondent to file answer within the time above provided and failure to appear at the time and place fixed for hearing shall be deemed to authorize the Commission, without further notice to respondent, to proceed in regular course on the charges set forth in the complaint.

If respondent desires to waive hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and not to contest the facts, the answer may consist of a statement that respondent admits all the material allegations of fact charged in the complaint to be true. Respondent by such answer shall be deemed to have waived a hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and to have authorized the Commission, without further evidence, or other intervening procedure, to find such facts to be true.

Contemporaneously with the filing of such answer the respondent may give notice in writing that he desires to be heard on the question as to whether the admitted facts constitute the violation of law charged in the complaint. Pursuant to such notice, the respondent may

file a brief, directed solely to that question, in accordance with Rule XXIII.

In witness whereof, the Federal Trade Commission has caused this, its complaint, to be signed by its Secretary, and its official seal to be hereto affixed, at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of May, A. D. 1943.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9401; Filed, June 10, 1943;  
11:52 a. m.]

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File No. 59-12]

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO., ET AL.

#### ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1943.

In the matter of Electric Bond and Share Company, American Power & Light Company, Pacific Power & Light Company, Electric Power & Light Corporation, Utah Power & Light Company, National Power & Light Company, American & Foreign Power Company, Inc., and Ebasco Services Incorporated, respondents.

The Commission having by its order dated May 18, 1943 directed that the above-entitled proceedings be reconvened for the purpose of determining certain issues under section 11 (b) (2) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 with respect to the relationship of Electric Bond and Share Company to American Gas and Electric Company and American & Foreign Power Company, Inc. and their respective subsidiary companies, and for other purposes, and having ordered that hearings thereon be held commencing on June 9, 1943, at 10:30 a. m., e. w. t., at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and

Counsel for Electric Bond and Share Company having requested that such hearings be postponed, and it appearing appropriate to the Commission that such request be granted;

It is ordered, That the hearings in the above matter previously scheduled for June 9, 1943 be, and the same hereby are, postponed to June 30, 1943 at the same time and place heretofore designated.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9384; Filed, June 9, 1943;  
12:38 p. m.]

[File No. 70-711]

NEW ENGLAND POWER ASSN., ET AL.

#### ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its



office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 7th day of June 1943.

In the matter of New England Power Association, Gloucester Electric Company, and North Boston Lighting Properties.

New England Power Association, a registered holding company, North Boston Lighting Properties, a subsidiary holding company of New England Power Association, and Gloucester Electric Company, a subsidiary company of North Boston Lighting Properties, having filed an application and declaration and amendments thereto pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly sections 6, 10 and 12 thereof, and Rules U-42, U-43, U-44 and U-50 promulgated thereunder, with respect to the following proposed transactions:

Gloucester Electric Company will issue and sell for cash 6,400 shares of additional capital stock (par value \$25 each) at a price of \$50 per share. Said shares will be offered to the stockholders of Gloucester Electric Company proportionately to their then holdings and warrants will be issued to stockholders indicating the number of shares or fractions of shares to which each stockholder is entitled but no fractional shares will be issued. Warrants will be mailed on June 10, 1943 and holders thereof will be allowed until 3:00 p. m., E. W. T. on June 30, 1943 to exercise their subscription rights. The proceeds from the sale are to be used by Gloucester Electric Company to pay its indebtedness of \$320,000 to North Boston Lighting Properties evidenced by promissory notes due July 30, 1943 and bearing interest at the rate of 3% per annum. The Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities has approved the issue of said subscription rights, the issue of

said shares at \$50 per share and the application of the proceeds by Gloucester Electric Company, and has ordered that if any shares remain unsubscribed for by the stockholders entitled to take them, all such shares shall be offered for sale at public auction.

North Boston Lighting Properties owning approximately 93.8% of the outstanding capital stock of Gloucester Electric Company will be entitled to receive warrants to subscribe for 6,001 full shares and 3,109/5,131sts fractional shares and proposes to exercise its rights to subscribe to such stock and to acquire sufficient additional fractional warrants which will entitle it to subscribe to a full share. North Boston Lighting Properties will, subject to the approval of the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities to the sale, purchase from Gloucester Electric Company all shares not subscribed for by other stockholders or, alternatively, will bid \$50 per share for all unsubscribed shares if sold at public auction.

New England Power Association, in accordance with the terms of the bank credit letter agreement securing \$13,000,000 principal amount of 2½% notes of North Boston Lighting Properties, due October 1, 1947, will cause all shares of Gloucester Electric Company acquired by North Boston Lighting Properties to be pledged under said letter agreement together with such amount of cash as may be necessary to obtain the release of the aforesaid promissory notes of Gloucester Electric Company in the face amount of \$320,000 now pledged under said letter agreement. The amount of cash necessary to be pledged will be the difference between \$320,000 face amount of notes to be released and the cost of the additional shares pledged. The

amount of cash necessary will not exceed \$19,950; and

Said application and declaration having been filed on May 1, 1943, and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said Act, and the last amendment thereto having been filed on June 2, 1943, and the applicants having requested acceleration of the Commission's action, and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said application and declaration within the period prescribed in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding that the requirements of section 6, 10 and 12 of the Act and Rules U-42, U-43, U-44 and U-50 of the Commission are satisfied, and that no adverse findings are necessary thereunder; and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interests of investors and consumers to grant said application, as amended, and to permit said declaration, as amended, to become effective;

*It is hereby ordered*, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of said Act and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24 that the aforesaid application as amended, be and hereby is granted forthwith and that the aforesaid declaration, as amended, be and is hereby permitted to become effective forthwith.

By the Commission. (Commissioner Healy dissenting for the reasons set forth in his memorandum of April 1, 1940).

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-9385; Filed, June 9, 1943; 12:38 p. m.]